



TheGreenBow IPsec VPN Client Configuration Guide

Juniper SRX100

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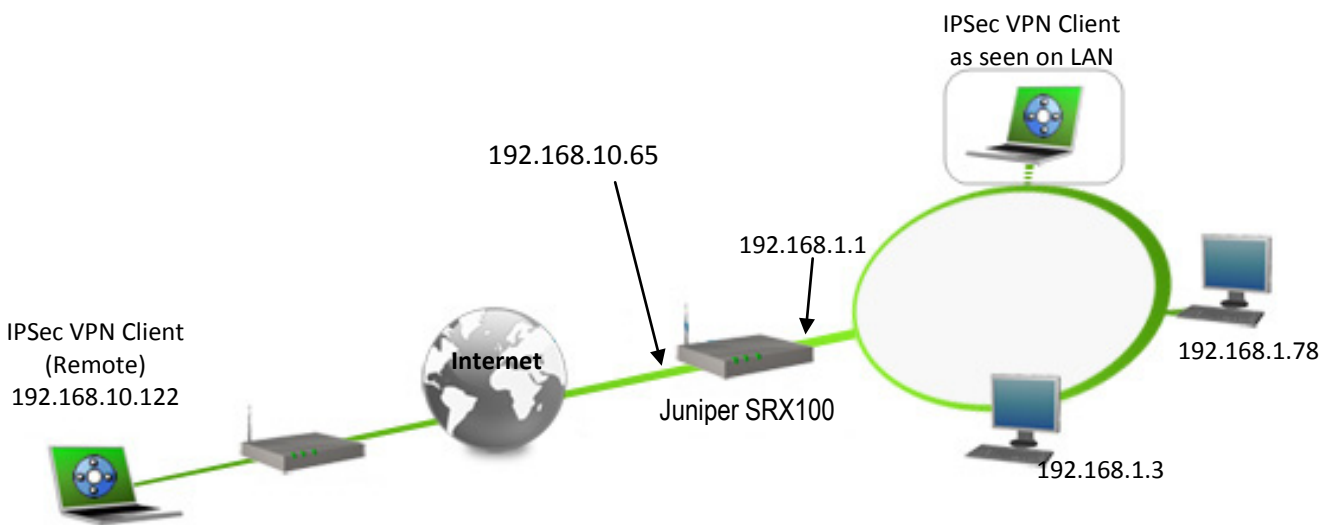
1 Introduction

1.1 Goal of this document

This configuration guide describes how to configure TheGreenBow IPsec VPN Client software with a Juniper SRX100 firewall to establish VPN connections for remote access to corporate network

1.2 VPN Network topology

In our VPN network example (diagram hereafter), we will connect TheGreenBow IPsec VPN Client software to the LAN behind the Juniper SRX100 firewall. The VPN client is connected to the Internet with a DSL connection or through a LAN. All the addresses in this document are given for example purpose.



1.3 Juniper SRX100 Firewall

Our tests and VPN configuration have been conducted with Juniper SRX100 firmware release 9.6R1.13

1.4 Juniper SRX100 Firewall product info

It is critical that users find all necessary information about Juniper SRX100 firewall. All product info, User Guide and knowledge base for the Juniper SRX100 firewall can be found on the juniper website: <http://www.juniper.net/us/en/products-services/security/srx-series/>

Juniper SRX100 Product page	http://www.juniper.net/us/en/products-services/security/srx-series/srx100/
Juniper SRX100 User Guide	http://kb.juniper.net/index?page=content&id=KB10128
Juniper SRX100 FAQ/Knowledge Base	http://www.juniper.net/customers/support/products/srx100.jsp

2 Juniper SRX100 VPN configuration

This section describes how to build an IPSec VPN configuration with your Juniper SRX100 Firewall.

Once connected to your Juniper SRX100 firewall by CLI:

2.1 Create Phase1

```
root@SRX100# set security ike proposal p1 authentication-method pre-shared-keys
root@SRX100# set security ike proposal p1 dh-group group2
root@SRX100# set security ike proposal p1 authentication-algorithm sha1
root@SRX100# set security ike proposal p1 encryption-algorithm 3des-cbc
root@SRX100# set security ike policy ike-policy-1 mode main
root@SRX100# set security ike policy ike-policy-1 proposals p1
root@SRX100# set security ike policy ike-policy-1 pre-shared-key ascii-text 0123456789
root@SRX100# set security ike gateway gw1 address 192.168.10.122
root@SRX100# set security ike gateway gw1 external-interface fe-0/0/3.0
root@SRX100# set security ike gateway gw1 ike-policy ike-policy-1
```

2.2 Create Phase2

```
root@SRX100# set security ipsec proposal p2 protocol esp
root@SRX100# set security ipsec proposal p2 authentication-algorithm hmac-sha1-96
root@SRX100# set security ipsec proposal p2 encryption-algorithm 3des-cbc
root@SRX100# set security ipsec policy vpn-policy1 proposals p2
root@SRX100# set security ipsec vpn ike-vpn ike gateway gw1
root@SRX100# set security ipsec policy vpn-policy1 perfect-forward-secrecy keys group2
root@SRX100# set security ipsec vpn ike-vpn ike ipsec-policy vpn-policy1
```

2.3 Create address

```
root@SRX100# set security zones security-zone trust address-book address local_net 192.168.1.0/24
root@SRX100# set security zones security-zone untrust address-book address remote_net 192.168.10.122/32
```

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2.4 Create VPN Policies

```
root@SRX100# set security policies from-zone trust to-zone untrust policy
vpn1 match source-address local_net destination-address remote_net
application any

root@SRX100# set security policies from-zone trust to-zone untrust policy
vpn1 then permit tunnel ipsec-vpn ike-vpn

root@SRX100# set security policies from-zone untrust to-zone trust policy
vpn2 match source-address remote_net destination-address local_net
application any

root@SRX100# set security policies from-zone untrust to-zone trust policy
vpn2 then permit tunnel ipsec-vpn ike-vpn
```

2.5 Open IKE service of external interface

Open IKE service of external interface:

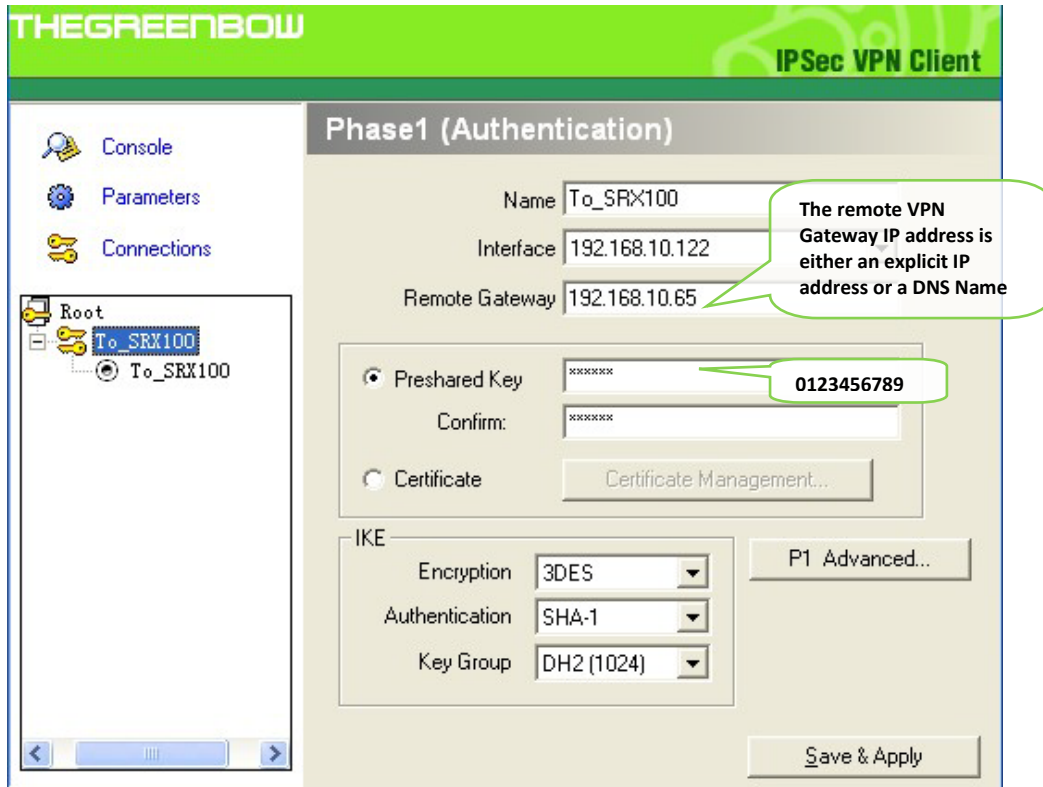
```
root@SRX100# set security zones security-zone untrust interfaces fe-0/0/3
host-inbound-traffic system-services ike
```

3 TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client configuration

This section describes the required configuration to connect to a Juniper SRX100 VPN connections.

To download the latest release of TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client software, please go to http://www.thegreenbow.com/vpn_down.html.

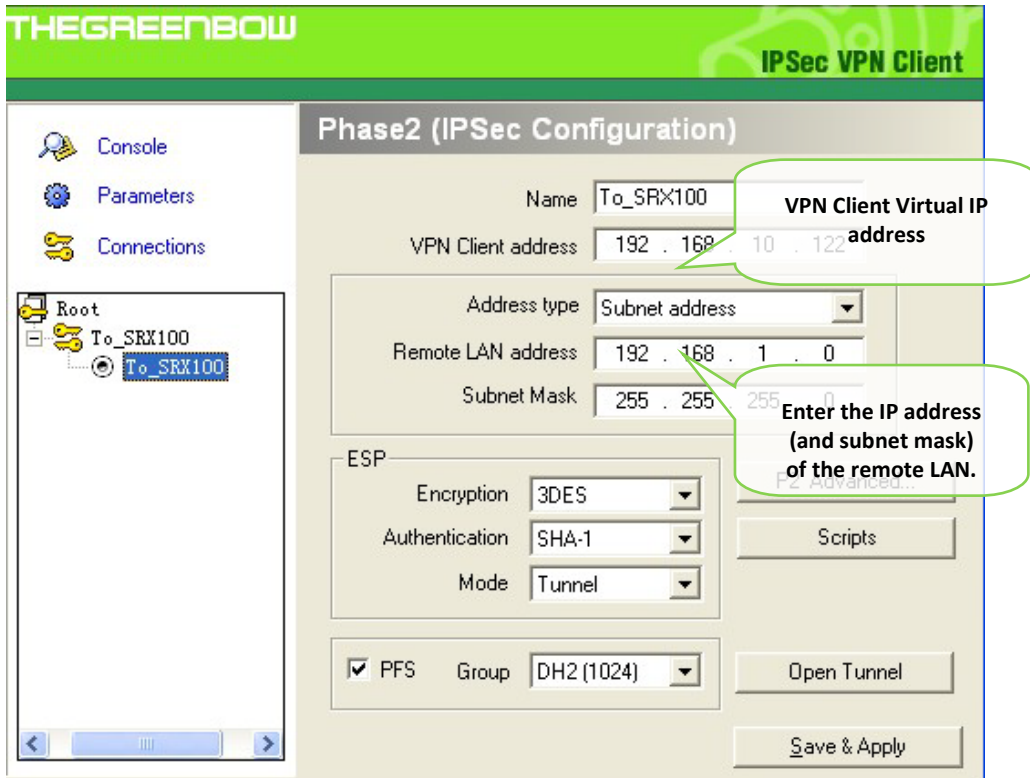
3.1 VPN Client Phase 1 (IKE) Configuration



Phase 1 configuration

You may use either Preshared key, Certificates, USB Tokens, OTP Token (One Time Password) or X-Auth combined with RADIUS Server for User Authentication with the Juniper SRX100 firewall. This configuration is one example of what can be accomplished in term of User Authentication. You may want to refer to either the Juniper SRX100 firewall user guide or TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client software User Guide for more details on User Authentication options.

3.2 VPN Client Phase 2 (IPSec) Configuration



Phase 2 Configuration

3.3 Open IPsec VPN tunnels

Once both Juniper SRX100 firewall and TheGreenBow IPsec VPN Client software have been configured accordingly, you are ready to open VPN tunnels. First make sure you enable your firewall with IPsec traffic.

1. Click on **"Save & Apply"** to take into account all modifications we've made on your VPN Client configuration
2. Click on **"Open Tunnel"**, or generate traffic that will automatically open a secure IPsec VPN Tunnel (e.g. ping, IE browser)
3. Select **"Connections"** to see opened VPN Tunnels
4. Select **"Console"** if you want to access to the IPsec VPN logs and adjust filters to display less IPsec messaging. The following example shows a successful connection between TheGreenBow IPsec VPN Client and a Juniper SRX100 VPN router.

```

20090630 104525 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID]
20090630 104525 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID]
20090630 104526 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY_EXCH] [NONCE] [NAT_D] [NAT_D]
20090630 104526 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY_EXCH] [NONCE] [NAT_D] [NAT_D]
20090630 104526 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [HASH] [ID] [NOTIFY]
20090630 104526 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [HASH] [ID]
20090630 104526 Default phase 1 done: initiator id 192.168.205.151, responder id mygateway.dyndns.org
20090630 104526 Default (SA Gateway2-Tunnel3-P2) SEND phase 2 Quick Mode [HASH] [SA] [KEY_EXCH] [NONCE] [ID] [ID]
20090630 104527 Default (SA Gateway2-Tunnel3-P2) RECV phase 2 Quick Mode [HASH] [SA] [KEY_EXCH] [NONCE] [ID] [ID]
20090630 104527 Default (SA Gateway2-Tunnel3-P2) SEND phase 2 Quick Mode [HASH]
20090630 104555 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) SEND Informational [HASH] [NOTIFY] type DPD_R_U_THERE
20090630 104555 Default (SA Gateway2-P1) RECV Informational [HASH] [NOTIFY] type DPD_R_U_THERE_ACK
    
```

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4 Tools in case of trouble

Configuring an IPSec VPN tunnel can be a hard task. One missing parameter can prevent a VPN connection from being established. Some tools are available to find source of troubles during a VPN establishment.

4.1 A good network analyser: Wireshark

Wireshark is a free software that can be used for packet and traffic analysis. It shows IP or TCP packets received on a network card. This tool is available on website <http://www.wireshark.org>. It can be used to follow protocol exchange between two devices. For installation and use details, read its specific documentation (<http://www.wireshark.org/docs/>).

No. .	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
2	0.153567	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
3	0.205363	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
4	0.257505	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
5	0.300882	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
6	0.310186	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
7	0.313742	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
8	0.321913	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
9	0.323741	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
10	0.334980	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
11	0.691160	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ESP	ESP (SPI=0x919bfabc)
12	1.692568	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ESP	ESP (SPI=0x919bfabc)
13	1.693164	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	ESP	ESP (SPI=0x53a5925e)
14	2.693600	192.168.1.3	192.168.1.2	ESP	ESP (SPI=0x919bfabc)
15	2.694026	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.3	ESP	ESP (SPI=0x53a5925e)

Frame 1 (142 bytes on wire, 142 bytes captured)
 Ethernet II, Src: 00:50:04:ad:f2:73, Dst: 00:10:b5:07:2f:ff

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5 VPN IPSec Troubleshooting

5.1 « PAYLOAD MALFORMED » error (wrong Phase 1 [SA])

```

114920 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
114920 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [NOTIFY]
114920 Default exchange_run: exchange_validate failed
114920 Default dropped message from 195.100.205.114 port 500 due to notification
type PAYLOAD_MALFORMED
114920 Default SEND Informational [NOTIFY] with PAYLOAD_MALFORMED error

```

If you have an « PAYLOAD MALFORMED » error you might have a wrong Phase 1 [SA], check if the encryption algorithms are the same on each side of the VPN tunnel.

5.2 « INVALID COOKIE » error

```

115933 Default message_recv: invalid cookie(s) 5918ca0c2634288f 7364e3e486e49105
115933 Default dropped message from 195.100.205.114 port 500 due to notification
type INVALID_COOKIE
115933 Default SEND Informational [NOTIFY] with INVALID_COOKIE error

```

If you have an « INVALID COOKIE » error, it means that one of the endpoint is using a SA that is no more in use. Reset the VPN connection on each side.

5.3 « no keystate » error

```

115315 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
115317 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
115317 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
115319 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
115319 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
115319 Default ipsec_get_keystate: no keystate in ISAKMP SA 00B57C50

```

Check if the preshared key is correct or if the local ID is correct (see « Advanced » button). You should have more information in the remote endpoint logs.

5.4 « received remote ID other than expected » error

```

120348 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
120349 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
120349 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
120351 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
120351 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
120351 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
120351 Default ike_phase_1_recv_ID: received remote ID other than expected
support@thegreenbow.fr

```

The « Remote ID » value (see « Advanced » Button) does not match what the remote endpoint is expected.

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5.5 « NO PROPOSAL CHOSEN » error

```

115911 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID]
115913 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID]
115913 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY] [NONCE]
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY] [NONCE]
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID] [HASH] [NOTIFY]
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [ID] [HASH] [NOTIFY]
115915 Default phase 1 done: initiator id c364cd70: 195.100.205.112, responder id
c364cd72: 195.100.205.114, src: 195.100.205.112 dst: 195.100.205.114
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-CNXVPN1-P2) SEND phase 2 Quick Mode
[SA] [KEY] [ID] [HASH] [NONCE]
115915 Default RECV Informational [HASH] [NOTIFY] with NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN error
115915 Default RECV Informational [HASH] [DEL]
115915 Default CNXVPN1-P1 deleted

```

If you have an « NO PROPOSAL CHOSEN » error, check that the « Phase 2 » encryption algorithms are the same on each side of the VPN Tunnel.

Check « Phase 1 » algorithms if you have this:

```

115911 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID]
115911 Default RECV Informational [NOTIFY] with NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN error

```

5.6 « INVALID ID INFORMATION » error

```

122623 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID]
122625 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID]
122625 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY] [NONCE]
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY] [NONCE]
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID] [HASH] [NOTIFY]
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [ID] [HASH] [NOTIFY]
122626 Default phase 1 done: initiator id c364cd70: 195.100.205.112, responder id
c364cd72: 195.100.205.114, src: 195.100.205.112 dst: 195.100.205.114
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-CNXVPN1-P2) SEND phase 2 Quick Mode
[SA] [KEY] [ID] [HASH] [NONCE]
122626 Default RECV Informational [HASH] [NOTIFY] with INVALID_ID_INFORMATION error
122626 Default RECV Informational [HASH] [DEL]
122626 Default CNXVPN1-P1 deleted

```

If you have an « INVALID ID INFORMATION » error, check if « Phase 2 » ID (local address and network address) is correct and match what is expected by the remote endpoint.

Check also ID type (“Subnet address” and “Single address”). If network mask is not check, you are using a IPV4_ADDR type (and not a IPV4_SUBNET type).

5.7 I clicked on “Open tunnel”, but nothing happens.

Read logs of each VPN tunnel endpoint. IKE requests can be dropped by firewalls. An IPSec Client uses UDP port 500 and protocol ESP (protocol 50).

5.8 The VPN tunnel is up but I can't ping !

If the VPN tunnel is up, but you still cannot ping the remote LAN, here are a few guidelines:

- Check Phase 2 settings: VPN Client address and Remote LAN address. Usually, VPN Client IP address should not belong to the remote LAN subnet
- Once VPN tunnel is up, packets are sent with ESP protocol. This protocol can be blocked by firewall. Check that every device between the client and the VPN server does accept ESP
- Check your VPN server logs. Packets can be dropped by one of its firewall rules.
- Check your ISP support ESP

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- If you still cannot ping, follow ICMP traffic on VPN server LAN interface and on LAN computer interface (with Wireshark for example). You will have an indication that encryption works.
- Check the “default gateway” value in VPN Server LAN. A target on your remote LAN can receive pings but does not answer because there is a no “Default gateway” setting.
- You cannot access to the computers in the LAN by their name. You must specify their IP address inside the LAN.
- We recommend you to install Wireshark (<http://www.wireshark.org>) on one of your target computer. You can check that your pings arrive inside the LAN.

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6 Contacts

News and updates on TheGreenBow web site: <http://www.thegreenbow.com>

Technical support by email at support@thegreenbow.com

Sales contacts by email at sales@thegreenbow.com

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