

TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client

Configuration Guide

Cisco 1721 router

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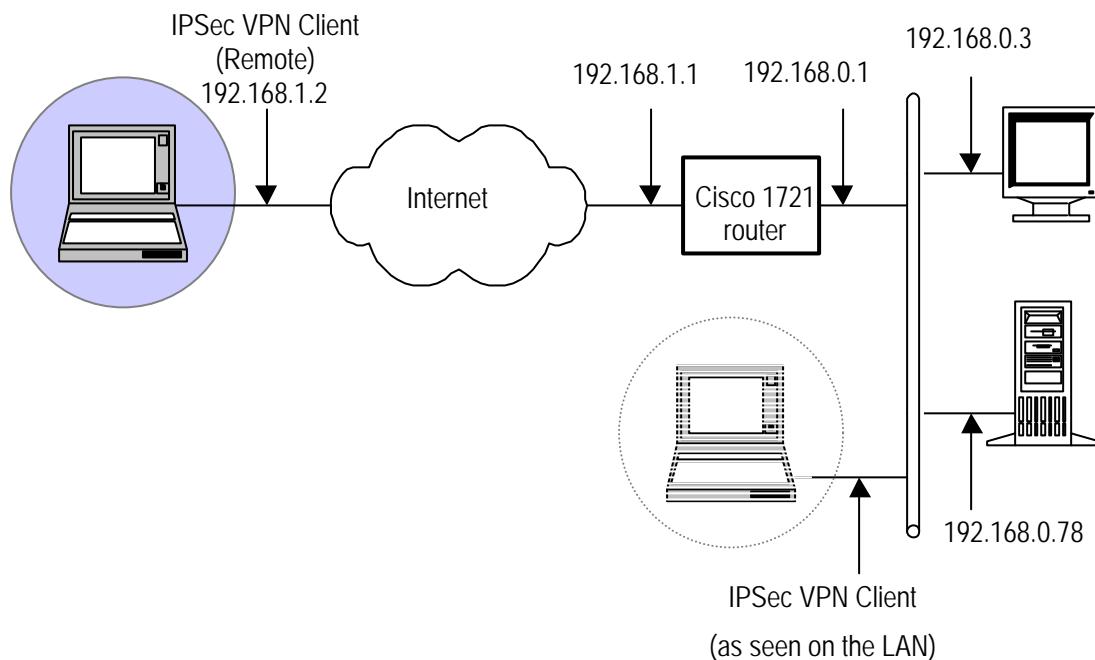
1 Introduction

1.1 Goal of this document

This configuration guide describes how to configure TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client with a Cisco 1721 router.

1.2 VPN Network topology

In our VPN network example (diagram hereafter), we will connect TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client to the LAN behind the Cisco 1721 router. The VPN client is connected to the Internet with a DSL connection or through a LAN. All the addresses in this document are given for example purpose.



1.3 Cisco 1721

Our tests and VPN configuration have been conducted with Cisco 1721 firmware release version 12.3(8)T6

1.4 Cisco 1721 VPN Gateway product info

It is critical that users find all necessary information about Cisco 1721 VPN Gateway. All product info, User Guide and knowledge base for the Cisco 1721 VPN Gateway can be found on the Cisco website: www.cisco.com

- Cisco 1721 Product page <http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/routers/ps221/index.html>
- Cisco 1721 User Guide: http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/cc/pd/rt/1700/prodlt/1721d_ds.pdf
- Cisco 1721 KBase: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/routers/ps221/prod_literature.html

Doc.Ref	tgbvpn_cg_Cisco1721_en
Doc.version	3.0 – Apr 2008
VPN version	4.x

2 Cisco 1721 Router VPN configuration

This section describes how to build an IPSec VPN configuration with your Cisco 1721 router.

Please refer to the following profile

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1533 bytes

```
!
version 12.3
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname Router
!
!
crypto isakmp policy 1
authentication pre-share
lifetime 28800
crypto isakmp key 123456 address 192.168.1.2
!
!
crypto ipsec transform-set rtpset esp-des esp-md5-hmac
!
crypto map rtp 10 ipsec-isakmp
set peer 192.168.1.2
set transform-set rtpset
match address 115
!
!
interface Ethernet0
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
ip nat outside
ip virtual-reassembly
half-duplex
crypto map rtp
```

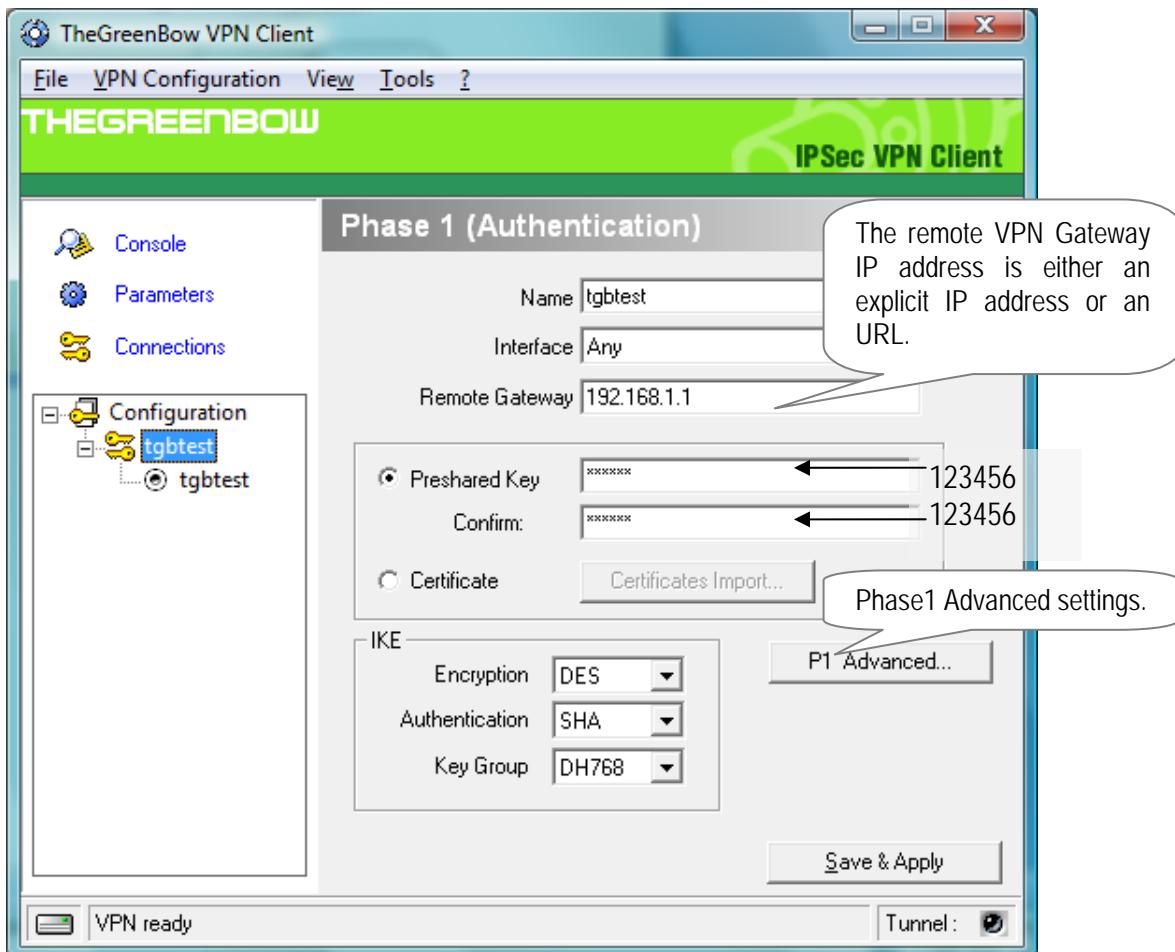
```
!  
interface Ethernet1  
ip address 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0  
ip nat inside  
ip virtual-reassembly  
half-duplex  
!  
!  
ip classless  
no ip http server  
no ip http secure-server  
ip nat pool INTERNET 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.1 netmask 255.255.255.0  
ip nat inside source route-map nonat pool INTERNET  
!  
!  
access-list 101 deny ip 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255  
access-list 101 permit ip 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 any  
access-list 115 permit ip 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255  
access-list 115 deny ip 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 any  
!  
route-map nonat permit 10  
match ip address 101  
!  
!  
control-plane  
!  
!  
line con 0  
line aux 0  
line vty 0 4  
!  
end
```

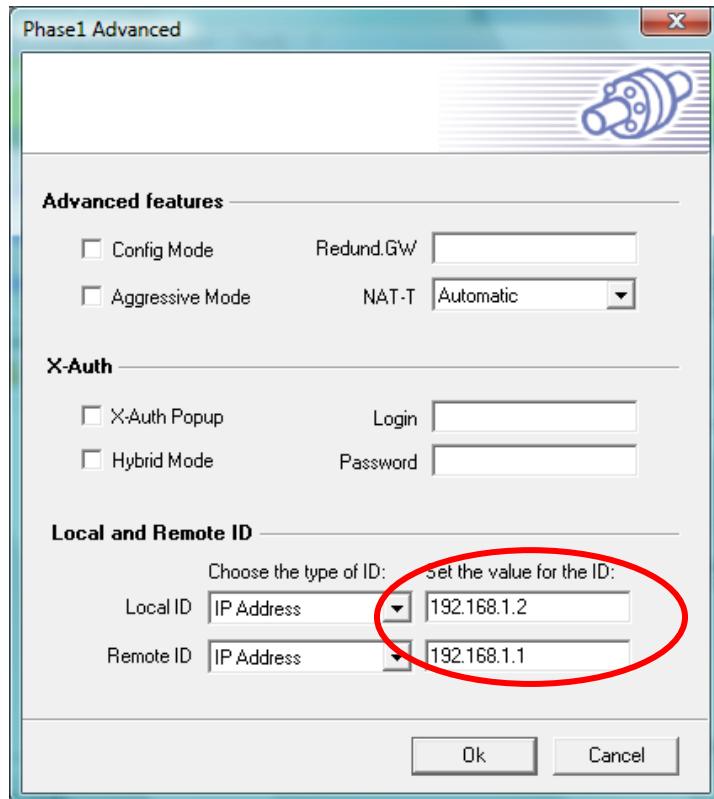
3 TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client configuration

This section describes the required configuration to connect to a Cisco 1721 VPN router.

To download the latest release of TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client software, please go to http://www.thegreenbow.com/vpn_down.html.

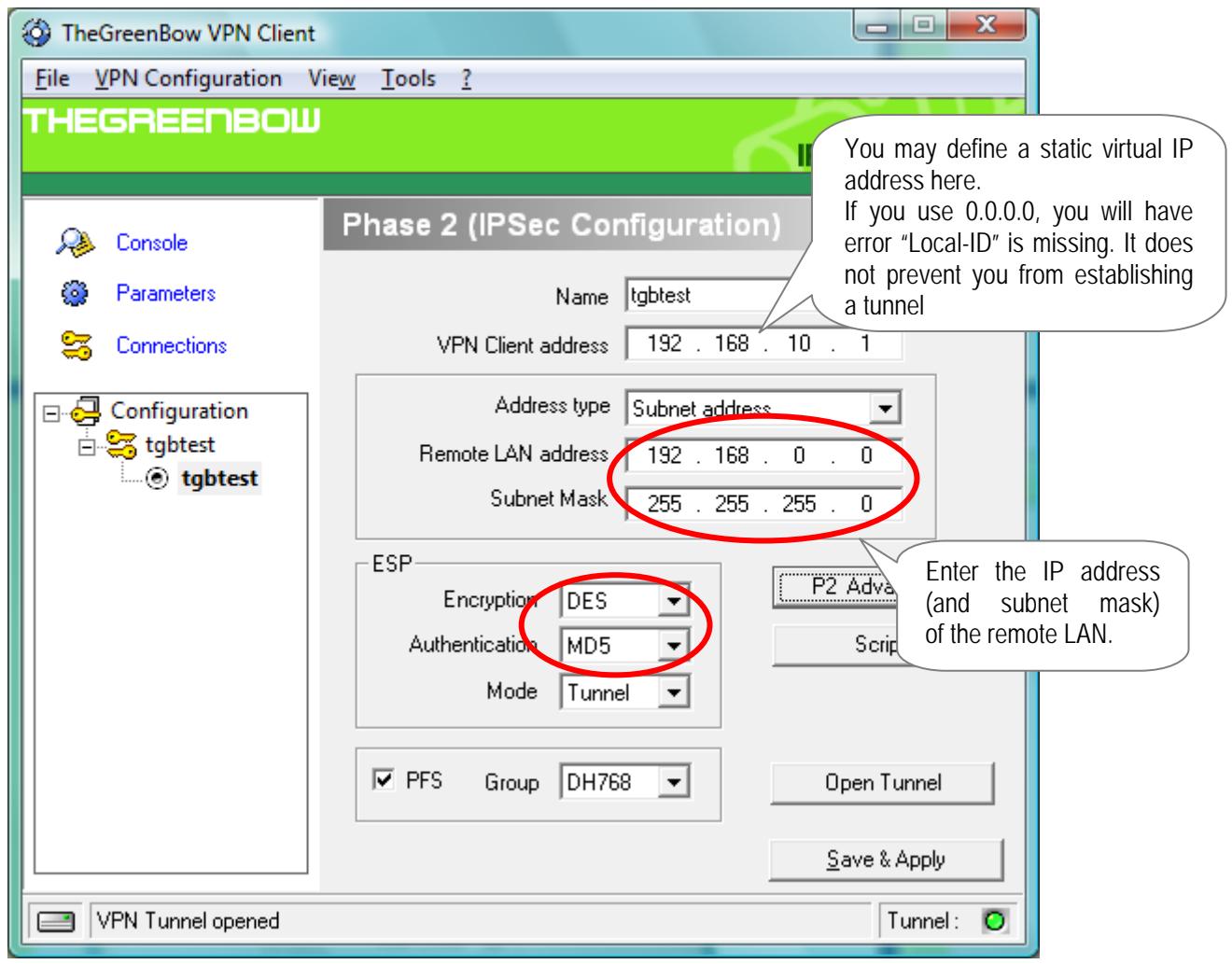
3.1 VPN Client Phase 1 (IKE) Configuration





Phase 1 configuration

3.2 VPN Client Phase 2 (IPSec) Configuration



Phase 2 Configuration

3.3 Open IPSec VPN tunnels

Once both Cisco 1721 router and TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client have been configured accordingly, you are ready to open VPN tunnels. First make sure you enable your firewall with IPSec traffic.

1. Click on "Save & Apply" to take into account all modifications we've made on your VPN Client configuration
2. Click on "Open Tunnel", or generate traffic that will automatically open a secure IPSec VPN Tunnel (e.g. ping, IE browser)
3. Select "Connections" to see opened VPN Tunnels
4. Select "Console" if you want to access to the IPSec VPN logs and adjust filters to display less IPSec messaging. The following example shows a successful connection between TheGreenBow IPSec VPN Client and a Cisco 1721 router.

Doc.Ref	tgbvpn_cg_Cisco1721_en
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No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
2	0.002537	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
3	0.027169	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
4	0.489477	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
5	0.517998	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
6	1.063896	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Identity Protection (Main Mode)
7	1.066122	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
8	1.071811	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
9	1.072777	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
10	5.105201	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
11	5.105683	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
12	10.105373	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
13	10.105846	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
14	15.105090	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.2	ISAKMP	Quick Mode
15	15.105553	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.1	ISAKMP	Quick Mode

Frame 1 (202 bytes on wire, 202 bytes captured)
 Ethernet II, Src: 00:13:8f:b9:7e:df (00:13:8f:b9:7e:df), Dst: 00:c0:02:ed:ed:ee (00:c0:02:ed:ed:ee)
 Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.1.2 (192.168.1.2), Dst: 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1)
 User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 500 (500), Dst Port: 500 (500)
 Internet Security Association and Key Management Protocol

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VPN version	4.x

4 Tools in case of trouble

Configuring an IPSec VPN tunnel can be a hard task. One missing parameter can prevent a VPN connection from being established. Some tools are available to find source of troubles during a VPN establishment.

4.1 A good network analyser: Wireshark

Wireshark is a free software that can be used for packet and traffic analysis. It shows IP or TCP packets received on a network card. This tool is available on website <http://www.wireshark.org>. It can be used to follow protocol exchange between two devices. For installation and use details, read its specific documentation (<http://www.wireshark.org/docs/>).

5 VPN IPSec Troubleshooting

5.1 « PAYLOAD MALFORMED » error (wrong Phase 1 [SA])

```
114920 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
114920 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [NOTIFY]
114920 Default exchange_run: exchange_validate failed
114920 Default dropped message from 195.100.205.114 port 500 due to notification
type PAYLOAD_MALFORMED
114920 Default SEND Informational [NOTIFY] with PAYLOAD_MALFORMED error
```

If you have an « PAYLOAD MALFORMED » error you might have a wrong Phase 1 [SA], check if the encryption algorithms are the same on each side of the VPN tunnel.

5.2 « INVALID COOKIE » error

```
115933 Default message_recv: invalid cookie(s) 5918ca0c2634288f 7364e3e486e49105
115933 Default dropped message from 195.100.205.114 port 500 due to notification
type INVALID_COOKIE
115933 Default SEND Informational [NOTIFY] with INVALID_COOKIE error
```

If you have an « INVALID COOKIE » error, it means that one of the endpoint is using a SA that is no more in use. Reset the VPN connection on each side.

5.3 « no keystate » error

```
115315 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
115317 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
115317 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
115319 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
115319 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
115319 Default ipsec_get_keystate: no keystate in ISAKMP SA 00B57C50
```

Check if the preshared key is correct or if the local ID is correct (see « Advanced » button). You should have more information in the remote endpoint logs.

5.4 « received remote ID other than expected » error

```
120348 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
120349 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
120349 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
120351 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
120351 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
120351 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
120351 Default ike_phase_1_recv_ID: received remote ID other than
expected support@thegreenbow.fr
```

The « Remote ID » value (see « Advanced » Button) does not match what the remote endpoint is expected.

5.5 « NO PROPOSAL CHOSEN » error

```

115911 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
115913 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
115913 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
115915 Default phase 1 done: initiator id c364cd70: 195.100.205.112, responder id
c364cd72: 195.100.205.114, src: 195.100.205.112 dst: 195.100.205.114
115915 Default (SA CNXVPN1-CNXVPN1-P2) SEND phase 2 Quick Mode
[SA][KEY][ID][HASH][NONCE]
115915 Default RECV Informational [HASH][NOTIFY] with NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN error
115915 Default RECV Informational [HASH][DEL]
115915 Default CNXVPN1-P1 deleted

```

If you have an « NO PROPOSAL CHOSEN » error, check that the « Phase 2 » encryption algorithms are the same on each side of the VPN Tunnel.

Check « Phase 1 » algorithms if you have this:

```

115911 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
115911 Default RECV Informational [NOTIFY] with NO_PROPOSAL_CHOSEN error

```

5.6 « INVALID ID INFORMATION » error

```

122623 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
122625 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [SA][VID]
122625 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [KEY][NONCE]
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-P1) RECV phase 1 Main Mode [ID][HASH][NOTIFY]
122626 Default phase 1 done: initiator id c364cd70: 195.100.205.112, responder id
c364cd72: 195.100.205.114, src: 195.100.205.112 dst: 195.100.205.114
122626 Default (SA CNXVPN1-CNXVPN1-P2) SEND phase 2 Quick Mode
[SA][KEY][ID][HASH][NONCE]
122626 Default RECV Informational [HASH][NOTIFY] with INVALID_ID_INFORMATION error
122626 Default RECV Informational [HASH][DEL]
122626 Default CNXVPN1-P1 deleted

```

If you have an « INVALID ID INFORMATION » error, check if « Phase 2 » ID (local address and network address) is correct and match what is expected by the remote endpoint.

Check also ID type ("Subnet address" and "Single address"). If network mask is not check, you are using a IPV4_ADDR type (and not a IPV4_SUBNET type).

5.7 I clicked on “Open tunnel”, but nothing happens.

Read logs of each VPN tunnel endpoint. IKE requests can be dropped by firewalls. An IPSec Client uses UDP port 500 and protocol ESP (protocol 50).

5.8 The VPN tunnel is up but I can't ping !

If the VPN tunnel is up, but you still cannot ping the remote LAN, here are a few guidelines:

- Check Phase 2 settings: VPN Client address and Remote LAN address. Usually, VPN Client IP address should not belong to the remote LAN subnet
- Once VPN tunnel is up, packets are sent with ESP protocol. This protocol can be blocked by firewall. Check that every device between the client and the VPN server does accept ESP
- Check your VPN server logs. Packets can be dropped by one of its firewall rules.
- Check your ISP support ESP

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- If you still cannot ping, follow ICMP traffic on VPN server LAN interface and on LAN computer interface (with Ethereal for example). You will have an indication that encryption works.
- Check the "default gateway" value in VPN Server LAN. A target on your remote LAN can receive pings but does not answer because there is no "Default gateway" setting.
- You cannot access to the computers in the LAN by their name. You must specify their IP address inside the LAN.
- We recommend you to install ethereal (<http://www.ethereal.com>) on one of your target computer. You can check that your pings arrive inside the LAN.

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Doc.version	3.0 – Apr 2008
VPN version	4.x

6 Contacts

News and updates on TheGreenBow web site: <http://www.thegreenbow.com>

Technical support by email at support@thegreenbow.com

Sales contacts by email at sales@thegreenbow.com