

Windows Enterprise VPN Client 6.86

Administrator's Guide

Latest update: 22 September 2021

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1 Overview

1.1 Introduction

This guide is intended for administrators of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client. It contains all the information required to implement and configure the software so that secure VPN tunnels can be opened.

A complementary document dedicated to the software's deployment, called "Deployment Guide", is also available on the <u>TheGreenBow</u> website.

1.2 What's new in release 6.8

1.2.1 TrustedConnect interface

- New TrustedConnect user interface with a simple and intuitive design
- Trusted Network Detection (TND) feature that allows you to automatically open a tunnel if the workstation is outside the trusted network, based on the DNS suffixes and on beacon identification
- Always-On feature which ensures that the connection remains secure whenever the network interface changes, for example, between Ethernet, Wi-Fi, and 4G

1.2.2 Installation, configuration, and deployment

- Use of a Microsoft Windows Installer (MSI) to facilitate deployment and software updates using GPOs, offering numerous installation options to meet all kinds of integration requirements (graphical interface, certificates, tokens/smart cards, etc.)
- The entire software is compiled in 64-bit mode to Windows 10 for optimized performance and security
- Access to the VPN configuration can be restricted to Windows administrators

1.2.3 Cryptography

- Support for RFC 4304 Extended Sequence Numbers (ESNs) and RFC 6023 (Childless IKE Initiation) for enhanced security
- Support for Digital Signature authentication algorithms RFC 4754 "ECDSA with SHA-2" (Method 9) and RFC 7427 "ECDSA with RSA" (Method 14) for strong certificate authentication using elliptic curves
- The following algorithms, which are known to be vulnerable, are no longer supported in version 6.8 and higher: DES, 3DES, SHA, DH 1-2, DH 5.
- Reinforced encryption and integrity of the VPN configuration

1.2.4 Smart cards and tokens

- Support for the Microsoft CNG API (Cryptography API: Next Generation) allows for the latest generation of tokens smart card readers to be used
- Microsoft has deprecated the Cryptographic Service Providers (CSP) API. It is no longer supported for IKEv2 as of version 6.8.

1.2.5 SSL/TLS

• Support for Lz4 compression

2 Installing the software

2.1 Introduction

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is installed by executing the program that can be downloaded from the <u>TheGreenBow</u> website.

The default installation procedure, run by double-clicking the icon of the downloaded program, opens a window that allows you to customize the installation.

The installation of the software can be customized using a set of command-line options and VPN configuration files. These options and features are detailed in the document entitled "Deployment Guide" available on the <u>TheGreenBow</u> website.

∠ Refer to section 2.2 Installation procedure.

2.1.1 Installation conditions

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is available for Windows 10 64-bit.

The minimum system requirements to install the software are as follows:

- Processor: 1 gigahertz (GHz) or faster processor
- RAM: 2 GB
- Hard disk space available: 40 MB

When the software is not installed from an administrator account, a window opens, prompting you for the username and password of an administrator account on the machine.

2.1.2 Digital signature and version

The installer software (and all its constituent binaries) for the Windows Enterprise VPN Client is signed by the TheGreenBow certificate. This allows the person performing the installation or the user to verify the integrity of the installation program at any time.

You can verify the authenticity of the software by displaying the program's properties (right-click MSI installer) and then selecting the "Digital signatures" tab.

Custom	Details	Previo	ous Versions
General C	ompatibility	Digital Signatures	Securit
Signature list			
Name of signer	: Digest algori	thm Timestamp	
THEGREENBO		-	Nay 27, 20
			<u>D</u> etails

Users can check the version number of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client in the "About..." window of the software.

2.1.3 Vulnerabilities

Moreover, users of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client who send an e-mail with their contact details to <u>referent@thegreenbow.com</u> will be warned of any vulnerabilities identified in the software and receive information on the means to remedy them (new version, update, available patches, workarounds, etc.).



2.2 Installation procedure

Once you have downloaded the Windows Enterprise VPN Client installation program and verified its authenticity (see section 2.1.2 Digital signature and version above), you can proceed with its installation by following the steps described below.

The installation procedure is the same whether it is an initial installation or an update (see section 4 Update). When performing an update, the software settings, the existing VPN configuration, and the license are preserved.

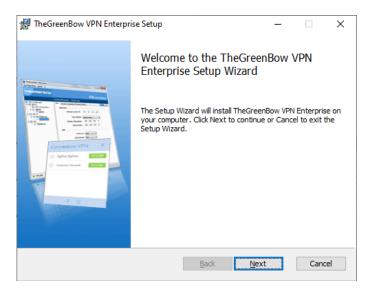


You can only update the software if your subscription is still valid (see section 4.1 How to get an update).

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If you want to perform a silent installation, pass specific parameters during installation or perform a largescale deployment, refer to the "Deployment Guide".

1/ Double-click the installation program you downloaded. The following window is displayed:



2/ Click "Next". The following window is displayed:

扰 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise Setup	_	×
End-User License Agreement	THEGREEN	зош
Please read the following license agreement carefully	VPN ENTER	PRISE
ATTENTION: THIS PRODUCT IS PROVIDED UNDE FOLLOWING LICENSE WHICH DEFINES WHAT YO THE PRODUCT AND CONTAINS LIMITATIONS ON ' AND/OR REMEDIES. THIS LICENSE IS GRANTED THEGREENBOW, FOR ALL PRODUCTS PURCHAS DIRECTLY OR THROUGH ANY AUTHORISED AGE COMPANY. IMPORTANT: CAREFULLY READ THIS LICENSE E THIS PRODUCT. INSTALLING, COPYING, OR OTH THIS PRODUCT. INDICATES YOUR ACKNOWLED OF	DU MAY DO WITH WARRANTIES BY SED, EITHER INT OF THE BEFORE USING IERWISE USING	~
<u>P</u> rint <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext Can	cel

3/ Read the End User License Agreement (EULA) carefully. If you accept all the terms of the agreement, select the "I accept the terms of the license agreement" checkbox, and then click "Next". Otherwise, you will not be able to continue installing the Windows Enterprise VPN Client. The following window is displayed:

🛃 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise Setup	– 🗆 X			
What's new? THEGREENBO				
Please read the following changes carefully	VPN ENTERPRISE			
Important Information				
Encrypted configuration files				
VPN configuration files that have been encrypted using versions of the Windows VPN Client prior to 6.8 cannot be imported into the Configuration Panel.				
During a software update, the installer will con- configuration before it automatically imports the Configuration Papel	•			
I accept the new changes				
Print Back	<u>N</u> ext Cancel			

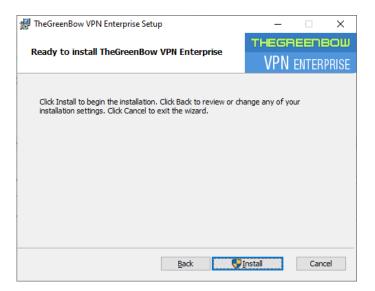
4/ Carefully read the information about what's new and the note about how the existing VPN configuration will be converted during an update.

Once the installation is complete, you will not be able to revert to an earlier version of the software without manual intervention. If in doubt, back up your VPN configuration to a separate folder or to a removable storage medium.

If you accept all the terms of the agreement, select the "I accept the new changes" checkbox, and then click "Next". The following window is displayed:

# TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise Setup	-		×
Destination Folder	THEG	REEN	зош
Click Next to install to the default folder or click Change to choose another.	VPN	ENTER	PRISE
Install TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise to:			
C:\Program Files\TheGreenBow\TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise\			
Change			
Back	<u>N</u> ext	Can	cel

5/ If you want to install the Windows Enterprise VPN Client in a specific directory, click "Change..." and select the desired directory. Otherwise, you can keep the default directory. Then, click « Next ». The following window is displayed:



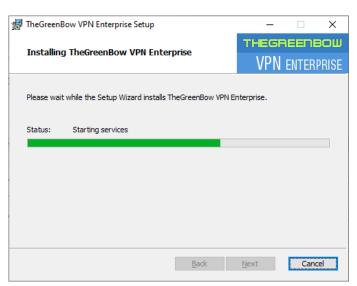
6/ The program is ready to install. If you want to go back to check or change your installation settings, click "Back". Otherwise, click "Install". If you are installing from an account that does not have administrator rights, the following window is displayed:

User Account Control × Do you want to allow this app to make changes to your device?				
TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise				
Verified publisher: THEGREENBOW SA File origin: Hard drive on this computer				
Show more details				
To continue, enter an admin user name and password.				
TGB Administrator				
••••••				
TGB-TEST\TGB Admin				
Yes No				

7/ To proceed with the installation, you must enter an administrator name and password to allow the installation program to make changes to your computer. Otherwise, the software will not be installed.

If you are installing from an administrator account, you do not need to enter a password. Simply confirm that you allow the app to make changes to your device.

8/ Installation begins and the following window is displayed:



9/ Wait for the installation of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client including all its components to complete. If installation has succeeded, the following window is displayed:

掃 TheGreenBow VPN Enterpri	se Setup	-		×
Contraction Contraction <t< td=""><td>Completed the TheGreen Enterprise Setup Wizard Click the Finish button to exit the Set</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Completed the TheGreen Enterprise Setup Wizard Click the Finish button to exit the Set			
	Launch VPN Client			
	<u>B</u> ack Finis	sh 🛛	Cano	el

10/ If you do not want to launch the VPN Client immediately, uncheck the corresponding box. To exit the setup wizard, click "Finish".

If you have performed an update, the software is launched directly in the taskbar. You can test your installation by opening the test tunnel (see section 6.3 Opening a VPN test tunnel using the Connection Panel).

Otherwise, the activation screen is displayed:

😳 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
Software Activation	
Welcome	
I want to Activate the software	
License number:	
123456-123456-123456 123456 123456 30 days left	
Activation email: In 30 days, you will be unable to use you	-
jane.doc@domain.com	
I don't have a license:	
Buy a license	
Quit Next >	

11/The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is now installed on your workstation.

If you already own a license for the Windows Enterprise VPN Client:

- Select "I want to Activate the software"
- Enter the license number and activation email
- Then, click "Next"

For further details on the activation procedure, refer to section 3 Activating the software.

If you want to try the Windows Enterprise VPN Client:

- Select "I want to Evaluate the software"
- Then, click "Next"

You will then be able to use the software for a 30-day trial period. For further details on the trial period, refer to section 2.4 Trial period.

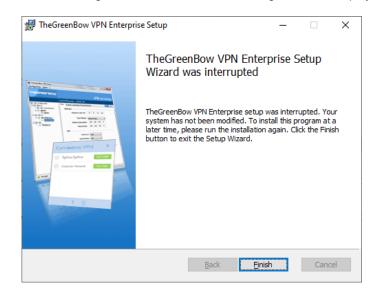
If you do not have a license and want to buy one, click "Buy a license". TheGreenBow online store is displayed in a browser window. Here, you can buy one or several licenses. For further details on the activation procedure, refer to section 3 Activating the software.

You are now ready to use the software. You can continue with the following steps:

- To start using the Windows Enterprise VPN Client immediately, refer to section 6 Getting started with the software.
- To use the configuration wizard to quickly create a VPN connection, refer to section 7 Assistant de configuration.
- To import a TheGreenBow VPN configuration compatible with this version of the software, refer to section 12.1 Importing a VPN configuration.
- For a detailed presentation of the available interfaces, refer to sections 8 Connection Panel, 9 Configuration Panel, and 10 TrustedConnect Panel.
- For a comprehensive explanation of all VPN tunnel configuration options, refer to section 13 Configuring a VPN tunnel.
- To uninstall the Windows Enterprise VPN Client, refer to section 5 Uninstalling the software.

2.3 Canceling installation

If you cancel the setup wizard before clicking the "Install" button, the following window is displayed:



Your system has not been modified and you can resume installation at a later time.

2.4 Trial period

The first time the software is installed on a workstation, if no license key is provided to the installer, the VPN Client will enter a 30-day trial period. During this trial period, the VPN Client is fully operational, and all functions are unlocked.

The activation window will be displayed every time the software is started during the trial period. It shows the number of days remaining in the trial period.

😳 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
Software Activation	
Welcome	
○ I want to Activate the software	uate the software
License number:	30 days left
	l be unable to use your complete the activation
I don't have a license:	
Buy a license	
Quit <u>N</u> ext >	

Select "I want to Evaluate the software", then click "Next >" to run the software.

During the trial period, the "About..." window will display the number of days remaining until the trial ends.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
THEGREENBOW	VPN ENTERPRISE
© TheGreenBow 2021. All r www.thegreenbow.com	ON VERSION
VpnConf.exe 8.86.006 TgblkeNG.exe 8.8.6.006 ComLib.dll 6.0.2.006 VpnToken.dll 4.0.2.006	х

During the trial period, the activation window can be accessed at any time using the "? > Activation Wizard..." menu item in the main interface (Configuration Panel).

2	
	Online Support
	Check for update
	Purchase License Online
	Activation Wizard
	About

2.5 Configuring Windows

Once you have completed installation, make sure the Windows privacy option "Use my sign-in info to automatically finish setting up my device after an update or restart", found under the "Sign-in options" in the Windows Settings, is disabled, as shown in the screenshot of the Windows 10 Settings below:

Settings	-	×
வ் Home	Sign-in options	
Find a setting	ି A Dynamic lock	
Accounts	Windows can use devices that are paired to your PC to know when you're away and lock your PC when those devices go out of range.	
RE Your info	Allow Windows to automatically lock your device when you're away	
🖾 Email & accounts	Bluetooth & other devices	
🔍 Sign-in options	Learn more	
Access work or school	Restart apps	
A₊ Family & other users	Automatically save my restartable apps when I sign out and restart them after I sign in.	
∂ Sync your settings	• Off	
	Privacy	
	Show account details such as my email address on the sign-in screen.	
	Off Off	
	Use my sign-in info to automatically finish setting up my device after an update or restart.	
	Off	
	Learn more	
	•	

3 Activation

If the software has not been activated during its silent installation (refer to the "Deployment Guide"), the VPN Client must be activated to continue to work beyond the trial period.

The activation procedure can be accessed every time the software is launched or using the "? > Activation Wizard..." menu item in the main interface.

3.1 Step 1

If you do not yet have a license, click on "Buy a license". The TheGreenBow online store is displayed in a browser window. Follow the instructions to buy one or several licenses.

In the "License number" field, enter the license number you received by email.

The license number can be copy-pasted directly from the purchase confirmation email into this field. The license number consists of the characters [0..9] and [A..F], possibly grouped 6 by 6 and separated by hyphens.

In the "Activation email" field, enter the email address used to identify your activation. This information is used for recovering the activation information if it is lost.

🌍 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×	<
Software Activation		
Welcome		
I want to Activate the software	○ I want to Evaluate the software	
License number: I 1 Activation email: 1 TGB-TEST@company.com 1	Evaluation period expired.	
I don't have a license:		
Quit	Next >	

The "Activation email" field is filled by default with the username of the workstation on which the software is installed (as follows: "username@company.com"). This allows administrators of a "master" software license to individually identify all activated workstations. It allows them to manage software activations and deactivations in a deterministic way.

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3.2 Step 2

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Click "Next >". The online activation process will run automatically.

Once the activation has been carried out successfully, click "Run" to run the software.

The software activation is linked to the workstation on which the software has been installed. Consequently, a license number allowing a single activation cannot be reused on another workstation once it is activated. Conversely, a license number activation can be canceled by simply uninstalling the software.

3.3 Activation errors

Software activation may fail for various reasons. The error is always displayed in the activation window. It is sometimes followed by a link that displays more information about the error or suggests actions to solve the problem.

😳 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
Software Activation	
Activation not completed.	
Activation Error 54: The Activation Server is unreachable Check if you are connected to the network and if no firewall blocks the connection. If a proxy is enabled on your computer, please click on the link below 'Configure my proxy'.	
Configure my proxy	
< <u>P</u> revious <u>Quit</u>	

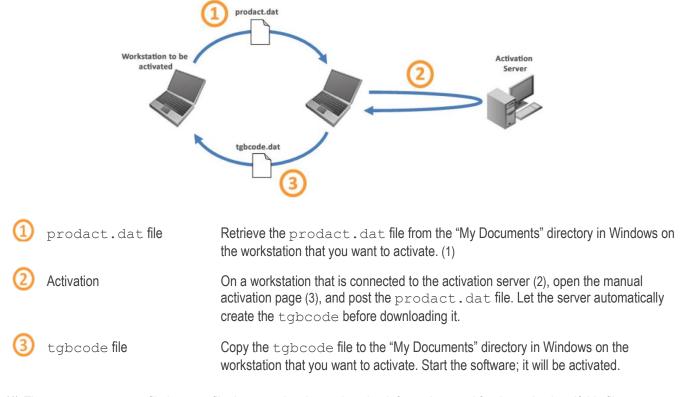
TheGreenBow lists all activation errors and procedures for solving activation issues on its website.

The following are the most common activation errors:

#	Meaning	Troubleshooting
31	Wrong license number	Check license number
33	The license number is already activated on a different workstation	Uninstall the software on the workstation with the activated license or contact TheGreenBow's Sales department
53, 54	Communication with the activation server is impossible	Ensure that the workstation is connected to the internet. Check that communication is not blocked by a firewall or proxy. Configure the firewall to let the communication through or the proxy to reroute it properly.

3.4 Manual activation

When activation fails because of a communication issue with the activation server, the software can be activated manually on <u>TheGreenBow</u>'s website. The procedure is as follows:



- (1) The prodact.dat file is a text file that contains the workstation information used for the activation. If this file cannot be found in the "My Documents" directory, carry out the software activation steps on the workstation. This will generate the file even if activation fails.
- (2) The activation server is the TheGreenBow server, which can be accessed on the internet.
- (3) Refer to the detailed procedure below.

To proceed with manual activation, follow the steps below:

1/ On a workstation connected to TheGreenBow's website, open the following webpage: https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/license-management/manual-license-activation/

Manual license act	ivation				
This page enables to Offline Activate Th activation server unreachable, problem		,	experience onl	ine activatior	n problems (such as
Step 1 – Sending the prodact.d	lat file				
To proceed to a Manual Software Activ	ation, you will need the a	ctivation file	'prodact.dať.		
Where can I find the activation file 'p	rodact.dat' on my compute	r?			
Attachment					Add a fil
The files must be in .DAT format and m	ust be less than 5MB in s	ize.			
Step 2 – Analysis					

- 1/ Click "Add a file" and open the prodact.dat file created on the workstation that you want to activate.
- 2/ Click "Submit". The activation server will check the validity of the information contained in the prodact.dat file.
- 3/ Click "Proceed". The activation server will provide a link to download a file containing the activation code for the workstation to be activated.

HEGREENBOW	Use cases	Products	Resources	Partners	Company	Buy now
Manual license	activation					
	tivate TheGreenBow Software w problem of internet connexion, e		xperience onli	ne activation	problems (such a	as
Step 1 – Sending the pro	odact.dat file					
Step 2 – Analysis						
Step 3 – Activation						
Your activation code is corre	ectly generated.					
To activate your software : • Download your activation file	below					

The file name has the following format: tgbcode_[date]_[code].dat (e.g. tgbcode__20210615_1029.dat).

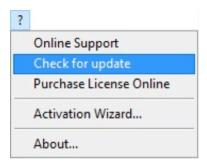
3.5 License and activated software

Once the software is activated, the license and email used for activation can be viewed in the "About..." window of the software.



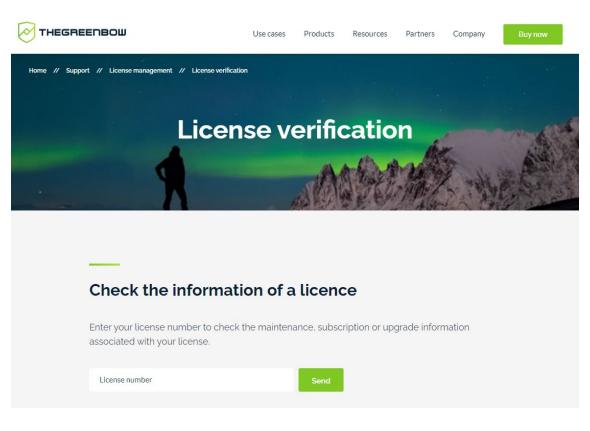
4 Updating the software

You can also check whether an update is available for the software at any time using the main interface menu "? > Check for update".



This menu opens the web page used to check for updates. This page will display whether an update is available and can be activated, depending on the type of license you have purchased and the type of maintenance or subscription you have chosen. To get this information, you must enter the license number in the corresponding field on the verification page, which can also be viewed directly under the following link: <u>https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/license-management/checking-license/</u>

Example:



4.1 How to get an update

Software updates are provided according to the following rules:

Ongoing subscription (1)	All updates can be installed
No subscription	The software cannot be used or updated

(1) The subscription starts on the date of purchase of the software.



Performing an update from a Standard edition to an Enterprise edition and vice versa is not allowed. However, you can update from any previous version of the Enterprise VPN Client (including Premium and Certified).

4.2 Update procedure

Updating the Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to upgrade to a newer version of the software while preserving the settings, the VPN configuration, and the license. It is performed in the same way as a normal installation (see section 2.2 Installation procedure) except in the following two cases:

1/ If the license of the installed product is not compatible with the Windows Enterprise VPN Client 6.8, updating will not be possible and the following screen is displayed:

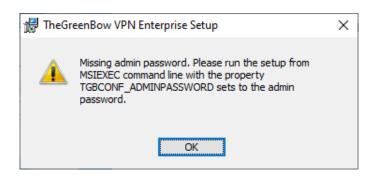
1	🚽 TheGre	eenBow VPN Enterprise Setup	\times
	<u>^</u>	TheGreenBow VPN Client Standard (6.86) is already installed on this computer. Before installating \$(var.ProductNameForPath) \$(var.ProductCodeName) (6.86), you need to uninstall the previous version.	
		ОК	

In this case, you will need to uninstall the previous version of the software before you install the new one.

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2/ If access to the Configuration Panel is protected by a password on the version that is already installed, the update cannot be performed using the graphical interface of the installation program. In this case, the following screen is displayed:



Password protection for access to the Configuration Panel has been replaced in version 6.8 of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client by a more secure mechanism. It consists in limiting access to the Configuration Panel to Windows administrators only. This option is not enabled by default but can be enabled as described in section 24.1 Displaying/hiding the interface, check the "Restrict access to Configuration Panel to administrator" option.

You can either delete the password protecting access to the Configuration Panel, then proceed with the update, or perform the update in the command line using the TGBCONF_ADMINPASSWORD property (refer to the "Deployment Guide").

4.3 Updating the VPN configuration

The VPN configuration is automatically backed up and restored during an update.

If access to the Configuration Panel is password-protected, you must enter the password during the update to authorize configuration restoral.

4.4 Automation

The way an update is carried out can be customized by a series of command-line options or an initialization file.

→ These options are described in the document entitled "Deployment Guide".

5 Uninstalling the software

To uninstall the VPN Client, proceed as follows:

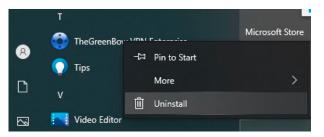
- 1/ Open the Windows Control Panel.
- 2/ Select « Uninstall a program ».
- 3/ Select "TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise" in the list of programs.
- 4/ Click "Uninstall" and follow the instructions to uninstall the program.

Programs and Features						- C) ×	
$\leftarrow \rightarrow$ \checkmark \uparrow \blacksquare > Control P	Panel > Programs > Programs and Features		ۍ <i>،</i>				م	
Control Panel Home	Uninstall or change a program							
View installed updates	To uninstall a program, select it from the list and then	click Uninstall, Change, or Repair.						
Turn Windows features on or								
off	Organize 👻 Uninstall						• ໃ)
	Name C Microsoft Edge Microsoft OneDrive Microsoft Ujbate Health Tools Microsoft Visual C + 2017 Redistributable (x86) - 14 Parallels Tools TheofreenBow VPN Enterprise Update for Windows 10 for x64-based Systems (KB50	Publisher Microsoft Corporation Microsoft Corporation Microsoft Corporation Parallels International GmbH TheGreenBow Microsoft Corporation	Installed On 7/30/2021 7/27/2021 6/18/2021 6/18/2021 6/78/2021 6/7/2021 6/7/2021	1.07 MB 20.1 MB 36.5 MB 37.1 MB	14.16.27029.1 16.5.0.49183			
	TheGreenBow Product version: 6.86.6 Size: 37.1 MB							

OR

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- 1/ Open the Windows "Start" menu.
- 2/ Right-click the "TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise" program, then select "Uninstall".



- 3/ The Windows Control Panel is displayed. Select "TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise" in the list of programs.
- 4/ Click "Uninstall" and follow the instructions to uninstall the program.

Administrator privileges are required to install or uninstall the program on the workstation.

6 Getting started with the software

6.1 Introduction

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client graphical interface allows you to perform the following actions:

- 1/ Configure the software (startup mode, language, access control, etc.)
- 2/ Manage VPN tunnel configurations, certificates, imports, exports, etc.
- 3/ Use VPN tunnels (open, close, identify incidents, etc.)
- 4/ Switch to TrustedConnect mode (automatically open a tunnel when no trusted network is detected)

The graphical interface includes the following elements:

- The <u>Connection Panel</u> (list of VPN tunnels to open)
- The <u>Configuration Panel</u>, which can be displayed from the Connection Panel or using the icon in the taskbar and consists of the following items:
 - o A set of menus for VPN configuration and software management
 - The VPN tunnel tree
 - VPN tunnel configuration tabs
 - o A status bar
- The TrustedConnect Panel to use the Always-On and TND features (specific executable file)
- An icon on the taskbar and the associated menu, which is different for the TrustedConnect Panel and for the Connection/Configuration Panel

6.2 Starting the software

Once the installation or update is complete, if you have not unchecked the "Launch VPN Client" box, the Windows Enterprise VPN Client will start minimized and the TheGreenBow VPN Client icon will appear in the taskbar. The taskbar icon is described in detail in the paragraph entitled <u>Taskbar icon</u> below.

If you have unchecked the "Launch VPN Client" box at the end of the installation or update procedure, or if you want to use the test tunnel after having installed or updated the software, to start the Windows Enterprise VPN Client, you can either double-click the corresponding desktop icon or open the Windows "Start" menu and then select the program in the list.

Starting the VPN Client using the shortcut on the desktop

During the installation of the software, a shortcut to run the application is created on the Windows desktop.

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client can be started directly by double-clicking on this icon.



The VPN Client will start minimized and the TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise icon will appear in the taskbar (see paragraph entitled <u>Taskbar icon</u> below).

Starting the VPN Client using the Windows Start menu

Once the installation is complete, you can start the Windows Enterprise VPN Client by clicking the program name in the Windows Start menu.

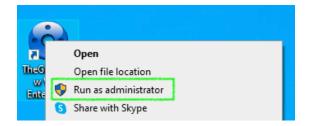


The VPN Client will start minimized and the TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise icon will appear in the taskbar (see paragraph entitled <u>Taskbar icon</u> below).

Starting the VPN Client as administrator

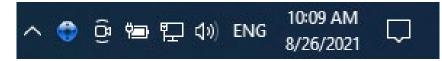
By default, access to the Configuration Panel is restricted to Windows administrators only.

To start the VPN Client in administrator mode and be able to access the Configuration Panel, right-click the TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise icon and then select "Run as administrator".



Taskbar icon

Under normal operating conditions, the taskbar icon shows the status of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client Connection Panel/Configuration Panel.



The color of the icon changes when a VPN tunnel is open:



Blue icon: no VPN tunnel open

Green icon: at least one VPN tunnel is open

The tooltip for the icon always shows the software status:

- "<TunnelName> Tunnel" if one or several tunnels are open
- "Waiting for VPN ready ... " while the VPN IKE engine starts
- "TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise" when the VPN Client is running, but no tunnels are open

Left-clicking the icon opens the Connection Panel.

Right clicking the VPN Client icon in the taskbar opens the contextual menu associated with the icon:

Connection Panel	
Configuration Panel	
Console	
Quit	

The contextual menu contains the following items:

- 1/ Connection Panel: opens the Connection Panel
- 2/ Configuration Panel: opens the Configuration Panel (if the VPN Client has been run with administrator privileges)
- 3/ Console: opens the VPN traces window
- 4/ Quit: closes all open VPN tunnels and quits the software

6.3 Opening a test VPN tunnel from the Connection Panel

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client comes equipped with a VPN configuration containing a VPN test tunnel named "TgbTest-TgbTest".

To open the Connection Panel, right-click the taskbar icon (see the paragraph entitled <u>Taskbar icon</u> above), and then select the "Connection Panel" menu item. The Connection Panel is described in section 8 Connection Panel.

Connection Panel	
Configuration Panel	
Console	
Quit	

In the Connection Panel, click the "OPEN" button next to the "TgbTest-TgbTest" tunnel.



When opening or closing a VPN tunnel, a fade-out pop-up window appears above the VPN Client icon in the taskbar. This window shows the tunnel status when it is being opened or closed and automatically fades out unless the mouse cursor is placed directly over it:



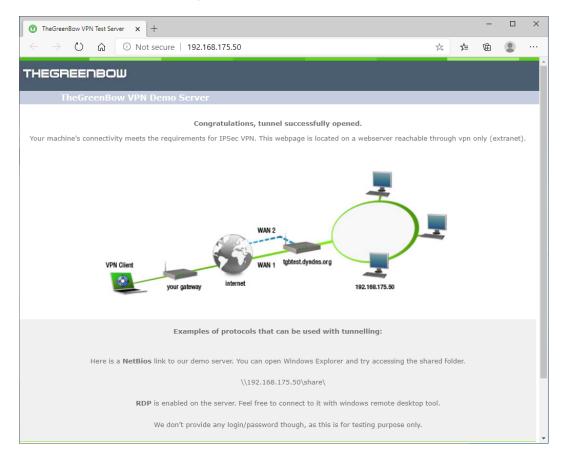
The fade-out window can be disabled. To do so, in the "Tools" menu select "Options", access the "View" tab, and then check the "Don't show the systray sliding popup" option.

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The tunnel opens and the following confirmation window is briefly displayed:



The TheGreenBow test website is then displayed in a browser window:



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You can also open a test tunnel from the Configuration Panel (see section 9 Configuration Panel).

You have installed the Windows Enterprise VPN Client and you know how to activate the license and start a test tunnel. You can now create your own VPN configuration using your gateway settings in one of the following two ways:

- Using the Configuration Wizard, see section 7 Configuration Wizard)
- By directly entering the settings in the Configuration Panel, see section 9 Configuration Panel)

6.4 Configuring a VPN tunnel

To open the Configuration Panel, you must first have started the VPN Client as administrator (see paragraph <u>Starting the</u> <u>VPN Client as administrator</u> above). If this is not the case, quit and restart the VPN Client as administrator. If it is, right-click the taskbar icon (see the paragraph entitled <u>Taskbar icon</u> above), and then select the "Configuration Panel" menu item. The Configuration Panel is described in section 9 Configuration Panel.

Connection Panel	
Configuration Panel	
Console	
Quit	

Then, open the configuration wizard by selecting the "Configuration > Wizard..." menu item.

	Save	Ctrl+S
	Import	
	Export	
	Move to USB Drive	
	Wizard	
	Quit	

Use the wizard as described in section 7 Configuration wizard below.

6.5 Automating the opening of a VPN tunnel

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to automate the opening of a VPN tunnel. It can be opened automatically in the following ways:



On our website, you will find many configuration guides for most VPN gateways:

https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/integration-guides/compatible-vpn-routers/.

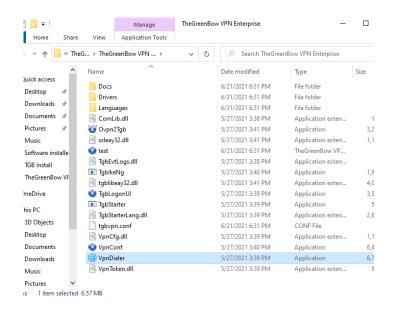
- 1/ When Windows is started, before or after logging on
- 2/ When traffic to the remote network is detected (see section 15 Automation)
- 3/ When inserting a USB drive containing the relevant VPN configuration (see section 22 USB mode)
- 4/ When inserting the smart card (or token) containing the certificate used for this tunnel (see section 18.7 Using a VPN tunnel with a certificate stored on a smart card or token)
- 5/ When the TrustedConnect Panel is used, if the VPN Client detects that the workstation is not located in the trusted network (see section 21 Managing the TrustedConnect Panel)

6.6 Opening a VPN tunnel from the TrustedConnect Panel

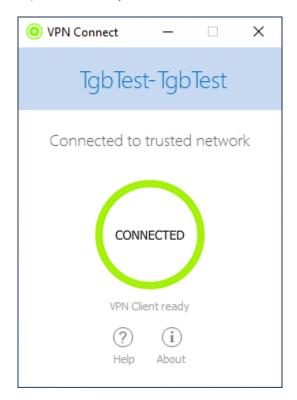
The TrustedConnect Panel is described in section 10 TrustedConnect Panel. It is used to automate the opening of a VPN connection when the workstation is located outside the trusted network and keep the connection open even if the network interface changes.

Start the TrustedConnect Panel using the VpnDialer.exe executable file located in

C:\Program Files\TheGreenBow\TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise by default.



The tunnel "TgbTest-TgbTest" should open automatically.



The TrustedConnect Panel is started from a different executable file than the one for the Configuration Panel. If the TrustedConnect Panel is not launched automatically when the session starts, it can be executed from the VPN Client's

installation folder: the executable file is named VpnDialer.exe (no desktop shortcut is created for this application during software installation).



The TrustedConnect Panel (run from the VpnDialer.exe executable file) cannot be run at the same time as the Configuration Panel or the Connection Panel (both run from the VpnConf.exe executable file, the desktop shortcut, or the Start menu).

When VpnConf.exe is running and you are running VpnDialer.exe, all tunnels opened in VpnConf.exe will be closed and VpnDialer.exe (TrustedConnect) will attempt to automatically launch the configured tunnel.

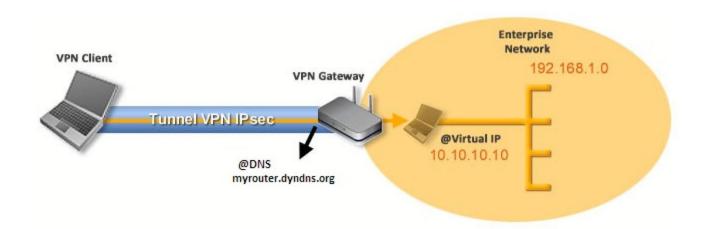
However, when VpnDialer.exe (TrustedConnect) is running, you cannot run VpnConf.exe immediately. You must first quit VpnDialer.exe before you can run VpnConf.exe.

7 Configuration wizard

The Configuration wizard is used to configure a VPN tunnel in three easy steps.

The way the Configuration wizard works is illustrated in the example below:

- The tunnel is open between a workstation and a VPN gateway that has been assigned the DNS address "myrouter.dyndns.org"
- The company's local network is 192.168.1.0 (it may, for example, include machines that have been assigned the IP addresses 192.168.1.3, 192.168.1.4, etc.)
- Once the tunnel is open, the remote workstation will have the following IP address on the company's network: 10.10.10.10



In the main interface, open the VPN configuration wizard: "Configuration > Configuration Wizard...".

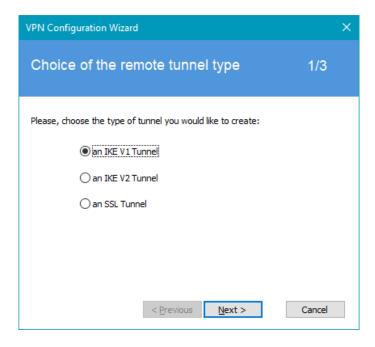
:	Save	Ctrl+S
1	mport	
1	Export	
I	Move to USB Drive	
1	Wizard	
(Quit	



<u>Security recommendation</u>: We recommend configuring IKEv2 tunnels with a certificate. Refer to section 26 Security recommendations.

7.1 Step 1

Choose the VPN protocol to be used for the tunnel: IKEv1, IKEv2 or SSL.



7.2 Step 2

7.2.1 For an IKEv1 VPN tunnel

Enter the following values:

- The IP or DNS address on the internet network side of the VPN gateway (e.g. myrouter.dyndns.org)
- A preshared key that must be configured identically on the gateway
- The IP Address of the corporate network (e.g. 192.168.1.0). (1)

VPN Configuration Wizard		×
VPN tunnel parameters	2/3	
Enter the following parameters for the VPN t	unnel:	
IP or DNS public (external) address: of the remote gateway	myrouter.dyndns.org	
Preshared key:	•••••	
IP private (internal) address: of the remote network	192 . 168 . 1 . 0	
< <u>P</u> revious	Next > Cancel	

(1) By default, the remote network address used has a prefix length of 24. This value can be modified at a later stage.

7.2.2 For an IKEv2 VPN tunnel

Enter the following values:

- The IP or DNS address on the internet network side of the VPN gateway (e.g. myrouter.dyndns.org)
- A preshared key that must be configured identically on the gateway
- OR: A certificate that must be imported using the "Import Certificate..." button (see section 18.2 Importing a certificate)

VPN Configuration Wizard	×	
VPN tunnel parameters 2/	/3	
Enter the following parameters for the VPN tunnel:		
IP or DNS public (external) address: myrouter.dyndns.org of the remote gateway		
Preshared key: •••••		
Import Certificate		
Preshared Key (۲	
Certificate (С	
< <u>P</u> revious <u>Next</u> > Can	cel	

7.2.3 For an SSL tunnel (OpenVPN)

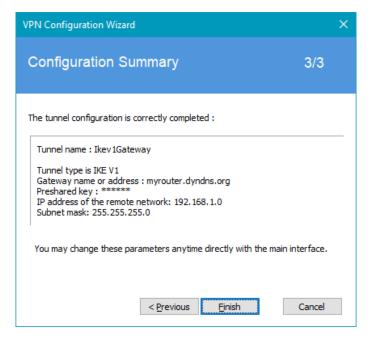
Enter the following values:

- The IP or DNS address on the internet network side of the VPN gateway (e.g. myrouter.dyndns.org)
- A certificate that must be imported using the "Import Certificate..." button (see section 18.2 Importing a certificate)

VPN Configuration Wizard	×	
VPN tunnel parameters 2/3		
Enter the following parameters for the VPN tunnel:		
IP or DNS public (external) address: of the remote gateway	myrouter.dyndns.org	
Certificate Common Name	<click button="" import="" the=""></click>	
	Import Certificate	
	Login required 🗌	
< <u>P</u> revious	Next > Cancel	

7.3 Step 3

Review the Summary window to check whether the configuration is correct and then click "Finish".



The tunnel that has just been configured now appears in the tunnel tree of the main interface. Double-click the tunnel to open it or use the tabs of the main interface for further configuration.

8 Connection Panel

The Connection Panel allows you to easily open and close the configured VPN connections:



The Connection Panel can be customized. You can select the VPN connections to be shown. You can also rename or sort the VPN connections.

∠ > See section 20 Configuring the Connection Panel.

To open a VPN connection, simply click the relevant "OPEN" button.

The icon to the left of the connection name indicates the status of the connection:

Connection closed. Click this icon to open the VPN configuration for this connection in the Configuration Panel.

<u>Caution</u>: Access to the Configuration Panel may be restricted (see section 24.1 Displaying/hiding the interface).



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Connection being opened or closed.

Connection open. When there is traffic on this connection, the color intensity of the disk at the center of the icon changes.

The connection experienced an incident while opening or closing. Clicking the warning icon will open a popup window giving detailed or additional information about the incident.

The Connection Panel buttons are used to perform the following actions:

- Open the "About..." window
 - Open the Configuration Panel
- <u>Caution</u>: Access to the Configuration Panel may be restricted (see section 24.1 Displaying/hiding the interface).
- Close the Connection Panel

The following keyboard shortcuts are available for the Connection Panel:

- ESC (or ALT+F4) closes the window
- CTRL+ENTER opens the Configuration Panel (main interface)
- CTRL+O opens the selected VPN connection
- CTRL+W closes the selected VPN connection
- The Up and Down arrow keys can be used to navigate up or down the VPN connection list

9 Configuration Panel

The Configuration Panel is the administrator's interface of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client.

It is only accessible if the VPN Client has been started as Windows administrator (see paragraph <u>Starting the VPN Client as</u> <u>administrator</u> in section 6.2 Starting the software above), or for any user if the option "Restrict access to the Configuration Panel to administrator" has been unchecked (not recommended).

It includes the following items:

- A set of menus for VPN configuration and software management
- The VPN tunnel tree
- VPN tunnel configuration tabs
- A status bar

😳 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise		– 🗆 X
Configuration Tools ?		
THEGREENBOW	Secure Conr	nections
	TgbTest: IKE Auth	
VPN Configuration C TKE V1 C TKE V1 C TGbTest C Tg	Authentication Protocol Gatewar Remote Gateway Interface	Any
	Remote Gateway	tgbtest.dyndns.org
	Authentication	
	Preshared Key	•••••
	Confirm	•••••
	○ Certificate	
	OEAP	EAP popup
	Login	
	Password	Multiple AUTH support
	Cryptography	
	Encryption	Auto 🗸
	Authentication	Auto 🗸
	Key Group	Auto 🗸
 VPN Client ready 	n.	Trace Mode is ON (Ctrl+Alt+T)

9.1 Menus

The following menus are available in the Configuration Panel:

- Configuration
 - Save
 - Import: Import a VPN configuration
 - Export: Export a VPN configuration
 - Move to a USB drive: USB mode
 - o Configuration Wizard
 - Quit: Close all open VPN tunnels and quit the software
- Tools
 - o <u>Connection Panel</u>
 - o <u>Connections Configuration</u>
 - Console: IKE connection traces window
 - o Reset IKE: Restart the IKE service
 - o Options: Protection, display, startup, language management, PKI management options
- ?
- Online support: Access to online support
- o Update: Check for available updates
- Purchase license online: Access the online store
- o <u>Activation Wizard...</u>
- o About...

9.2 Status bar

The status bar at the bottom of the main interface displays multiple items:

VPN Client ready
 Trace Mode is ON (Ctrl+Alt+T)

- The "LED" on the left edge is green when all the software's services are operational (IKE service)
- The text on the left shows the software status ("VPN Client ready", "Saving configuration", "Applying configuration", etc.)
- When the trace mode is enabled, the text "Trace Mode is ON" is shown in the middle of the status bar.
- The sicon, which appears to the left of this text, is a clickable icon that opens the folder containing the log files generated by the trace mode.
- The progress bar on the right side of the status bar shows the progress when saving a configuration.

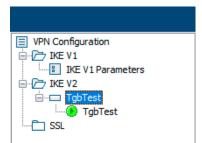
9.3 Shortcuts

- CTRL+S Save the VPN configuration
- CTRL+ENTER Switch to the Connection Panel
- CTRL+D Open the VPN log "Console" window
- CTRL+ALT+R Restart the IKE service
- CTRL+ALT+T Enable the trace mode (log generation)

9.4 VPN tunnel tree

9.4.1 Usage

The left side of the Configuration Panel is the tree structure of the VPN configuration. The tree can contain an infinite number of tunnels.



Under the root called "VPN Configuration", there are three levels that allow you to create the following respectively:

- IPsec IKEv1 tunnels, specified by a Phase 1 and a Phase 2, knowing that each Phase 1 can contain more than one Phase 2
- IPsec IKEv2 tunnels, specified by an IKE Auth and a Child SA, knowing that each IKE Auth can contain more than one Child SA
- SSL/TLS tunnels

Clicking on a Phase 1, Phase 2, IKE Auth, Child SA, or TLS will open the corresponding VPN configuration tabs on the right-hand side of the Configuration Panel. See the following sections for further details:

- 1. IPsec IKEv1 VPN tunnel IKEv1 (Phase 1): Authentication IKEv1 (Phase 2): IPsec
- 2. IPsec IKEv2 VPN tunnel IKEv2 (IKE Auth): Authentication IKEv2 (Child SA): IPsec
- 3. SSL VPN tunnel SSL: TLS

An icon is associated with each tunnel (Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS). This icon shows the status of the VPN tunnel:

- Tunnel is closed
- Tunnel is being opened
- Tunnel is open
- Incident when opening or closing the tunnel

You can edit and change the name of any item in the tree by clicking twice in a row on it, without double-clicking. If there are any unsaved changes in the VPN configuration, the modified item is shown in bold. As soon as the tree is saved, all text formatting is removed.



Two items in the tree cannot have the same name. The software displays a message to the user if the name entered is already in use.

9.4.2 Contextual menus

1. VPN configuration

Right clicking the VPN configuration (root of the tree) displays the following contextual menu:

	Export Move to USB	
	Save Ctrl+S	
	Wizard Reload Test Config. Reset Del Close all Tunnels	
Export	Used to export the complete VPN	configuration.
Move to USB drive	Moves the VPN configuration to a USB drive and initiates USB mode.	
Save	Used to save the VPN configuration.	
Configuration Wizard	Opens the VPN Configuration Wizard.	
Reload default configuration	The Windows Enterprise VPN Client comes with a default VPN configuration that can be used to test opening a VPN tunnel. This menu is used to reload the default configuration at any time.	
Reset	Resets the VPN configuration following confirmation by the user.	
Close all tunnels	Closes all open tunnels.	

2. IKEv1, IKEv2, SSL

Right clicking the IKEv1, IKEv2 or SSL items will display the following contextual menu, which allows you to export, save, create, or paste a Phase 1/IKE Auth/SSL:

	Export		Export		Export	
	Save	Ctrl+S	Save	Ctrl+S	Save	Ctrl+S
	New Phase 1 Paste Phase 1	Ctrl+N Ctrl+V	New IKE Auth Paste IKE Auth	Ctrl+N Ctrl+V	New TLS Paste TLS	Ctrl+N Ctrl+V
	IKEv1 me	nu	IKEv2 men	u	SSL me	nu
Export	oort Used to export all IKEv1 tunnels (resp. all IKEv2 tunnels)					
Save		Used to save all IKEv1 tunnels (resp. all IKEv2 tunnels)				

New Phase 1 New IKE Auth New TLS	Used to create a new Phase 1/IKE Auth/TLS. The parameters of this new Phase 1/IKE Auth/TLS will be filled in with default values.
Paste Phase 1 Paste IKE Auth Paste TLS	Adds a Phase 1/IKE Auth/TLS that has been previously copied to the clipboard.

(1) This choice will be shown when a Phase 1/IKE Auth/TLS has been copied to the clipboard using the contextual menu associated with the Phase 1/IKE Auth/TLS (see below).

3. Phase 1 or IKE Auth

Right clicking a Phase 1 or IKE Auth displays the following contextual menu:

Сору	Ctrl+C	Сору	Ctrl+C
Rename	F2	Rename	F2
Delete	Del	Delete	De
New Child SA	Ctrl+N	New Phase 2	Ctrl+N
Paste Child SA	Ctrl+V	Paste Phase 2	Ctrl+V

Сору	Copies the selected Phase 1 or IKE Auth to the clipboard.
Rename (1)	Used to rename the Phase 1/IKE Auth.
Delete (1)	Used to delete the selected Phase 1 or IKE Auth following confirmation by the user, including every corresponding Phase 2 (resp. Child SA).
New Phase 2 New Child SA	Adds a new Phase 2/Child SA to the selected Phase 1/IKE Auth.
Paste Phase 2 (2) Paste Child SA	Adds the Phase 2/Child SA that has been copied to the clipboard to the Phase 1/IKE Auth.

(1) This menu is disabled as long as one of the tunnels of the relevant Phase 1/IKE Auth is open.

(2) This choice will be shown when a Phase 2/Child SA has been copied to the clipboard using the contextual menu associated with the Phase 2/Child SA (see below).

3. Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS

Right clicking a Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS displays the following contextual menu:

Open tunnel	Ctrl+0
Export	
Сору	Ctrl+C
Rename	F2
Delete	Del

Close tunnel	Ctrl+W
Export	
Сору	Ctrl+C
Rename	F2
Delete	Del

Menu with tunnel closed

Menu with tunnel open

Open tunnel	Displayed if the VPN tunnel is closed and is used to open the selected tunnel (Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS)
Close tunnel	Displayed if the VPN tunnel is open and is used to close the selected tunnel (Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS)
Export (1)	Used to export the selected Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS
Сору	Used to copy the selected Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS
Rename (2)	Used to rename the selected Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS
Delete (2)	Used to delete the selected Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS following confirmation by the user

(1) This function allows users to export the entire tunnel, i.e. both the Phase 2 and the corresponding Phase 1 (resp. Child SA and its associated IKE Auth, or TLS), and thus to create a fully operational, single-tunnel VPN configuration (which becomes immediately functional when imported).

(2) This menu is disabled while the tunnel is open.

9.4.3 Shortcuts

The following shortcuts are available for tree management:

F2 Used to edit the name of the selected Phase

DEL Used to delete a selected phase, following confirmation by the user.

If the actual VPN configuration is selected (root of the tree), the software asks whether a full reset of the configuration should be performed.

- CTRL+O Opens the corresponding VPN tunnel if a Phase 2/Child SA/TLS is selected.
- CTRL+W Closes the corresponding VPN tunnel if a Phase 2/Child SA/TLS is selected.
- CTRL+C Copies the selected phase to the clipboard.
- CTRL+V Pastes (adds) the phase that has previously been copied to the clipboard.
- CTRL+N If the VPN configuration is selected, creates a new Phase 1/IKE Auth. If a Phase 1/IKE Auth is selected, creates a Phase 2/Child SA/TLS.
- CTRL+S Saves the VPN configuration.

10 TrustedConnect Panel

10.1 Introduction

The TrustedConnect Panel allows you to permanently keep a secure connection to the trusted network thanks to the following features:

- **Trusted Network Detection (TND)**: Used to determine whether the workstation is within the trusted network based on the DNS suffixes and on beacon identification
- Always-On: Ensures that the connection remains secure whenever the network interface changes, for example, between Ethernet, Wi-Fi and 4G/5G

10.2 Interface

When it is used for the first time, the TrustedConnect Panel is displayed in the center of the screen. For subsequent uses, the TrustedConnect Panel memorizes the place to which the user has moved it.

The interface of the TrustedConnect Panel includes the following items:

- A title that identifies the name of the connection being managed
- An information message about the connection status
- A Connect button
- A message that indicates the current status of the software and displays possible error codes
- A help button that gives access to a document with help for the user
- An information button that displays essential information about the software
- A set of icons whose color reflects the connection status



You can minimize the TrustedConnect Panel at any time either to the taskbar, by clicking the "minimize" button in the title bar, or to the notification area, by clicking on the "Close" button in the title bar.

Conversely, you can display the TrustedConnect Panel at any time by clicking the TrustedConnect icon in the taskbar or in the notification area.

You can quit the software by right clicking the TrustedConnect icon in the notification area and then selecting "Quit".

10.3 Taskbar icon and color codes

The taskbar icon of the TrustedConnect Panel application is slightly different from that of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client Configuration Panel/Connection Panel.

The various icons in the TrustedConnect Panel have the following meaning:

	This state means that the TrustedConnect Panel is not managing any connection on the workstation. Generally, this state is encountered when the user explicitly requests the VPN connection to be closed.
	This state means that the workstation is directly connected to the corporate network, which is considered as a trusted network.
0	This state means that the workstation is connected to the corporate network through a VPN connection. The workstation thus is physically located on a network that is not considered as trusted.
\bigcirc	This state means that the VPN connection could not be established.

10.4 Contextual menus

Right clicking the TrustedConnect Panel icon in the taskbar opens the contextual menu associated with the icon:

About	
Language	>
Logs	>
Restart	
Quit	

The contextual menu contains the following items:

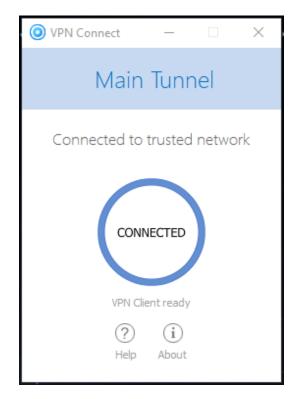
- 1/ About...: Opens the "About..." window
- 1/ Language: Used to switch between French and English
- 2/ Logs: Used to start logging. Once logging is started, two additional options are shown to display the logs and stop logging.
- 3/ Restart: Used to restart the tunnel
- 4/ Quit: Closes the VPN tunnel and quits the software

10.5 Usage

There are two types of use depending on whether the workstation is already connected to the corporate network or not.

10.5.1 Workstation connected to corporate network

The TrustedConnect Panel switches to the "CONNECTED" status after having detected trusted networks:



The window of the TrustedConnect Panel then automatically minimizes either to the taskbar or to the notification area, depending on the behavior that the administrator has configured.

∠ Refer to the "Deployment Guide".

To display the window again, select the application in the taskbar. When connected to the corporate network, users cannot perform any action on the connection status.

10.5.2 Workstation not connected to corporate network

When switching to a network that is not considered as trusted, the TrustedConnect Panel will automatically open the VPN tunnel.

The button's animation shows the progress of the connection being established until it is established.

⊙ VPN Connect — □ ×	O VPN Connect − □ ×
VPN Connections	TgbTest-TgbTest
Not connected to trusted network	Connected to trusted network
Connecting Initializing IKE Service ? Help About	CONNECTED VPN Client ready ? (i) Help About

Once the connection is established, the window of the TrustedConnect Panel automatically minimizes either to the taskbar or to the notification area, depending on the behavior that the administrator has configured.

The connection may not be established for various reasons. The information message below the button provides a first level of information. The various possible cases of connection failure are detailed in the next section.

When the tunnel is mounted and the workstation is shown as being on the corporate network, you can click "DISCONNECT" to stop the tunnel. The application then switches to the state "Not connected" and you can click the button to manually open the tunnel again:



10.6 Error cases

An orange Connect button, an error code, and a brief message describing the error are shown in the TrustedConnect Panel interface to identify the main error cases.



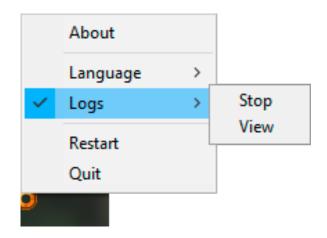
Contact the network administrator to resolve the issue. The error code shown may provide some indication or explanation as to the issue encountered. If the administrator requests the logs, refer to the procedure described in the next section.

The list of error codes is provided in the appendix of this document (see section 28.3 TrustedConnect Panel diagnostics.

10.7 Generating logs

The TrustedConnect Panel allows you to create and view logs.

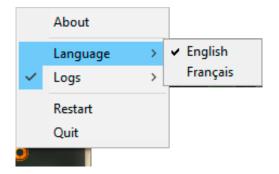
To initiate the creation of log files, right click the TrustedConnect icon in the notification area, select "Logs". A check mark next to the menu item indicates that logging is enabled:



To view the logs, access the system menu and select the item "Access logs". A window with the log folder is shown with a certain number of files. You can send these files to the administrator when you encounter any issues.

10.8 Selecting the language

The TrustedConnect Panel allows you to select the software's display language: French or English. To select the language, access the menu and select the "Languages" item. In the submenu, select "English" or "Français":



10.9 Current limitations

The TrustedConnect Panel (run from the VpnDialer.exe executable file) cannot be run at the same time as the Configuration Panel or the Connection Panel (both run from the VpnConf.exe executable file, the desktop shortcut, or the Start menu).

When VpnConf.exe is running and you are running VpnDialer.exe, all tunnels opened in VpnConf.exe will be closed and VpnDialer.exe (TrustedConnect) will attempt to automatically launch the configured tunnel.

However, when VpnDialer.exe (TrustedConnect) is running, you cannot run VpnConf.exe immediately. You must first quit VpnDialer.exe before you can run VpnConf.exe.

The TrustedConnect Panel (VpnDialer.exe) is currently only available in French and English.

11 "About..." window

The "About..." window can be accessed as follows:

- Click the "?" menu in the Configuration Panel and choose "About..."
- Use the system menu in the Configuration Panel
- Click the [?] button in the Connection Panel
- Click the [?] button in the TrustedConnect Panel

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
THEGREENBOW	VPN ENTERPRISE
© TheGreenBow 2021. All ri www.thegreenbow.com	
EVALUATIO	N VERSION
30 days left for evaluat	ion.
VpnConf.exe 6.86.006 TgblkeNG.exe 6.8.6.006 ComLib.dll 6.0.2.006 VpnToken.dll 4.0.2.006	^
C	К

The "About..." window displays the following information:

- The name and version number of the software
- A web link to the TheGreenBow website
- When the software is activated, the license number and email used for activation
- During the software trial period, the number of days remaining before the trial period expires
- The version numbers of all software components (1)

(1) You can select and copy the contents of the entire list of version numbers (right-click on the list and choose "Select all"), for example to send the information for analysis purposes. When the "About" window is open, if the Windows Enterprise VPN Client has not been activated, the software tries to connect to the activation server to validate the license.

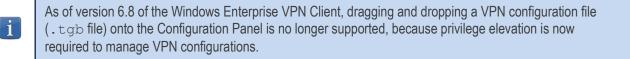
12 Importing and exporting the VPN configuration

12.1 Importing a VPN configuration

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to import a VPN configuration in various ways:

- From the "Configuration" menu in the Configuration Panel (main interface), choose "Import"
 - From the command line, use the /import option (1)

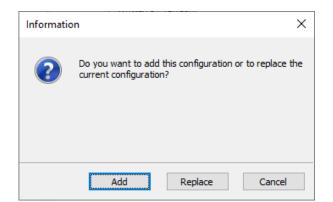
(1) The use of command-line options within the software is covered in the "Deployment Guide". In particular, it details all the options available for importing a VPN configuration: /import, /add, /replace or /importonce.





As of version 6.8 of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client, the function that allows you to double-click on a VPN configuration file to import it is no longer available.

When importing a VPN configuration, users are prompted to specify whether they want to add the new VPN configuration to the current one or replace (overwrite) the current configuration with the new one:



If the imported VPN configuration has been exported with a password protection (see section 12.2 Exporting a VPN configuration below), users will have to provide the password.

TheGreen	Bow VPN Enterprise	<
Impo	ort Protection	
R	This VPN Configuration File is protected with a password Please enter the password below.	I.
	Password:	
	OK Cancel	

If the VPN configuration is exported with an integrity check (see section 12.2 Exporting a VPN configuration below) and it has been corrupted, a warning will be displayed to the user and the software will not import the configuration.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
Configuration file signature corrupted!	
ОК	

If one or several tunnels are open when importing, the following information window will be displayed to let you know that the import will close all open tunnels:

Warning		×
	Warning: Importing a new VPN configuration will close all tunnels. Do you want to continue?	
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o	

Once this message has been confirmed and the import has been completed, you will need to reopen the tunnels.

If some of the VPN tunnels added have the same name as certain tunnels in the current configuration, they are automatically renamed during import (an increment will be added between brackets).

Importing IKEv1 parameters

If the user chooses "Replace" during an import or if the current configuration is empty, the IKEv1 parameters of the imported VPN configuration will replace the IKEv1 parameters of the current configuration. If the user chooses "Add" during an import, the IKEv1 parameters of the current VPN configuration are preserved.

1

1

i

User's choice during import	Current VPN configuration is empty	Current VPN configuration is not empty
Add	IKEv1 parameters are replaced with the new ones	IKEv1 parameters are preserved
Replace	IKEv1 parameters are replaced with the new ones	IKEv1 parameters are replaced with the new ones

12.2 Exporting a VPN configuration

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to export a VPN configuration in various ways:

- 1/ From the "Configuration" menu, choose "Export": The complete VPN configuration is exported.
- 2/ Contextual menu at the root of the VPN tree > Export: The complete VPN configuration is exported.
- 3/ Contextual menu associated with a Phase 1 (IKEv1) or an IKE Auth (IKEv2) > Export: The entire Phase 1/IKE Auth (including all Phase 2/Child SA it contains) is exported.
- 4/ Contextual menu associated with a Phase 2 (IKEv1) or a Child SA (IKEv2) > Export: The Phase 2/Child SA is exported along with the Phase 1/IKE Auth with which it is associated.
- 5/ Contextual menu associated with a TLS > Export: The TLS is exported.

By default, the extension of exported VPN configuration files is .tgb.

6/ Using the /export option in the command line. (1)

(1) The use of command-line options within the software is covered in the "Deployment Guide". In particular, it details all the options available for exporting a VPN configuration: /export or /exportance.

Regardless of the method used, the export starts with the choice of protection for the exported VPN configuration: it can be exported with (encryption) or without (clear text) password protection. If a password has been set, users will be required to enter it when importing.

Whether it is exported with or without encryption, the exported VPN configuration can benefit from integrity protection (default behavior).

Protecting the integrity of a VPN configuration when it is exported is a feature that can be disabled using an MSI installer property. This function is covered in the "Deployment Guide".

TheGreen	TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise		
Expo	ort Prot	ection	
R	You may pro	out to export a VPN Configuration. otect this configuration with a password. tomatically asked to the user when imported.	
	· ·	tect the exported VPN Configuration he exported VPN Configuration	
	Password Confirm	••••••	
		OK Cancel	

We recommend that you always export VPN configurations with a password protection (encrypted).

If an exported VPN configuration is integrity-protected, but is corrupted subsequently, a warning will be displayed to the user during the import and the software will not import the configuration (see section 12.1 Importing a VPN configuration above).

12.3 Merging VPN configurations

Several configurations can be merged by successively importing all VPN configurations and choosing "Add" each time (see section 12.1 Importing a VPN configuration above).

12.4 Splitting a VPN configuration

Using the various export options available (exporting a Phase 1/IKE Auth/TLS with all the corresponding Phase 2/Child SA/TLS or exporting a single tunnel), a VPN configuration can be split into as many "sub-configurations" as desired (see section 12.2 Exporting a VPN configuration above).

This method can be used to deploy the configurations for a pool of workstations: derive the VPN configurations for each individual workstation from a common VPN configuration prior to sending them to each user for import.

13 Configuring a VPN tunnel

13.1 IPsec IKEv1, IPsec IKEv2 or SSL VPN

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to create and configure several types of VPN tunnels. It also allows you to open them simultaneously.

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to configure the following types of tunnels:

- IPsec IKEv1
- IPsec IKEv2
- SSL

VPN

The procedure used to create a new VPN tunnel is described in the previous sections: 7 Configuration wizard and 9.4 VPN tunnel tree > 9.4.2 Contextual menus.

<u>Security recommendation</u>: We recommend configuring IKEv2 tunnels with a certificate. Refer to section 26 Security recommendations.

13.2 Editing and saving a VPN configuration

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to modify the VPN tunnels and test these modifications "on-the-fly" without saving the VPN configuration.

All unsaved changes in the VPN configuration are clearly shown in the tree, as the name of modified items appears in bold.

The VPN configuration can be saved at any time using either of the following:

- CTRL+S shortcut
- "Configuration > Save" menu item

A warning will be displayed if a VPN configuration has been changed and the user tries to quit the software without saving.

13.3 Configuring an IPsec IKEv1 tunnel

13.3.1 Phase 1: Authentication

Remote Gateway		
Interface	Amu	
Interface	Any	~
Remote Gateway	tgbtest.dyndns.org	
Authentication		
Preshared Key	•••••	
Confirm	•••••	
() Certificate		
X-Auth		
X-Auth Enabled	X-Auth Popup	
	X-Auth Popup	Once
Enabled	X-Auth Popup	Once
Enabled Login		_
Enabled Login Password		_
Enabled Login Password Cryptography	(i	_

Addresses

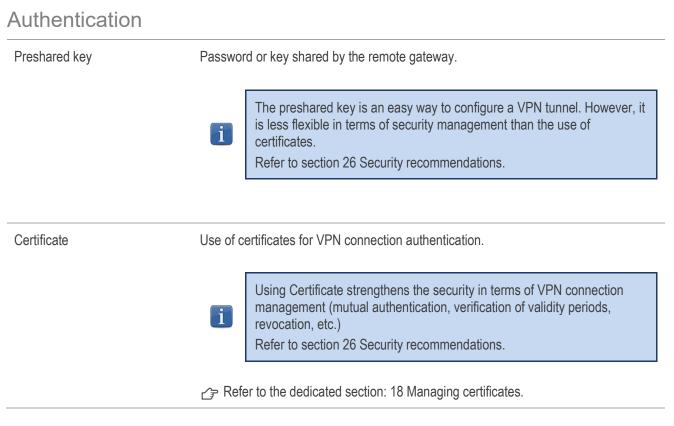
Interface

IP address of the network interface on which the VPN connection is open. You can let the software automatically decide which interface to use by selecting "Any".

Interface	Any 🗸
	192.168.205.52
	Any

We recommend choosing this option if the tunnel being configured is to be deployed on a different workstation.

Remote Gateway	IP address (IPv4 or IPv6) or DNS address of the remote VPN gateway.
	This field is mandatory.



X-Auth management

X-Auth is an extension of the IKE protocol (Internet Key Exchange).

The X-Auth function is used to force the entry of a login name and password to open a VPN tunnel.

This requires a similar configuration to	be set up on the VPN	gateway.	
X-Auth			
Enabled	🗹 X-Auth Popup		
Login		Once	
Password		i 🗌 Hybrid Mode	
	X-Auth Enabled	X-Auth Enabled X-Auth Popup Login	Enabled X-Auth Popup

If the "X-Auth Popup" box is checked, a popup window prompting the user to enter a login name and authentication password will be shown each time a VPN tunnel is opened (the window prompting for a login name and password will have the same name as the tunnel to avoid any confusion).

📀 Gate	way Authentication	×
R	Enter Authentication login and password to open the tunnel.	
	Login: A construction of the second s	
	OK Cancel	

This window has a timeout limit (which can be set in the <u>IKEv1 parameters</u>). When the timeout expires, a warning is displayed prompting the user to re-open the tunnel.

The VPN Client can store the X-Auth login name and password in the VPN configuration. If this is the case, the login name and password will be automatically sent to the VPN gateway when the tunnel is opened.

Auth		
Enabled	X-Auth Popup	
Login	MyLogin	Once
Password	•••••	(i) 🗌 Hybrid Mode

This option facilitates the use and deployment of the software. However, it is considered a less secure option than displaying a dynamic X-Auth login window.

VPN	We recommend that you do not store the X-Auth login and password in the VPN configuration. Refer to section 26 Security recommendations.
NEGREENDOW	section 26 Security recommendations.

Check the "Once" option to avoid having to enter the password again during a Phase 1 renegotiation.

The Hybrid mode "mixes" two different types of authentication: standard VPN gateway authentication and X-Auth authentication for the VPN Client.

To activate the Hybrid mode, the tunnel must be associated with a certificate (see section 18 Managing certificates) and the X-Auth function must be configured.

X-Auth		
Enabled	X-Auth Popup	
Login		Once
Password		i 🗹 Hybrid Mode

Cryptography

Encryption	Encryption algorithm negotiated during the authentication phase (1): Auto (2), AES-128, AES-192, AES-256.
Authentication	Authentication algorithm negotiated during the authentication phase (1): Auto (2), SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512.
Key group	Length of Diffie-Hellman key (1): Auto (2), DH14 (2048), DH15 (3072), DH16 (4096), DH17 (6144), DH18 (8192)

(1) Refer to section 26 Security recommendations on the choice of algorithm.

(2) Auto means that the VPN Client automatically adapts to the gateway parameters. When "Auto" is selected, the following algorithms (and their various combinations) are supported:

- Encryption: AES-128, AES-192

- Authentication: SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512

- Key group: DH14 (2048), DH15 (3072), DH16 (4096)

If the gateway has been configured using a different algorithm, then the "Auto" mode cannot be used. The algorithm must be specified explicitly in the VPN Client.

13.3.2 Phase 1: Protocol

Authentication	Protocol	Gateway	Certificate			
Identity						
Local ID	DER ASN		✓ C = F	R, ST = IDF, L =	- Paris O – Th	4
	DER ASIN	I DIN		K, 31 – 101 / C -	- Fans, O = m	<u> </u>
Remote ID			\sim			
Advance	d feature	s				
	Fragm	entation 🗌		Fragment size		
	I	E Port 5	00	Enable NA	ATT offset	
	NA	T Port 4	500			
	Chi	dless 🗌				

"Local ID" is the authentication phase (Phase 1) identifier that the VPN Client sends to the remote VPN gateway.
 According to the type selected, this identifier can be any of the following: IP address: an IPv4 address (type = IPV4 ADDR), e.g. 195.100.205.101 DNS: a domain name (type = FQDN), e.g. gw.mydomain.net KEY ID: a character string (type = KEY ID), e.g. 123456 Email: an email address (type = USER FQDN), e.g. support@thegreenbow.com DER ASN1 DN: the X.509 subject of a certificate (type = DER ASN1 DN) X509 subject: this field is automatically filled in with the subject of an X.509 certificate when the tunnel is associated with a user certificate (see section 18 Managing certificates)
 "Remote ID" is the identifier that the VPN Client expects to receive from the VPN gateway. According to the type selected, this identifier can be any of the following: IP address: an IP address (type = IPV4 ADDR), e.g. 80.2.3.4 DNS: a domain name (type = FQDN), e.g. router.mydomain.com KEY ID: a character string (type = KEY ID), e.g. 123456 Email: an email address (type = USER FQDN), e.g. admin@mydomain.com DER ASN1 DN: the X.509 subject of a certificate (type = DER ASN1 DN) This setting is required since version 6.8 for security reasons.

Advanced functions

Fragmentation/ Fragment size	This function enables IKE fragmentation, which prevents packets from becoming fragmented (and potentially blocked) by the IP network they're passing through. The fragment size must generally be set to a value that is smaller by 200 bytes than the MTU of the physical interface, e.g. 1300 bytes for a typical 1500-byte MTU.
IKE port	IKE Phase 1 (Authentication) exchanges use the UDP protocol and port 500 by default. IKE port configuration can bypass the networking hardware (firewall, routers) that filter port 500.
	The remote VPN gateway must also be able to perform the IKE Phase 1 exchanges on a port other than 500.
NAT port	IKE Phase 2 (IPsec) exchanges use the UDP protocol and port 4500 by default. NAT port configuration can bypass the networking hardware (firewall, routers) that filter port 4500.
	The remote VPN gateway must also be able to perform the IKE Phase 2 exchanges on a port other than 4500.

Enable NATT offset		ort is different from 500, it may be necessary to check this option for the opt the connection.	
Mode Config	Once it is activated, Mode Config enables the VPN Client to get the configuration data required to open the VPN tunnel from the VPN gateway. See the following paragraph below: Managing Mode Config.		
Aggressive mode	The VPN Client	uses the Aggressive mode to connect to the VPN gateway.	
NAT-T	"NAT-Traversal" The VPN Client	can handle three types of NAT-T modes:	
	Disabled	Prevents the VPN Client and the VPN gateway to switch to NAT- Traversal mode.	
	Disabled Automatic		

Managing Mode Config

Once it is activated, Mode Config enables the VPN Client to get the configuration data required to open the VPN tunnel from the VPN gateway:

- Virtual IP address of the VPN Client
- DNS server address (optional)
- WINS server address (optional)



Mode Config will only be operational if the VPN gateway supports it.

When Mode Config is disabled, the three items "VPN Client address", "DNS server" and "WINS server" can be configured manually in the VPN Client (see sections 13.3.6 Phase 2: IPsec and 13.3.7 Phase 2: Advanced).

Similarly, when Mode Config is enabled, the Phase 2 fields "VPN Client address", "DNS server" and "WINS server" will be automatically filled in when a VPN tunnel is opened. Therefore, no data can be entered in them (they are grayed out).

13.3.3 Phase 1: Gateway

		_	
Check interval	30	sec.	
Max. number of retries	3		
Delay between retries	15	sec.	
Lifetime			
Lifetime	2700	sec.	
Lifetime Gateway related parame Redundant Gateway		sec.	
Gateway related parame] sec.	
Gateway related parame	eters] sec.	

Dead Peer Detection (DPD)

Dead Peer Detection	The Dead Peer Detection (DPD) function enables the VPN Client to detect whether the VPN gateway has become unreachable or inactive. (1)
	 Check interval: Time interval between two DPD check messages, expressed in seconds. Max. number of retries: Number of consecutive unsuccessful attempts before concluding that the VPN gateway is unreachable. Delay between retries: Time between two DPD messages when the VPN gateway is not responding, expressed in seconds.

(1) The DPD function is activated once the tunnel is open (phase 1 established). When linked to a redundant gateway, DPD allows the VPN Client to automatically switch between gateways when one of them is unavailable.

Lifetime

Lifetime	Lifetimes are negotiated when the tunnel is established. (1)
	When the lifetime is reached, the Phase 1 will be renegotiated. The default value for the lifetime of the Phase 1 is 2700 s (45 min).

(1) Lifetimes are negotiated between the VPN Client and the VPN gateway. However, some gateways simply return the lifetime value suggested by the VPN Client. Regardless of the method used, the VPN Client will always apply the lifetime value sent by the VPN gateway.

Gateway-related	d parameters
Redundant gateway	Defines the address of a spare VPN gateway that the VPN Client will switch to when the initial gateway is unavailable or unreachable. The address of the redundant VPN gateway can be either an IP or a DNS address. Prefer to section 14 Redundant gateway.
Retransmissions	Number of IKE protocol message resent when the gateway is not responding. Once this number of retransmission attempts is reached, the tunnel is declared as failing.

13.3.4 Phase 1: Certificate

∠ Refer to section 18 Managing certificates.

13.3.5 Phase 2

Phase 2 of a VPN tunnel is the IPsec phase. The purpose of this Phase is to negotiate the security parameters that will be applied to the data going through the VPN tunnel.

In order to configure the Phase 2 parameters, select the relevant Phase 2 in the Configuration Panel VPN tree. The parameters can be configured in the right-hand tabs of the Configuration Panel.

If any changes are made to a tunnel, it will appear in bold in the VPN tree. You do not need to save a VPN configuration for it to be taken into account. The tunnel can be tested with the modified configuration immediately.

13.3.6 Phase 2: IPsec

sec	Advanced	Automation Ren	mote Sharing More Parameters	PV
A	ddresses –			
	N	/PN Client address	; 0.0.0.0	
		Address type	Subnet address \checkmark	
	Re	mote LAN address	; 192 . 168 . 1 . 0	
		Subnet mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0	
E	SP			
		Encryption	n AES256 V	
		Authentication	n <u>SHA-512</u> ~	
		Mode	e Tunnel V	
P	FS			
	P	FS Group	DH18 (8192) V	
	· · ·			
L	ifetime —	IPsec Lifetime	e 1800 sec.	
		F	Trace Mode is ON (Ctrl+Alt+T)	

Addresses	
VPN Client address	 "Virtual" IP address of the workstation, the way it will be "seen" on the remote network. From a technical standpoint, it is the source IP address of the IP packets going through the IPsec tunnel. When the field is set to "0.0.0.0" the software will use the workstation's physical IP address automatically for the virtual IP address provided to the gateway.
i	When <u>Mode Config</u> is enabled, this field will be grayed out (uneditable). It is automatically filled in when the tunnel is opened with the value sent by the VPN gateway during the Mode Config exchange.
Address type	The endpoint of the tunnel can be a network or a remote workstation. ∠☞ To find out how to configure the address type, refer to the paragraph entitled Configuring the Address type below.
ESP	
Encryption	Encryption algorithm negotiated during the IPsec phase (1): Auto (2), AES-128, AES-192, AES-256.
Authentication	Authentication algorithm negotiated during the IPsec phase (1): Auto (2), SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512.
Mode	IPsec encapsulation mode: Tunnel or Transport (1)
· · · · · ·	ommendations on the choice of algorithm. automatically adapts to the gateway parameters.
PFS	
PFS - Group	Can be enabled or disabled. Length of Diffie-Hellman key: DH14 (2048), DH15 (3072), DH16 (4096), DH17 (6144), DH18 (8192)
i	IKEv1 does not have an automatic mode for the DH group. It must be specified beforehand. Refer to section 26 Security recommendations on the choice of algorithm.

Lifetime Lifetimes are negotiated when the tunnel is established. (1) When the lifetime is reached, the Phase 2 will be renegotiated. The default value for the lifetime of Phase 2 is 1800 s (30 min).

(1) Lifetimes are negotiated between the VPN Client and the VPN gateway. However, some gateways simply return the lifetime value suggested by the VPN Client. Regardless of the method used, the VPN Client will always apply the lifetime value sent by the VPN gateway.

IPv4/IPv6

IPv4-IPv6

i

i

1

∠ > See section 17 IPv4 and IPv6.

Configuring the Address type

If the endpoint of the tunnel is a network, choose the "Subnet address" type and then enter the Remote LAN address and	Address type	Subnet address \sim
Subnet mask:	Remote LAN address	192 . 168 . 175 . 0
	Subnet mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
As an alternative, you can also select "Range address" and enter the Start and End addresses:	Address type	Range address \sim
	Start address	192 . 168 . 175 . 1
	End address	192 . 168 . 175 . 10
If the endpoint of the tunnel is a workstation, choose the "Single address" type and then enter the Remote host address:	Address type	Single address $\qquad \lor$
····· 31·····	Remote host address	192 . 168 . 175 . 1

The function "<u>Automatically open this tunnel on traffic detection</u>" is used to automatically open a tunnel when traffic with one of the addresses specified in the address range is detected (provided that this address range is authorized in the VPN gateway configuration).

If the IP address of the VPN Client workstation is included in the address range for a remote network (e.g. @workstation IP=192.168.10.2 and @remote network=192.168.10.x), then opening a tunnel will prevent the workstation from communicating on the local network. All communications will go through the VPN tunnel.

"All traffic through the VPN tunnel" configuration

The VPN Client can be configured so that all the workstation's outbound traffic goes through the VPN tunnel. To implement this function, select "Subnet address" as the address type and enter "0.0.0.0" as the Remote LAN address and Subnet mask.



Several VPN Client configuration guides for various VPN gateways are available on our website at: https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/integration-guides/compatible-vpn-routers/.

13.3.7 Phase 2: Advanced

	dev.cor	rporate		
Alternate servers	Туре	IP Address		
Add DNS Add WINS	WINS	192.168.175.2	×	
Period and IP A		the remote host to ping:		
Check interval		0 sec.		
Checkinterva				

Alternate servers

DNS Suffix	Domain extension added to each machine name, for example: "mozart.dev.corporate". This is an optional parameter: When it is specified, the VPN Client will try to translate the machine address without adding the DNS suffix. However, if translation fails, the DNS suffix will be added, and the Client will try to translate the address again.	
Alternate servers	Table containing the IP addresses of the DNS (maximum 2) and WINS (maximum 2) servers available on the remote network. The IP addresses will be IPv4 or IPv6 addresses depending on the network type configured in the "IPsec" tab.	
	When <u>Mode Config</u> is enabled, these fields will be grayed out (uneditable). They are automatically filled in when the tunnel is opened with the values sent by the VPN gateway during the Mode Config exchange.	

Tunnel traffic check

IP address	checked	N Client can be configured so that connectivity to the remote network is I on a regular basis. If connectivity has been lost, the VPN Client will ically close the tunnel and attempt to open it again.
	should re	4/IPv6 field is the address of a machine within the remote network, which eply to pings sent by VPN Client. If a ping goes unanswered, the connection dered lost.
	i	If the tunnel is configured in IPv4 (see the button at the top right of the tab), then the IPv4 field is displayed. If the tunnel is configured in IPv6, then the IPv6 field is displayed.
Check interval		eck interval" indicates the time interval in seconds between two pings sent by I Client to the machine with the IP address specified above.

13.3.8 Phase 2: Automation

∠ Refer to section 15 Automation.

13.3.9 Phase 2: Remote sharing

∠ Refer to section 19 Remote Desktop Sharing.

13.3.10 IKEv1 parameters

IKEv1 parameters are common to all IKEv1 tunnels (every Phase 1 and every Phase 2).

IKE V1 Parameters	
Miscellaneous	
Retransmissions 2	IKE Port
X-Auth timeout 60	NAT Port
Disable Split Tunneling	

Other

Retransmissions	Number of IKE protocol message resends before failure.		
X-Auth timeout	Time allowed to enter X-Auth login/password		
IKE port	This field is used to configure the IKE port for all IKEv1 tunnels.		
	The IKE ports that can be configured in every tunnel have the priority over this parameter.		
NAT port	This field is used to configure the NAT port for all IKEv1 tunnels.		
	NAT ports that can be configured in every tunnel have the priority over this parameter.		
Disable Split Tunneling	When this option is selected, only the traffic going through the tunnel is authorized. $rac{2}{2}$ See note (1) below.		
Cisco Mode Config	This box must be checked to ensure compatibility with Cisco ASA-type gateways		

(1) The "Disable Split Tunneling" configuration option increases the "leakproofness" of the workstation, provided that the VPN tunnel is open. More specifically, this function eliminates the risk of incoming data flows that do not go through the VPN tunnel.

Combined with the "All traffic through the VPN tunnel" Configuration (see section 13.3.6 Phase 2 : IPsec), this option guarantees the complete leakproofness of the workstation provided the VPN tunnel is open.

13.4 Configuring an IPsec IKEv2 tunnel

13.4.1 IKE Auth: IKE SA

Remote Gateway			
Interface	Any		~
Remote Gateway	tgbtest.dyndns.	tgbtest.dyndns.org	
Authentication			
Preshared Key	•••••		
Confirm	•••••		
○ Certificate			
OEAP	EAP popup		
Login			
Password			Multiple AUTH support
C			
Cryptography			
Encryption	Auto	~	
Authentication	Auto	~	

Addresses

Interface	Name of the network interface on which the VPN connection is open. You can let the software automatically decide which interface to use by selecting "Any".			
	Interface Any ~ Any Ethernet0			
	We recommend choosing this option if the tunnel being configured is to be deployed on a different workstation.			
Remote Gateway	IP (IPv4 or IPv6) or DNS address of the remote VPN gateway. This field is mandatory.			
Authentication				
Preshared key	Password or key shared by the remote gateway.			
	The preshared key is an easy way to configure a VPN tunnel. However, it is less flexible in terms of security management than the use of certificates. Refer to section 26 Security recommendations.			

Certificate	Use of certificates for VPN connection authentication.		
	Using Certificate strengthens the security in terms of VPN connection management (mutual authentication, verification of validity periods, revocation, etc.) Refer to section 26 Security recommendations.		
	∠ Refer to the dedicated section: 18 Managing certificates.		
EAP	The Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) mode is used to authenticate the user based on a login name and password. When the EAP mode is selected, a popup window will prompt the user to enter a login name and password every time the tunnel is opened.		
	When the EAP mode is selected, you can choose to display a prompt for the EAP login name and password every time the tunnel is opened (using the "EAP popup" checkbox) or to store them in the VPN configuration by entering them in the Login and Password fields.		
	We recommend not to use the latter mode, see section 26 Security recommendations).		
Multiple AUTH support	Enables the combination of certificate and EAP authentications. (1)		
	ertificate then EAP" double authentication. aport "EAP then Certificate" double authentication.		
Cryptography			
Encryption	Encryption algorithm negotiated during the authentication phase (1): Auto (2), AES CBC (128, 192, 256), AES CTR (128, 192, 256), AES GCM (128, 192, 256).		

AuthenticationAuthentication algorithm negotiated during the authentication phase (1 Auto (2), SHA2 256, SHA2 384, SHA2 512.):
---	----

Key group	Length of Diffie-Hellman key (1): Auto (2), DH14 (MODP 2048), DH15 (MODP 3072), DH16 (MODP 4096), DH17 (MODP 6144), DH18 (MODP 8192), DH19 (ECP 256), DH20 (ECP 384), DH21 (ECP 521).

(1) Refer to section 26 Security recommendations on the choice of algorithm.

(2) Auto means that the VPN Client automatically adapts to the gateway parameters.

13.4.2 IKE Auth: Protocol

Authentication	Protocol Gatewa	ay Certificate	2	
Identity				
Local ID		~		
Remote ID		~		
Advance	d features ——		Fragment size	
	IKE Port	500	Enable NATT offse	et
	NAT Port	4500]	
	Childless 🗌]		

Identity

Local ID	"Local ID" is the identifier that the VPN Client sends to the remote VPN gateway during the authentication phase.		
	 According to the type selected, this identifier can be any of the following: IP address: an IPv4 address (type = IPV4 ADDR), e.g. 195.100.205.101 DNS: a domain name (type = FQDN), e.g. gw.mydomain.net KEY ID: a character string (type = KEY ID), e.g. 123456 Email: an email address (type = USER FQDN), e.g. support@thegreenbow.com DER ASN1 DN: the X.509 subject of a certificate (type = DER ASN1 DN) X509 subject: this field is automatically filled in with the subject of an X.509 certificate when the tunnel is associated with a user certificate (see section 18 Managing certificates) 		
	If this parameter is not set, the VPN Client's IP address is used by default.		
Remote ID	"Remote ID" is the identifier that the VPN Client expects to receive from the VPN gateway.		
Remote ib			

Advanced functions

IKEv2 fragmentation	Enables IKEv2 packet fragmentation in accordance with RFC 7383. This function prevents IKEv2 packets from being fragmented by the IP network they're passing through. The fragment size must generally be set to a value that is smaller by 200 than the MTU of the physical interface, e.g. 1300 bytes for a typical MTU of 1500.	
IKE port	IKE Auth (Authentication) exchanges use the UDP protocol and port 500 by defau IKE port configuration can bypass the networking hardware (firewall, routers) that filter port 500.	
	The remote VPN gateway must also be able to perform the IKE Auth exchanges on a port other than 500.	
NAT port	IKE Child SA (IPsec) exchanges use the UDP protocol and port 4500 by default. NAT port configuration can bypass the networking hardware (firewall, routers) that filter port 4500.	
	The remote VPN gateway must also be able to perform the IKE Child SA exchanges on a port other than 4500.	
Enable NATT offset	When the IKE port is different from 500, it may be necessary to check this option for the gateway to accept the connection.	
Childless	When this mode is enabled, the VPN Client will attempt to initiate IKE exchanges without creating any Child SA in accordance with RFC 6023. We recommend using this mode.	

13.4.3 IKE Auth: Gateway

Authentication Protocol Gatew	ay Certificate
Dead Peer Detection (DP	D) ————————————————————————————————————
Check interval	30 sec.
Max. number of retries	5
Delay between retries	15 sec.
Lifetime	
Lifetime	1800 sec.
Gateway related parame	eters
Redundant Gateway	
Retransmissions	3
Gateway timeout	5 sec.

Dead Peer Detection (DPD)

Check interval	The Dead Peer Detection (DPD) function enables the VPN Client to detect whether the VPN gateway has become unreachable or inactive. (1) The check interval is the time period between two consecutive DPD check messages sent, expressed in seconds.
Max. number of retries	Number of consecutive unsuccessful attempts before concluding that the VPN gateway is unreachable.
Delay between retries	Time between two DPD messages when the VPN gateway is not responding, expressed in seconds.

(1) The DPD function is enabled upon opening the tunnel (after the authentication phase). When linked to a redundant gateway, DPD allows the VPN Client to automatically switch between gateways when one of them is unavailable.

Lifetime

Lifetime	Lifetime of the IKE Authentication phase. The lifetime is expressed in seconds.
	The default value is 1800 seconds.

J	
Redundant gateway	Used to define the address of a spare VPN gateway that the VPN Client will switch to when the initial gateway is unavailable or unreachable. The address of the redundant VPN gateway can be either an IP or a DNS address. Refer to section 14 Redundant gateway.
Retransmissions	Number of IKE protocol message resends before failure.
Gateway timeout	Delay between two retransmissions

Gateway-related parameters

13.4.4 IKE Auth: Certificate

∠ Refer to section: 18 Managing certificates.

13.4.5 Child SA: Overview

The "Child SA" of a VPN tunnel is the IPsec phase. The purpose of this Phase is to negotiate the security parameters that will be applied to the data going through the VPN tunnel.

To configure Child SA parameters, select the Child SA in the Configuration Panel VPN tree. The parameters can be configured in the right-hand tabs of the Configuration Panel.

If any changes are made to a tunnel, it will appear in bold in the VPN tree. You do not need to save a VPN configuration for it to be taken into account. The tunnel can be tested with the modified configuration immediately.

13.4.6 Child SA: Child SA

VPN Client address	10 .	60		60		20		
VPN Client address	10 .	00	•	00	•	20		
Address type	Subnet a	ddre	SS					
Remote LAN address	192 .	168	•	175	•	0		
Subnet mask	255 .	255	•	255	•	0		
Country and the	Reque	est o	on	figura	atio	n from the ga	teway	
Cryptography Encryption	Auto				~]		
Integrity	Auto				~			
Diffie-Hellman	Auto				~			
Extended Sequence Number	No				~]		

Traffic selectors

VPN Client address	"Virtual" IP address of the workstation, the way it will be "seen" on the remote network. From a technical standpoint, it is the source IP address of the IP packets going through the IPsec tunnel.
Address type	The endpoint of the tunnel can be a network or a remote workstation.
Request configuration from the gateway	This option (also called "Configuration Payload" or "Mode CP") lets the VPN Client get all the information required for the VPN connection from the gateway: VPN Client addresses, remote network address, subnet mask and DNS addresses. When this option is checked, all corresponding fields are disabled (uneditable). They are filled in dynamically as the tunnel is opened with the values sent by the VPN gateway during the Mode CP exchange.
Cryptography	
Encryption	Encryption algorithm negotiated during the IPsec phase (1): Auto (2), AES CBC (128, 192, 256), AES CTR (128, 192, 256), AES GCM (128, 192, 256).

Integrity	Authentication algorithm negotiated during the IPsec phase (1): Auto (2), SHA2 256, SHA2 384, SHA2 512.
Diffie-Hellman	Length of Diffie-Hellman key (1): Auto (2), DH14 (MODP 2048), DH15 (MODP 3072), DH16 (MODP 4096), DH17 (MODP 6144), DH18 (MODP 8192), DH19 (ECP 256), DH20 (ECP 384), DH21 (ECP 521), No Diffie-Hellman.
Extended Sequence Number	Allows you to use 64-bit extended sequence numbers (see RFC 4304): Auto (2), No, Yes. We recommend using this mode.

(1) Refer to section 26 Security recommendations on the choice of algorithm.

(2) Auto means that the VPN Client automatically adapts to the gateway parameters.

Lifetime

Child SA Lifetime

Time interval, expressed in seconds, between two renegotiations. The default value for the Child SA lifetime is 1800 s (30 min).



As opposed to IKEv1, in IKEv2 lifetimes are not negotiated between the VPN Client and the gateway. This means that the lifetime of the tunnel will be exactly the lifetime configured in VPN Client.

IPv4/IPv6

IPv4/IPv6

∠ See section 17 IPv4 and IPv6.

Configuring the Address type

If the endpoint of the tunnel is a network, choose the "Subnet address" type and then enter the Remote LAN address and	Address type	Subnet address \checkmark
Subnet mask:	Remote LAN address	192 . 168 . 175 . 0
	Subnet mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
As an alternative, you can also select "Range address" and enter the Start and End addresses:	Address type	Range address \sim
	Start address	192 . 168 . 175 . 1
	End address	192 . 168 . 175 . 10
If the endpoint of the tunnel is a workstation, choose the "Single address" type and then enter the Remote host address:	Address type	Single address \sim
,	Remote host address	192 . 168 . 175 . 1

i

i

The function "Automatically open this tunnel on traffic detection" is used to automatically open a tunnel when traffic with one of the addresses specified in the address range is detected (provided that this address range is authorized in the VPN gateway configuration).

If the IP address of the VPN Client workstation is included in the address range for a remote network (e.g. @workstation IP=192.168.10.2 and @remote network=192.168.10.x), then opening a tunnel will prevent the workstation from communicating on the local network. All communications will go through the VPN tunnel.

"All traffic through the VPN tunnel" configuration

The VPN Client can be configured so that all the workstation's outbound traffic goes through the VPN tunnel. To implement this function, select "Subnet address" as the address type and specify "0.0.0.0" as the Remote LAN address and Subnet mask.



i

Several VPN Client configuration guides for various VPN gateways are available on our website at: https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/integration-guides/compatible-vpn-routers/.

13.4.7 Child SA: Advanced

Child SA	Advanced	Autom	ation R	emote Sha	aring			IPV4	IPV6
Alt	ernate ser	vers —							
	DNS	Suffix							
	Alternate s	ervers	Туре	IP Addre	ss				
(i	Add I	DNS							
	Add V	VINS							
Tur	nnel traffic	check							
			dress o	f the remo	te host	to pina:			
		Address		. 0 .					
	Check	interval		0 sec.	8				
Mis	cellaneous								
	D	isable Sp	lit Tunne	ling					

DNS Suffix	Domain suffix to be added to all machine names, e.g. "mozart.dev.thegreenbow". This is an optional parameter: When it is specified, the VPN Client will try to translate the machine address without adding the DNS suffix. However, if translation fails, the DNS suffix will be added, and the Client will try to translate the address again.						
Alternate servers	Table containing the IP addresses of the DNS (maximum 2) and WINS (maximis servers available on the remote network. The IP addresses will be IPv4 or IPv addresses depending on the network type configured in the "Child SA" tab.						
	i	When Mode CP is enabled (see the "Request configuration from the gateway" parameter in the "Child SA" tab), these fields will be grayed out (uneditable). They are automatically filled in as the tunnel is opened with the values sent by the VPN gateway during the Mode CP exchange.					

Tunnel traffic check

The VPN Client can be configured so that connectivity to the remote network is checked on a regular basis. If connectivity has been lost, the VPN Client will automatically close the tunnel and attempt to open it again.
The IPv4/IPv6 field is the address of a machine within the remote network, which should reply to pings sent by VPN Client. If a ping goes unanswered, the connection is considered lost.
If the tunnel is configured in IPv4 (see the button at the top right of the tab), then the IPv4 field is displayed. If the tunnel is configured in IPv6, then the IPv6 field is displayed.
The "Check interval" indicates the time interval in seconds between two pings sent by the VPN Client to the machine with the IP address specified above.
When this option is selected, only the traffic going through the tunnel is authorized. $r \gg$ See note (1) below.
_

(1) The "Disable Split Tunneling" configuration option increases the "leakproofness" of the workstation, provided that the VPN tunnel is open. More specifically, this function eliminates the risk of incoming data flows that do not go through the VPN tunnel. Combined with the "All traffic through the VPN tunnel" configuration (see section 13.3.6 Phase 2: IPsec), this option guarantees the complete leakproofness of the workstation provided the VPN tunnel is open. We recommend using this mode.

13.4.8 Child SA: Automation

∠ Refer to section 15 Automation.

13.4.9 Child SA: Remote sharing

∠ Refer to section 19 Remote Desktop Sharing.

13.5 Configuring an SSL VPN tunnel

13.5.1 Introduction

Versions 6 and later of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client can be used to open SSL VPN tunnels. SSL VPN tunnels established by the Windows Enterprise VPN Client are compatible with OpenVPN and can establish secure connections with all gateways implementing this protocol.

13.5.2 Main

Remote	Gateway			
	Interfa	ce Any		\sim
	Remote Gatewa	ay remotehost		
Authenti	cation			
		Select C	ertificate	
	thentication –			
Extra Au				
	Enabled	Popup whe	n tunnel opens	
	Enabled Log		n tunnel opens	
		in	n tunnel opens	

Remote Gateway

Interface	Name of the network interface on which the VPN connection is open. You can let the software automatically decide which interface to use by selecting "Any".
	Interface Any ~ Any Ethernet0
	We recommend choosing this option if the tunnel being configured is to be deployed on a different workstation.
Remote Gateway	IP (IPv4 or IPv6) or DNS address of the remote VPN gateway. This field is mandatory.
Authentication	
Select Certificate	Choose a certificate for VPN connection authentication. → Refer to the dedicated section: 18 Managing certificates.
Extra Authentica	ation
Extra authentication	This option increases the security level by asking the user to enter a login name and password whenever a tunnel is opened.
	When the box "Popup when tunnel opens" is checked, users will be prompted for their login name and password whenever they open the tunnel. When it is unchecked, the login name and password must be entered here permanently. Users therefore will not need to enter them every time they open the tunnel.

13.5.3 Security

Authentication	Security	Gateway	Establish	ment	Automation	Certificate	Remote Sharing
							_
Initial Au	Initial Authentication (TLS)						
		Securi	ty Suite	Auto	~		
			.,	Auto			
Traffic Se	ecurity Su	ite ——					
						_	
		Authen	tication	Auto	~		
		End	ryption	Auto	~		
		Comp	ression	Auto	~		
Extra HM	IAC (TLS-	Auth) —					
(i) [Enabled		Key D	Directio	n	\sim	
						~	
						~	

Initial Authentication (TLS)

Security Suite

This parameter is used to configure the security level of the authentication phase during the SSL exchange.

- Auto: All cryptography suites (except null) are sent to the gateway, which will use the best fit.
- Low: Only weak cryptography suites are sent to the gateway. In the current version, these are suites that use 64 or 56-bit encryption algorithms.
- Normal: Only "medium" cryptography suites are sent to the gateway. In the current version, these are suites that use 128-bit encryption algorithms.
- High: Only strong cryptography suites are sent to the gateway. In the current version, these are suites that use 128-bit or higher encryption algorithms.

For further information: https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.1/man1/ciphers.html

Traffic Security Suite

Authentication	Authentication algorithm negotiated for traffic: Auto (1), MD5, SHA-1, SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512.		
	If the "Extra HMAC" option is enabled (see below), the authentication algorithm cannot be set to "Auto". It will have to be configured explicitly and must be identical to the one chosen at the gateway end.		
Encryption	Traffic encryption algorithm: Auto (1), BF-CBC-128, AES-128-CBC, AES-192-CBC, AES-256-CBC.		
Compression	Traffic compression: Auto (1), Lz0, No, Lz4.		
Extra HMAC (N Client automatically adapts to the gateway parameters. TLS-Auth)		
Extra HMAC	This option adds an authentication layer to the packets exchanged between the VPN Client and the VPN gateway. For this option to be fully operational, it must also be configured on the gateway (on gateways, this option is often referred to as "TLS-Auth").		
	If this option is enabled, a key must be entered in the field below the checked box. The same key must also be entered on the gateway. It consists of a string of hexadecimal characters, in the following format:		
	BEGIN Static key 362722d4fbff4075853fbe6991689c36 b371f99aa7df0852ec70352122aee7be		

515354236503e382937d1b59618e5a4a cb488b5dd8ce9733055a3bdc17fb3d2d -----END Static key-----

The "Key Direction" must also be defined:

- BiDir: The specified key is used in both directions (default mode)
- Client: The key direction must be defined as "Server" on the gateway
- Server: The key direction must be defined as "Client" on the gateway

13.5.4 Gateway

Authentication 9	Security	Gateway	Establishment	Automation	Certificate	Remote Sharing
Dead Peer	Detectio	on (DPD)				
Pi	ng Gatewa	ay (s) 0		ad Peer	lose tunnel	
Dete	ect Gatewa	ay (s) 0		OF	le-open tunn	el
Gateway r	elated p	aramete	rs			
		Explicit Ex	it			
		Check	Gateway Certific	ate Yes	~	
		Che	ck Gateway Opti	ons Apply	~	
Validate the su gateway	bjet of the certificate					
Redundan	t Gateway	/				
Miscellane	ous —					
	isable Spli	t Tunneling	1			

Dead Peer Detection (DPD)

The Dead Peer Detection (DPD) function enables both endpoints of the tunnel to mutually make sure the other one is active. (1)

Ping Gateway	Period, expressed in seconds, between two pings sent by the VPN Client to the gateway. Sending this ping enables the gateway to determine whether the VPN Client is still active.		
Detect Gateway	Time, expressed in seconds, after which the gateway is considered down if no ping has been received.		
On Dead Peer Detection	When the gateway is detected as unavailable (i.e. once the "Detect Gateway" time has expired), the tunnel can be closed, or the VPN Client may try to open it again.		

(1) The DPD function is enabled once the tunnel is open. When linked to a redundant gateway, DPD allows the VPN Client to automatically switch between gateways when one of them is unavailable.

Gateway-related parameters

Explicit exit	This parameter configures the VPN Client to send a specific VPN tunnel closing frame to the gateway when closing the tunnel.
	If this option is not selected, the gateway will use DPD to close the tunnel at its end, which is less effective.

Check Gateway Certificate	Specifies the control level of the gateway's certificate. In the current version, two levels are available: - Yes (the validity of the certificate is verified) - No (the validity of the certificate is not verified) The "Lite" option is reserved for future use and, in the current version, it is equivalent to "Yes".
Check Gateway Options	 Used to determine the coherence level between the VPN tunnel and gateway parameters (encryption algorithms, compression, etc.). Yes: Coherence is verified for all VPN parameters. The VPN tunnel will not open if any parameter is different. No: Coherence is not verified before opening the tunnel. The VPN tunnel will try to open, even though no traffic may pass through because certain parameters are not consistent. Lite: Consistency between the VPN Client and the gateway is only verified for essential parameters. Apply: Gateway parameters will be applied.
Validate the subject of the gateway certificate	If this field is filled in, the VPN Client will check that the subject of the certificate received from the gateway is, indeed, the one specified.
Redundant gateway	Defines the address of a spare VPN gateway that the VPN Client will switch to when the initial gateway is unavailable or unreachable. The address of the redundant VPN gateway can be either an IP or a DNS address.
Other	
Disable Split Tunneling	When this option is selected, only the traffic going through the tunnel is authorized. The "Disable Split Tunneling" configuration option increases the "leakproofness" of the workstation, provided that the VPN tunnel is open. More specifically, this function eliminates the risk of incoming data flows that do not go through the VPN tunnel.

13.5.5 Establishment

Authentication	Security	Gateway	Establishment	Automation	Certificate	Remote Sharing
Key Rene	egotiatio	n ———				
Byt	es (KB))	Lifeti	me (sec) 3	600	
F	Packets)				
Tunnel O	ptions —					
Physic	IfMTU)	Tun	nel IPV4 Au	ito ~	•
Tunn	el MTU)	Tun	nel IPV6 Au	ıto ∨	•
Tunnel E	stablishn	ient Optio	ns			
Po	rt 1194			timeout 15	j	
Retra	nsmissions	2	Traffic setup	timeout 10		
Traffic —						
Traffic d	letection to	o open tunn	el Tunr	el traffic che	ck	
IPV4		1	IP	/4		
IPV6		1	IP	/6		

Key Renegotiation

Bytes, Packets, Lifetime	 Keys can be renegotiated when any of the three criteria (which can be combined) expire: Traffic volume, expressed in KB Quantity of packets, expressed in number of packets Lifetime, expressed in seconds If more than one criterion is set, keys will be renegotiated when the first of these expires. 		
Tunnel Options			
Physical interface MTU	Maximum size of OpenVPN packets. Used to set a packet size so that OpenVPN frames are not fragmented at the network level. The default value for MTU is 0, meaning that the software will use the MTU value of the physical interface.		

	the physical interface.
Tunnel MTU	Virtual interface MTU. When values have been entered, we recommend setting a lower value for the tunnel MTU than that of the physical interface MTU. By default, the MTU is set to 0, meaning that the software will use the MTU value of the physical interface less one fixed delta value.

Tunnel IPv4	Defines the VPN Client's behavior when it receives an IPv4 configuration from the gateway:
	 Auto: Accepts the information sent by the gateway Yes: Checks whether the information sent by the gateway matches the configured behavior. If this is not the case, a warning message is displayed on the console and the tunnel is not established. No: Ignore
	Please make sure that the "Tunnel IPv4" and "Tunnel IPv6" options are not both set to "No".
Tunnel IPv6	Defines the VPN Client's behavior when it receives an IPv6 configuration from the gateway:
	 Auto: Accepts the information sent by the gateway Yes: Checks whether the information sent by the gateway matches the configured behavior. If this is not the case, a warning message is displayed on the console and the tunnel is not established. No: Ignore
	Please make sure that the "Tunnel IPv4" and "Tunnel IPv6" options are not both set to "No".

Tunnel Establishment Options

Port/TCP	Port number used to establish the tunnel. The default port value is set to 1194. The tunnel will use UDP by default. The "TCP" option is used to transport the tunnel over TCP.
Authentication Timeout	Time allowed to establish the authentication phase. When this time expires, it is assumed that the tunnel will not open. When this timeout expires, the tunnel is closed.
Retransmissions	Number of retries for sending a protocol message. If there is no response by the time the defined number of retries is reached, the tunnel is closed.
Traffic setup timeout	Tunnel establishment phase: time after which the tunnel is closed, if not all the steps have been completed.

Traffic

ITamo	
Traffic detection to open the tunnel	With OpenVPN, the remote network's details are not configured (they are automatically obtained during the tunnel opening exchange with the gateway). To implement traffic detection with OpenVPN, the remote network's details must therefore be stated explicitly. That is the purpose of the IPv4 and IPv6 fields.
	It is not mandatory to fill in both fields.
	The IP field is a sub-network address, configured as an IP address and a prefix length. Example: IP = 192.168.1.0 / 24: the first 24 bits of the IP address are taken into account, i.e. the network: 192.168.1.x
	These parameters are linked to the traffic detection function. The "Automatically open this tunnel on traffic detection" box must be checked on the " <u>Automation</u> " tab for the IPv4 and IPv6 fields to be enabled.
Tunnel traffic check	If these fields are filled in, the VPN Client will try to ping these addresses after opening the VPN tunnel. The connection status (reply to pings or no reply to pings) is shown in the console.
	It is not mandatory to fill in both fields.
	No particular steps are taken if the ping goes unanswered.

13.5.6 Automation

∠ Refer to section 15 Automation.

13.5.7 Certificate

∠ Refer to section 18 Managing certificates.

13.5.8 Remote sharing

∠ Refer to section 19 Remote Desktop Sharing.

14 Redundant gateway

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client can be used to manage a redundant VPN gateway.

When combined with Dead Peer Detection (DPD) settings, this function allows the VPN Client to automatically switch to the redundant gateway as soon as the main gateway is detected as being down or unavailable.

If the DPD is lost and a redundant gateway has been configured, the tunnel will automatically try to open again. You can configure a redundant gateway that is identical to the main one, in order to benefit from the automatic reopening mode without actually having to use two gateways.

The algorithm for taking into account the redundant gateway is as follows: The VPN Client contacts the initial gateway to open the VPN tunnel. If the tunnel cannot be opened after N attempts, the VPN Client contacts the redundant gateway.

The same algorithm applies to the redundant gateway: If the redundant gateway is unavailable.

the VPN Client will try to open the VPN tunnel with the initial gateway.



The VPN Client will not try to contact the redundant gateway if the initial gateway can be reached, but issues are experienced when opening the tunnel.

15 Automation

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client can perform automated actions for each VPN tunnel, such as switching to a fallback tunnel, opening the tunnel automatically if certain criteria are met, running batches or scripts at various stages while opening or closing a tunnel, etc.

These automated actions can be performed on any type of tunnel: IKEv1, IKEv2 and SSL.

These automated actions are configured for each tunnel type on the "Automation" tab of the corresponding tunnel: Phase 2 (IKEv1), Child SA (IKEv2) or TLS (SSL).

Authentication Security Gatewa	y Establishment	Automation	Certificate	Remote Sharing
Tunnel fallback				
TunnerTunback				
Tunnel to switch to	None		~	/
Message to display				
Fallback retries	0			
	Allow the user	to refuse the	fallback.	
Automatic Open mode —				
Automatically open this	tunnel when VPN	Client starts a	fter logon.	
Automatically open this	tunnel when USB	stick is inserte	d.	
Automatically open this	tunnel on traffic (detection.		
Gina mode				
dilla mode				
Enable before Windows	s logon.			
Automatically open this	tunnel when Gina	starts at logo	n	
Scripts				
-				
Run this script :				
Before tunnel opens			Browse	
When tunnel is opened			Browse	
Before tunnel closes			Browse	
After tunnel is closed			Browse	

Tunnel fallback

∠ Refer to section 16 Fallback tunnel.

Automatic Open mode

Automatically open this tunnel when VPN Client starts after logon.	The tunnel will automatically open when the VPN Client is started.
Automatically open this tunnel when USB stick is inserted.	If the tunnel is part of a configuration on a USB drive (see section 22 USB mode), it will automatically be opened when the USB drive is inserted.
	If the tunnel is configured with a certificate stored on a smart card or token, it will automatically be opened when the smart card or token is inserted.

Automatically open this tunnel on	The tunnel will automatically open when traffic is detected that is heading towards
traffic detection.	an IP address on the remote network.

GINA mode

Enable before Windows logon	This option specifies that the VPN connection can be opened before the Windows logon: It appears in the GINA connections window (see section 23 GINA mode below).
Automatically open this tunnel when GINA starts at logon	When this option is enabled, the tunnel will automatically open before the Windows logon. This option is enabled if the option "Enable before Windows logon" is selected.

Scripts

Before tunnel opens	The specified command line is executed before the tunnel opens.
When tunnel is opened	The specified command line is executed as soon as the tunnel is open.
Before tunnel closes	The specified command line is executed before the tunnel closes.
After tunnel is closed	The specified command line is executed as soon as the tunnel is closed.

The command lines can be as follows:

- Calling a "batch" file, e.g. C:\vpn\batch\script.bat
- Running a program, e.g. C:\Windows\notepad.exe
- Opening a web page, e.g. https://my.site
- etc.

There are many possible applications, such as the following:

- Creating a semaphore file when the tunnel is open, so that a third-party application can detect the instant when the tunnel is open
- Opening one of the company's intranet servers automatically once the tunnel is open
- Cleaning or checking a configuration before opening the tunnel
- Checking the workstation (antivirus is up-to-date, correct versions of applications, etc.) before opening the tunnel
- Automatic cleaning (file deletion) of a workspace on the workstation before closing the tunnel



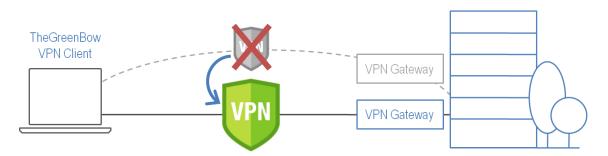
Scripts cannot be configured for a tunnel configured in GINA mode. Data entry fields are disabled.

- Application for counting openings, closings, and durations of VPN tunnels
- Changing the network configuration, once the tunnel has been opened, then restoring the initial network configuration once the tunnel has been closed
- etc.

16 Fallback tunnel

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is equipped with a fallback tunnel function, which automatically attempts to open a second tunnel if the first one cannot be opened.

Fallback tunnel



This function can be configured on the "Automation" tab of each tunnel (IKEv1, IKEv2 or SSL).

Tunnel de repli	
Repli vers le tunnel	(IKEv2) Ikev2Gateway-Ikev2Tunnel \sim
Message à afficher	Attention: tunnel de repli
Nombre d'essais	1
	🗹 Autoriser l'utilisateur à refuser le repli

Tunnel to switch to	This field displays the list of tunnels to which the software can automatically switch if the current tunnel is unavailable.
Message to display	As this function can automatically switch from one tunnel to another, with the second being, for example, less secure than the first, this option is used to display a warning message to the user. This message will be displayed every time the connection switches to the fallback tunnel.
Max. number of retries	The number of fallback attempts is set to avoid infinite switching loops (tunnel 1 falling back to tunnel 2 falling back in turn to tunnel 1).
Allow the user to refuse the fallback	Used to configure the fallback function so that the user gets to decide whether to fall back from one tunnel to another.

17 IPv4 and IPv6

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is compatible with IPv4 and IPv6 protocols, both for communicating with the gateway and with the remote network. The VPN Client allows you to combine the use of IPv4 and IPv6, for example to open a secure IPv4 connection in a VPN tunnel transported over IPv6.

The choice between IPv4 and IPv6 is made either based on the IP address if it is digital or based on the DNS resolution. In the latter case, the resolution of the gateway name will provide an IPv4 or IPv6 IP address, or both. If both are provided, preference is given to the IPv4 address.

For IKEv1 and IKEv2 VPN tunnels, the IPv4 or IPv6 protocol configuration can be accessed in the top-right corner of the IPsec (for Phases 2 of IKEv1 tunnels) or Child SA (for Child SA of IKEv2 tunnels) tab.

The IP protocol configured using the IPv4/IPv6 button is exactly the same as the protocol used on the remote network.

Child SA	Advanced Automation Re	mote Sharing	IPV4 IPV6	Child SA Advar	nced Automation	Remote Sharing	IPV4 IPV6
Tra	affic selectors	0.0.0.0		Traffic se	VPN Client addres	is ::	
	Address type Remote LAN address Subnet mask	Subnet address V 0 . 0 . 0 0 . 0 . 0 . 0			Address typ Remote LAN addres Prefix lengt	is :::	
i	-	een IPv4 and IPv6 ha tion button therefore		-			

For SSL tunnels, the protocol configuration is detected automatically. No configuration is required. Moreover, an SSL tunnel can manage IPv4 and IPv6 traffic simultaneously inside the same tunnel. Unlike for IKEv1 or IKEv2, it is not necessary to configure two separate tunnels.

18 Managing certificates



The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is the VPN connection software for which the innovations in terms of PKI integration are the most advanced on the market. The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is compatible with every PKI on the market in a flexible, scalable, vastly customizable manner, with many automated actions available.

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client includes an unparalleled selection of interfacing functions with all types of certificates, issued by any PKI, and on any type of storage device, such as token, smart card, certificate store, etc.

More specifically, the Windows Enterprise VPN Client implements the following functions and features:

- Use of any type of certificates storage medium: token, smart card, certificate store, file, VPN configuration, USB drive
- Specification of the certificate storage medium to be used: automatic selection between several competing media
- PKCS#11, CSP (IKEv1 only), and CNG access to tokens and smart cards
- Support for X.509 certificate formats: PKCS#12, PEM, PFX
- Select certificates to be used according to multiple criteria: subject, key usage, etc.
- Management of certificates on user's side (the VPN Client's side), such as VPN gateway certificates, including validity dates, certificate chains, root certificates, and CRL management
- Certification authority management (Certificate Authority: CA)
- Validation of client and gateway certificates: mutual authentication with identical or different certification authorities (import specific CAs)
- Use of private keys in PKCS#1 and PKCS#8 format
- Possible pre-configuration of all PKI parameters for an automatic integration during installation

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client provides additional security features for PKI management, such as automatically opening or closing a tunnel upon insertion or removal of the smart card, or even the ability to configure the PKI and smart card interface in the software setup file in order to automate deployment.

The list of smart card readers and tokens compatible with the Windows Enterprise VPN Client is available on the TheGreenBow website at: <u>https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/integration-guides/compatible-vpn-tokens/</u>.

The certificates to be used are configured and specified in three steps as follows:

- 1/ The "Certificate" tab of the relevant tunnel: Phase 1 (IKEv1), IKE Auth (IKEv2) or TLS (SSL)
- 2/ The "PKI Options" tab of the "Tools > Options" window in the Configuration Panel
- 3/ A configuration file for tokens and smart cards: vpnconf.ini—refer to the "Deployment Guide".

18.1 Selecting a certificate ("Certificate" tab)

The VPN Client can assign a user certificate to a VPN tunnel. There can only be one certificate per tunnel, but each tunnel can have its own certificate. The VPN Client allows you to choose a stored certificate:

- In the VPN configuration file (see below "Importing a certificate")
- In the Windows Certificate Store (see below "Windows Certificate Store")
- On a smart card or token (see below "Configuring a smart card or token")

The "Certificate" tab for the relevant tunnel lists all accessible storage media that contain certificates.

- The token or smart card is compatible with CNG, CSP (IKEv1 only), or PKCS#11
- The token or smart card middleware is correctly installed on the computer
- Where appropriate, the smart card is correctly inserted into the corresponding reader

If a medium does not contain any certificates, it simply will not appear in the list (e.g. if the VPN configuration file does not contain any certificates, it will not appear in the list).

For smart card readers, the reader is displayed with a warning icon in front, if the smart card is not inserted.

Windows Personal Certificate Store

ACS CCID USB Reader 0

Clicking the desired medium displays the list of certificates it contains.

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Only available certificates that have not expired are displayed.

Click the desired certificate to assign it to the VPN tunnel.

Choose a Certificate in the list be button 'Import Certificate'.	elow, or select a new Certifi	cate by clicking on the
Certificate Common Name Windows Personal Certific Automatic selection	Delivered by	Expires
3a8b9a79-8208-44b4	= net	04-17-2030
View Certificate Impor	t Certificate CA Ma	nagement

Once a certificate has been selected, the "View Certificate" button will show detailed information about the certificate.

	Details	Certification Pa	th		
Show:	<all></all>		~		
Field			Value	^	
Se Se	rial numb	er	02		
Sig Sig	gnature a	gorithm	sha 1RSA		
📑 Sig	gnature h	ash algorithm	sha1		
Is	suer		test@thegreenb	ow.com, INF,	
	lid from		jeudi 15 janvier 2015 10:52:29		
	lid to		dimanche 12 jan		
Contraction of Street, or other	bject			nbow.com, IN	
I I I PI	ihlic kev		RSA (1024 Rite)		
2.5.4. CN = 0 OU = 0	41 = INF dient1 Demo BTEST ris F	greenbow.com			
			Edit Properties	Copy to File	

Once a certificate has been selected, the tunnel's Local ID type will automatically switch to "X509 subject" or "DER ASN1 DN" and the certificate's subject will be used as the default value of this "Local ID".

Identity			
Local ID	Subject from X509	~	C = FR, ST = IDF, L = Paris, O = TG
Remote ID		~	

18.2 Importing a certificate

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client can import certificates in PEM or PKCS12 format to the VPN configuration. This solution is less secure than using the Windows Certificate Store, a token, or a smart card, but it makes it easier to transport certificates.

This solution has the advantage of combining the certificate (user-specific) and the VPN configuration (generic) in a single file, which can easily be sent to the user's workstation and imported into the VPN Client.

Nevertheless, the disadvantage of transporting certificates in a VPN configuration is that each configuration then becomes user-specific. We therefore do not recommend this solution for a substantial deployment.



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Whenever you import a certificate into a VPN configuration, we strongly recommend that you protect the configuration file with a password when you export it (see section 12.2 Exporting a VPN configuration) so that the certificate does not become visible in clear text.

Importing a PEM certificate

- 1/ On the Certificate tab of a Phase 2, click "Import Certificate...".
- 2/ Choose "PEM Format".
- 3/ Click "Browse" to select the root and user certificates as well as the user's private key to import.

i	The file containing the private key may not be encrypted.

4/ Confirm.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise X	TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise X
Import a new Certificate	Import a new Certificate
Choose below the new certificate format:	Import a PEM Certificate in the VPN Configuration file. Root Certificate Import a PEM Service User Certificate Browse User Private Key Browse
Next > Cancel	< Previous OK Cancel

The certificate is shown and is selected in the certificate list displayed on the "Certificate" tab. Save the VPN configuration: The certificate will be saved in the VPN configuration.

Importing a PKCS#12 certificate

- 1/ On the Certificate tab of a Phase 2, click "Import Certificate...".
- 2/ Choose "P12 Format".
- 3/ Click "Browse" to select the PKCS12 certificate to import.
- 4/ If it is password-protected, enter the password and confirm.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise X
Import a new Certificate	Import a new Certificate
Choose below the new certificate format: O PEM Format PI2 Format	Import a P12 Certificate in the VPN Configuration file. P12 Certificate
Next > Cancel	< Previous OK Cancel

The certificate is shown and is selected in the certificate list displayed on the "Certificate" tab. Save the VPN configuration: The certificate will be saved in the VPN configuration.

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18.3 Windows Certificate Store

For the Windows Enterprise VPN Client to identify a certificate available in the Windows Certificate Store, the certificate must meet the following criteria:

- The certificate must be certified by a certification authority (which excludes self-signed certificates)
- The certificate must be located in the "Personal" Certificate Store (it represents the personal identity of the user who wants to open a VPN tunnel to the corporate network)

Microsoft provides a standard management tool (certmgr.msc) to manage the certificates in the Windows Certificate Store. To run this tool, go to the Windows "Start" menu and then enter "certmgr.msc" in the "Search for programs or files" field.

18.4 PKI options: specifying the certificate and its storage device

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client provides several ways in which to specify the certificate to use as well as the smart cards or tokens: automated actions to find the token to use, criteria for selecting the certificate to use, deployment options, or options to specify new tokens, etc.

This feature is available under the "More PKI options" link at the bottom of the "Certificate" tab and on the "PKI options" tab of the Options configuration window.

18.5 VPN gateway certificate

We recommend forcing the Windows Enterprise VPN Client to check the certificate chain of the certificate received from the VPN gateway (default behavior).

To do this, you need to import the root certificate and all certificates in the certificate chain (root certification authority and intermediate certification authorities) to the configuration file.

If the option is checked, the VPN Client will also use the Certificate Revocation List (CRL) of the various certification authorities.

If these CRLs are not in the certificate store, or if these CRLs cannot be downloaded when the VPN tunnel is opened, the VPN Client will not be able to validate the gateway certificate.

Checking each item in the chain implies the following:

- Checking gateway certificate expiration date
- Checking certificate validity start date
- Checking signatures of all certificates in the certificate chain (including root certificate, intermediate certificates, and server certificate)
- Updating CRLs of all certificate issuers in the certificate chain
- Checking that none of the certificates concerned have been revoked in the corresponding CRL lists

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18.6 Managing certification authorities

If the Windows Enterprise VPN Client is configured to check the client and gateway certificates, you may need to import Certification Authorities (CAs) in addition to the certificates used.

This is particularly the case any time the software is unable to find the gateway certificate's CA locally, i.e. in the following situations:

- 1/ The gateway certificate's CA is different from the client's, and this gateway CA is not available/accessible on the workstation.
- 2/ The gateway certificate's CA is the same as the client's, but the client's CA is stored on a token or smart card. In this case, the software cannot access it.
- 3/ The EAP mode is selected (this mode does not require a client certificate), and the gateway certificate's CA is not available/accessible on the workstation.

As of version 6.8 of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client, for security reasons, the Windows Certificate Store can no longer be used to access CAs.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise		×
Certificate Authority	Manageme	ent
Certificate Common Name	Delivered by	Expires
View CA Add		ete CA
	LA De	ete CA
	OK C	ancel

- 1/ In the "Certificate Authority Management" window, click "Add CA".
- 2/ Choose the desired CA certificate type (PEM or DER).
- 3/ Select ("Browse") the CA to import.

In the current version of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client, you cannot add more than three CAs to a configuration.

18.7 Using a VPN tunnel with a certificate stored on a smart card or token

When a VPN tunnel is configured to use a certificate stored on a smart card or token, users will be prompted for the PIN code required to access this smart card every time a tunnel is opened.

If the smart card is not inserted or the token cannot be accessed, the tunnel will not open.

If the certificate found does not meet the configured criteria (see section 18.4 PKI options: specifying the certificate and its storage device above), the tunnel will not open.

If an incorrect PIN code is entered, the Windows Enterprise VPN Client will show a warning, informing users that they only have three consecutive attempts to unlock the smart card.

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client implements a mechanism to automatically detect smart card insertion. Tunnels that are associated with a certificate stored on a smart card will therefore be established automatically when the smart card is inserted. Likewise, removing the smart card will close all the corresponding tunnels. To implement this function, check "Automatically open this tunnel when a USB stick is inserted" (see section 15 Automation).

19 Remote Desktop Sharing

Opening a "Remote desktop" session on a Windows computer over the internet usually requires that you establish a secure connection and enter the connection parameters (address of the remote computer, etc.).

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to simplify and automatically secure the opening of a Remote Desktop session: The VPN connection to the remote workstation is established and the Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) session automatically opens on this remote workstation with a single click.



To set up Remote Desktop Sharing, proceed as follows:

- 1/ Select the VPN tunnel (Phase 2, Child SA, or TLS) in which the "Remote desktop" session will be opened.
- 2/ Select the "Remote Sharing" tab.
- 3/ Enter an alias for the connection (the name will be used to identify the connection in the various software menus), then enter the IP address or the Windows name of the remote workstation.
- 4/ Click "Add". The Remote Desktop Sharing (RDP) session will be added to the list of sessions.

Child SA Advanced Automation Remote Sharing	IPV4 IPV6	Child SA Advanced Automation Remote Sharing	IPV4 IPV6
Enter below the IP address of the remote computer you want to connect to, and choose an alias.	6	Enter below the IP address of the remote computer you connect to, and choose an alias.	want to
Alias Corporate_desktop		Alias	
or IP address		Computer name or IP address Add	
Alias Name or IP address		Alias Name or IP address	

To open this RDP connection with a single click, we recommend displaying it specifically in the Connection Panel using the function described in detail in the section entitled "Configuring the Connection Panel" below.

20 Configuring the Connection Panel

The Connection Panel of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client is entirely configurable.



VPN connections can be VPN tunnels or "Remote desktop" connections, i.e. a VPN tunnel for which the "Remote desktop" function has been specified.

A window that can be accessed from the "Tools > Connections Configuration" menu allows you to manage VPN connections in the Connection Panel, i.e. creating, naming, and sorting them.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise		×
Connections Configuration	on	
TgbTest-TgbTest Ikev IGateway-Ikev ITunnel X Corporate Network X	General Always-On TND	
	Connection name: TgbTest-TgbTest	
	Connection tunnel: (IKEv2) TgbTest-TgbTest	~
Add a new connection	ОК	Cancel

The configuration window in the Connection Panel is used for the following actions:

- Choosing the VPN connections that are shown in the Connection Panel
- Creating and sorting VPN connections
- Renaming VPN connections
- Configure Always-On in the TrustedConnect Panel
- Configure Trusted Network Detection (TND) in the TrustedConnect Panel

The left side of the window shows the list of connections as they appear in the Connection Panel.

The right side contains the following three tabs:

- General
- Always-On
- TND

The General tab shows the parameters of each connection: its name, the associated VPN tunnel and possibly the Remote Desktop Sharing (RDP) connection, if it has been configured.

To create a new VPN connection, click "Add a new connection", choose a name and select the corresponding VPN tunnel. If a Remote Desktop Sharing connection is configured, an option used to select it automatically appears below the selected tunnel. Once they have been confirmed, changes made in the Connection Panel configuration window instantly appear in the Connection Panel.

The Always-On and TND tabs are described in the next section: Managing the TrustedConnect Panel.



The configuration of the Connection Panel is stored in the VPN configuration file. Therefore, it can be exported into .tgb files, which are useful for deploying an identical Connection Panel across all workstations.

21 Managing the TrustedConnect Panel

The TrustedConnect Panel is described in section 10 TrustedConnect Panel. It allows you to automatically open a VPN connection when you're outside the trusted network and keep the connection open even if the network interface changes.

For it to be taken into account, this VPN connection must meet the following conditions:

- 1/ The VPN connection must be the first VPN connection defined in the Connection Panel. To configure this first connection, refer to section 20 Managing the Connection Panel below.
- 2/ The VPN connection must be configured in IKEv2.

The following functions of the TrustedConnect Panel can be configured:

- Exclude network interfaces from Always-On
- Detect the trusted network (TND)
- Manage extraction from smart cards
- Manage scripts linked to the VPN tunnel
- Minimize the 'HMI
- Purge log files

21.1 Always-On

21.1.1 Operating principle

The Always-On feature, which is always enabled with the TrustedConnect Panel, ensures that the connection remains secure whenever the network interface changes.

The following network interfaces are supported:

- Virtual adapter (e.g. vmware)
 - Wi-Fi
 - Ethernet
 - USB modem (i.e. smartphone)
 - Bluetooth modem (i.e. smartphone)

The following network events trigger automatic tunnel reconnection (and, where appropriate, detection of the trusted network), unless they have been explicitly excluded (see section 21.1.2 Configuring Always-On):

- Connection to a network (API addresses ignored)
- Disconnection from a network
- An adapter changes IP address or DHCP switches to static or vice versa
- ipconfig /release
- ipconfig /renew
- Switch to airplane mode

21.1.2 Configuring Always-On

The Always-On feature is enabled as soon as the TrustedConnect Panel is used for open a VPN tunnel. You can configure it to exclude certain network interfaces from automatic reconnection to the VPN tunnel.

The Always-On tab in the Connections Configuration window allows you to configure the settings for the Always-On feature:

TheGreenBow VPN Enterpris	e		×
Connections C	Configurati	on	
TgbTest-TgbTest	↑ ¥	General Always-On TND The Always-On function maintains connection security whenever the network interface changes. Network interfaces to ignore Network interfaces to ignore Vmnet * Vmnet * + Advanced parameters	
Add a new connection		OK Cancel	

Network interfaces to ignore	Network interfaces can be excluded from Always-On monitoring. An interface is excluded
Network interfaces to ignore	using the "description" property (visible with ipconfig /all).
	The value of this parameter must contain part or all of the "description" field of the network interface to be excluded. If the value only contains part of the description, then any interface whose "description" field contains the value defined will be excluded from monitoring.
	The values of this parameter are not case sensitive (all character strings are converted to lowercase before comparison).
	You can specify several network interfaces to exclude by specifying the parts of their respective descriptions separated by a comma.
	Example: To exclude any interface whose description field contains the character strings Hyper-V and vmnet, enter Hyper-V, vmnet.
Delay before action	The time required to take into account a new network interface varies from one system to the next. If it is too long, it may interfere with the TND mechanism, which may lead the VPN Client to attempt establishing a VPN connection even though the workstation is connected to the trusted network. To avoid this issue, this parameter is used to delay the triggering of the TND mechanism
	(see next section).
	It is expressed in milliseconds. If the default value needs to be changed, we recommend specifying a value greater than or equal to 3000 ms.
	By default, the value is equal to 0 and the TND mechanism is started immediately, which is suitable in most cases.

21.2 Trusted Network Detection (TND)

21.2.1 Operating principle

This feature consists in detecting whether the workstation is connected to the corporate network (trusted network) or not. When the VPN Client detects that workstation is not on the corporate network, the predefined tunnel is opened automatically. This feature is referred to as Trusted Network Detection (TND) in this document.

The TrustedConnect Panel uses the following two methods to detect whether the workstation is on a trusted network or not:

- 1/ It checks whether the DNS suffixes of the network interfaces available on the workstation are part of the list of trusted DNS suffixes (list configured in the software, see below).
- 2/ Automatically accesses a trusted web server in HTTPS mode and checks that its certificate is valid.

The two methods are used in combination to detect whether the workstation is on a trusted network: the VPN Client starts by testing whether a trusted DNS suffix is available; if none are found, the VPN Client does not continue the test and concludes that the workstation is not connected to the trusted network; if it does find one, it continues the test sequence by verifying the access to the trusted server and the validity of its certificate.

At the first accessible trusted server found whose certificate is valid, the VPN Client concludes that the workstation is connected to the trusted network.

In all of the following other cases, the VPN Client concludes that the workstation is not connected to the trusted network and automatically attempts to open the configured VPN connection:

- No DNS suffix has been found in the list of trusted DNS suffixes
- The list of trusted DNS suffixes is empty
- The list of trusted server URLs is empty
- No trusted server is accessible or none has a valid certificate

Therefore, to enable the Trusted Network Detection (TND) feature, the following parameters must be configured:

- A list of DNS suffixes

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- A list of trusted server URLs

On some workstations, a few seconds are required before the interface is ready to transmit when a network interface appears. To mitigate this time delay, there is a "Delay before action" option on the "Always-On" tab (see previous section).

21.2.2 Configuring TND

The TND tab in the Connections Configuration window allows you to configure the settings for the Trusted Network Detection feature:

TheGreenBow VPN Enterpr	ise		×
Connections	Configuratio	on	
TgbTest-TgbTest	↑ X	General Always-On TND The Trusted Network Detection function checks if the device is inside the trusted network by checking DNS suffixes, then identifying a beacon. Trusted network DNS suffixes trusted.com trusted network beacons beacon 1.trusted.com trusted network beacons beacon 1.trusted.com trusted network beacons	
Add a new connectio	n	OK Cancel	

Trusted network DNS suffixes	This parameter defines the list of trusted DNS suffixes.
	This list can be empty or contain several DNS suffixes. The suffixes must be separated by a comma in the list, without any blank spaces.
Trusted network beacons	This parameter defines the list of trusted server URLs to use.
	The list of URLs can be empty: the VPN Client will then fall back to the list of DNS suffixes to determine whether the workstation is connected to the trusted network or not. This list can contain several trusted trusted server URLs. The VPN Client will then successively test all the URLs and all the certificates associated with each server until it finds one that is accessible and valid. The URLs must be separated by a comma in the list, without any blank spaces. There is no need to add the "https://" prefix to an URL.
Beacons port	This parameter defines the port to be used to reach trusted servers.
	Only one port that will be used for all URLs can be configured. If this parameter is not configured, the VPN Client will use the port 443 by default.

Visually identify direct connection to the trusted network	This option adds a visual cue to the TrustedConnect Panel to indicate that the VPN Client is connected to the trusted network.
	If the box is checked, the taskbar icon and the color of the circle in the panel is blue when the machine is connected to the trusted network and green when a tunnel is open. If the box is unchecked, the taskbar icon and the color of the circle in the panel remains green in both cases. No distinction is made between the trusted network and an open tunnel.

21.3 Scripts

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The TrustedConnect Panel can run scripts when a tunnel is opened or closed. To configure this feature, refer to section 15 Automation.

21.4 Minimizing the panel

The time delay and minimization type only apply to automatic minimization of the TrustedConnect Panel upon detection of a connection to the trusted network.

By default, the TrustedConnect Panel is automatically minimized to the notification area (systray) after two seconds, when the workstation has been detected as being connected to the trusted network (either physically or through the VPN tunnel).

You can set the time delay before the VPN Client's HMI is minimized, as well as the type of minimization. The TrustedConnect Panel can be minimized to the taskbar or to the notification area (systray, by default). These configurations must be made in the properties of the VPN Client installer.

 $rac{2}{2}$ Refer to the "Deployment Guide" for the corresponding instructions.

21.5 Purging logs

You can configure the number of days during which log files are kept. The default value is 10 days.

This configuration must be made in the properties of the VPN Client installer. Refer to the "Deployment Guide" for the corresponding instructions.

21.6 Behavior when a token/smart card is removed

You can configure the behavior of the TrustedConnect Panel when the token/smart card is removed from the reader while a VPN tunnel is open.

This configuration must be made in the properties of the VPN Client installer.

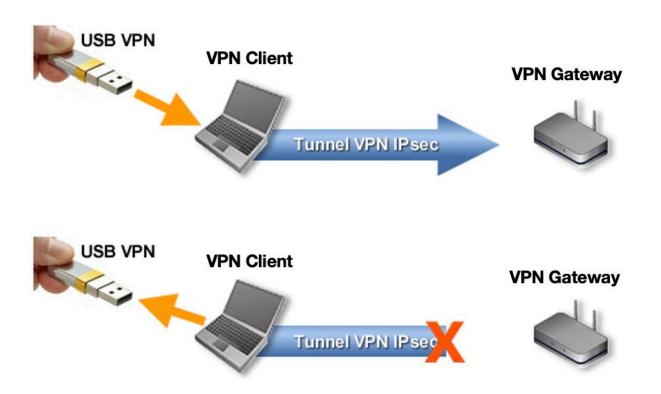
 $rac{2}{3}$ Refer to the "Deployment Guide" for the corresponding instructions.

22 USB mode

22.1 Overview

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client features a unique VPN connection management mode known as the USB mode.

In this mode, the VPN configuration is securely stored on a removable storage device (USB drive). No VPN security elements are stored on the workstation from which the VPN connection is opened. The VPN connection is established automatically as soon as the USB drive is inserted and closed when the USB drive is removed.



The following apply to the USB mode:

- No security elements are stored on the workstation from which the VPN connection is opened, as there is no VPN configuration on the workstation.
- The security elements are transported securely on the removable storage device (USB drive).
- The removable storage device can be a standard USB drive.
- The security elements are stored on the USB drive and protected with a password.
- The VPN connection automatically opens when the USB drive is inserted.
- The VPN connection automatically closes when the USB drive is removed.

Hereinafter, the USB drive containing the VPN configuration will be referred to as "VPN USB drive".

22.2 Configuring the USB mode

The USB mode is configured using the Configuration Wizard available from the "Configuration > Move to USB Drive" menu of the Configuration Panel.

Conf	figuration	Tools	?	
	Save			Ctrl+S
	Import			
	Export			
	Move to U	ISB Driv	e	
	Wizard			
	Quit			

Step 1: Choosing a USB drive

Screen 1 allows you to choose the removable storage device (USB drive) to use to protect the VPN configuration. If a drive is already inserted, it is automatically displayed in the list of available USB drives. Otherwise, simply insert the selected USB drive at this stage. It will be detected automatically as soon as it is inserted.

No USB drive inserted

USB drive already inserted

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×	TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise ×
USB Mode Wizard	1/4	USB Mode Wizard 1/4
You are going to move your VPN Configuration from your computer to USB Drive. Plug in an USB Drive now for automatic detection or Select below the USB Drive if the USB Drive is already plugged in:	o an	You are going to move your VPN Configuration from your computer to an USB Drive. Plug in an USB Drive now for automatic detection or Select below the USB Drive if the USB Drive is already plugged in:
US8 Drive:		USB Drive: F: V
<u>N</u> ext > Qu	it	<u>N</u> ext > Quit



Step 2: Protecting the VPN configuration in USB mode

The following two protections are available:

1/ Pairing with the user's workstation:

The USB VPN configuration can be uniquely paired to the workstation from which it originates. In this case, the VPN USB drive can only be used on this workstation. On the other hand, if the USB drive is not paired with a specific workstation, the VPN USB drive can be used on any workstation equipped with the VPN Client.

2/ Password protection:

The USB VPN configuration can be password-protected. In this case, the password will be required every time the VPN USB drive is inserted.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
USB Mode Wizard 2/4	
Your VPN Configuration is going to be moved on the USB Drive: F:	
Do you allow this USB Drive to be used:	
On any computer Protect the VPN Configuration on the USB Drive with a password:	
Password:	
< <u>P</u> revious <u>N</u> ext > Quit	

Step 3: Automatically opening the tunnel

The wizard allows you to configure which VPN connections are opened automatically every time the VPN USB drive is inserted.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
USB Mode Wizard 3/4	
Select the tunnel below if you want it to be automatically opened when the VPN USB Drive is plugged-in:	
Automatically open when VPN USB Drive is plugged-in:	
TgbTest - TgbTest	
Note: The tunnel will also automatically close when the VPN USB Drive is unplugged.	
< <u>P</u> revious <u>N</u> ext > Quit	

Step 4: Summary

The summary gives you the opportunity to check whether the VPN USB drive has been properly configured.

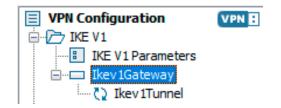
Once this final step is confirmed, the workstation's VPN configuration is transferred onto the USB drive. It remains enabled for as long as the USB drive is inserted. When the VPN USB drive is removed, the VPN Client will revert to an empty VPN configuration.

22.3 Using the USB mode

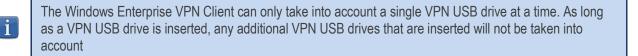
After starting the Windows Enterprise VPN Client, regardless of whether a VPN configuration is loaded, insert the VPN USB drive. The following information window is automatically displayed:

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	
A VPN USB Drive was just plugged-in. Do you want to switch to VPN USB Mode?	
OK Cancel	

Once the prompt has been confirmed, the USB VPN configuration is loaded automatically and, where appropriate, the corresponding tunnel(s) is (are) opened automatically. A "USB mode" icon is shown in the top-right corner of the tree on the Configuration Panel when the USB mode is enabled:



The VPN connections running in USB mode automatically close when the VPN USB drive is removed. The VPN configuration contained in the USB drive is removed from the workstation. (If a VPN configuration had already been set on the workstation before the USB drive was inserted, it will be restored in the software.)



The import function is disabled in USB mode.

The VPN configuration can be edited in USB mode. Any changes made to the VPN configuration are saved to the VPN USB drive.

The VPN Client does not provide any function to directly change the password or the pairing with a workstation.

In order to change these parameters, follow the steps below:

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- 1/ Insert the VPN USB drive.
- 2/ Export the VPN configuration.
- 3/ Remove the VPN USB drive.
- 4/ Import the VPN configuration exported in step 2.
- 5/ Reload the USB mode wizard with this configuration and the desired new parameters.

23 GINA mode

23.1 Overview

The GINA mode allows you to open VPN connections before the Windows logon. This function can, for example, create a secure connection to an access rights management server so that the user workstation access rights can be obtained before opening a user session.

When a tunnel is configured "in GINA mode", the following two situations are possible:

- 1/ If the VPN Client is configured to start up in "TrustedConnect" mode (see section Options, General tab), then the TrustedConnect Panel will be displayed on the Windows logon screen and the VPN Client tries to automatically connect to the trusted network.
- 2/ Otherwise, a window allowing you to open a tunnel that is similar to the Connection Panel will be displayed on the Windows logon screen. It allows you to open a VPN tunnel manually or automatically.

📀 TheGreenBow	VPN Enterprise X
THEGE	REENBOW
VPN	ENTERPRISE
TgbTest-TgbTest	Open 🔮
VPN Client ready	

23.2 Configuring the GINA mode

If two tunnels are configured in GINA mode and one of the two is set to open automatically, it may happen that both tunnels will open automatically.

Configuring the GINA mode for a VPN connection is done on the "Automation" tab of the relevant tunnel.

Gina mode —		
dina moue		

Enable before Windows logon.

Automatically open this tunnel when Gina starts at logon

23.3 Using the GINA mode

When the VPN tunnel is configured in GINA mode, the window used to open GINA tunnels is displayed on the Windows logon screen. The tunnel will open automatically if it is configured accordingly.

A GINA-mode VPN tunnel can perfectly implement an EAP authentication (users must enter their login name and password) or a certificate-based authentication (users must enter the PIN code required to access the smart card).

Security considerations

A tunnel configured in GINA mode can be opened before Windows logon, i.e. by any user of the workstation. We therefore strongly recommend that you set up a strong authentication method that is certificate-based and, if possible, stored on a removable device.

For the "Automatically open this tunnel on traffic detection" option to be operational after Windows logon, the "Enable before Windows logon" option must not be checked.



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Limitation: Scripts and USB mode are not available for VPN tunnels configure in GINA mode.

A VPN tunnel configured with a certificate stored in the Windows Certificate Store will not work in GINA mode. The reason for this is that the GINA mode is run before a Windows user is identified (prior to opening any session). Therefore, the software cannot identify the user store to use in the Windows Certificate Store.

24 Options

24.1 Displaying/hiding the interface

Using the options listed in the "View" tab of the "Options" window, you can hide all the software's interfaces by removing the items "Console", "Connection Panel" and "Configuration Panel" from the taskbar menu. The taskbar menu can therefore be reduced to the single item "Quit".

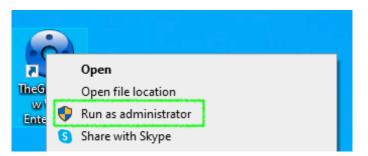
The taskbar menu's "Quit" item cannot be removed using the software. However, it can be deleted using the installation options (see "Deployment Guide").

The pop-up window that appears when a tunnel is opened or closed can also be hidden ("Don't show the systray sliding popup" option).

😨 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise 🛛 🗙
Options
View General Logs Management PKI Options Language
Show in systray menu Console Connection Panel Configuration Panel Quit
Systray sliding popup Don't show the systray sliding popup Lock access to Configuration Panel
Restrict access to Configuration Panel to administrator
OK Cancel

In the Windows Enterprise VPN Client, the interface of the Configuration Panel is restricted to administrators, by default. To give users access to the Configuration Panel, uncheck the "Restrict access to Configuration Panel to administrators" option.

To start the VPN Client in administrator mode, right-click the TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise icon and then select the "Run as administrator" menu item.



24.2 General

📀 The	eGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
Opti	ions	
View	General Logs Management PKI Options Language	
VP	N Client start mode	
	☑ automatically after Windows logon	
	in TrustedConnect mode	
Mis	scellaneous	
	Disable detection of network interface disconnection.	
	Show connection popup	
	Show more parameters	
	OK Cancel	

VPN Client startup mode

If the option "automatically after Windows logon" is checked, the VPN Client will start automatically when the user session is opened.

If the option is not checked, the user must start the VPN Client manually, either by double-clicking on the desktop icon or by selecting the software in the Windows "Start" menu.

 $rac{2}{2}$ Refer to section 6.2 Starting the software.

If the "in TrustedConnect mode" option is also checked, the VPN Client will start up showing the TrustedConnect Panel. Otherwise, the VPN Client will start up showing the Connection Panel.

Disabling detection of network interface disconnection

The standard behavior of the VPN Client is to close the VPN tunnel at its end as soon as a communication issue is encountered on the remote VPN gateway.

For unreliable physical networks prone to frequent micro-disconnections, this function can have drawbacks (which can go as far as not being able to open a VPN tunnel).

By checking the "Disable detection of network interface disconnection" box, the VPN Client won't close tunnels as soon as a disconnection is observed. This guarantees a very stable VPN tunnel, even on unreliable physical networks, typically wireless networks such as Wi-Fi, 4G, 5G or satellite.

Show connection popup

A connection window will be displayed automatically every time a VPN connection is established. This feature can be disabled by unchecking the "Show connection popup" box.

Displaying more parameters

If required, the Windows Enterprise VPN Client allows you to configure additional parameters, which are not documented in this document.

Under certain circumstances, the TheGreenBow support team may offer to add additional parameters (Name, Value) that will allow you to manage specific use cases, either on the version of the installed software or in patches that will be provided to you.

To enable the "More Parameters" tab in the VPN tunnel configuration window as shown below, check the "Show more parameters" option.

😨 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise		—	×
Configuration Tools ?			
THEGREENBOW	Secure Connections		
	TgbTest: IKE Auth		
VPN Configuration	Authentication Protocol Gateway Certificate More Parameters Dynamic additional parameters: Use the edition table below to specify additional parameters. Name Value Name Value Add Name Value Value Name Value Value		
 VPN Client ready 	Trace Mode is ON (Ctrl+Alt+T)		

24.3 Managing logs

∠ Refer to section 25.1 Administrator logs.

24.4 PKI options

The "PKI Options" tab is used to fine-tune token and smart card management and to further specify certificate access.

PKI options include the following:

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- Configuring rules for gateway certificate verification (validity, CRL, key usage)
- Specifying the certificate that the VPN Client must use to open a VPN tunnel
- Defining the token or smart card reader to use on the user workstation

When deploying the software, all these options can be preconfigured when the Windows Enterprise VPN Client is installed. This mechanism is described in the document entitled "Deployment Guide".

😧 TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise	×
Options	
View General Logs Management PKI Options Language	
Certificate Check	
 Check gateway certificate signature Check certificate chain with CRL Certs of Gateway and Client are issued by different CA Only use authentication certificate (Key usage contains "digitalSignature" attribute) Certificate Access Force PKCS#11 interface usage Use the first certificate found 	
Token/SmartCard Reader choice	
O Use the token or SC reader configured in the VPN Config	
\bigcirc Use the first token or SC reader found on this computer	
Ouse the token or SC reader configured in vpnconf.ini file	
OK Cance	el

Certificate Check

Check gateway certificate signature	When this option is selected, the VPN gateway certificate is checked (including its validity date), as well as all certificates in the certificate chain down to the root certificate.
	Security advisory: When this option is selected, the subject of the gateway certificate must be entered in the Remote ID of the tunnel concerned to prevent vulnerability <u>2018</u> 7293 from being exploited.
Check certificate chain with CRL	When this option is selected, the Certificate Revocation List (CRL) of the VPN gateway certificate is checked, as well as the CRL of all certificates in the certificate chain down to the root certificate.
	The root and intermediate certificates must be imported into the configuration or available in the Windows Certificate Store. Likewise, the CRLs must also be accessible, either in the Windows Certificate Store or available for download.
Certs of Gateway and Client are issued by different CA	If the VPN Client and the VPN gateway use certificates from a different certification authority, this box must be checked.
Only use authentication certificate	When this option is checked, the VPN Client will only take into account "Authentication" certificates (i.e. certificates whose "key usage" extension contains the "digitalSignature" attribute). This function allows you to automatically select a certificate when several are stored on the same smart card or token. The checkbox is grayed out when the KEYUSAGE property is set to 2 or 3 during installation (refer to the "Deployment Guide".

Force PKCS#11 interface usage The VPN Client knows how to handle the PKCS#11 and CNG APIs in order to access the certificate for smart cards or tokens. When this option is checked, the VPN Client will only consider the PKCS#11 API to access the certificate for smart card readers and tokens. Use the first certificate found

Use the first certificate found When this option is checked, the VPN Client will use the first certificate found on the specified smart card reader or token.

Token/Smart Card Reader choice

Use the token/SC reader configured in the VPN Config.	The VPN Client uses the readers or tokens specified in the VPN configuration file to search for a certificate.
Use the first token or SC reader found on this computer	The VPN Client uses the first smart card reader or token found on the workstation to search for a certificate.

Use the token or SC reader configured in vpnconf.ini file The VPN Client uses the vpnconf.ini configuration file to identify the smart card readers or tokens to use to search for a certificate.

Since the use of the vpnconf.ini file only applies to the PKCS#11 interface, this option requires that the "Force PKCS#11 interface usage" option be selected.

24.5 Managing languages

24.5.1 Choosing a language

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client can run in several languages. You can change languages while running the software.

To choose another language, open the "Tools > Options" menu, then select the "Language" tab. Choose the desired language in the drop-down menu:

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View	General	Logs Management	PKI Options	Language	
Cł	noose the s	software language:			
		English	~	/	
	ø	Edit language			

The list of languages available in the standard version of the software is provided in an appendix in section 28.4 Technical data of the Windows Standard VPN Client.

24.5.2 Editing or creating a language

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client lets you create new translations or edit the language used, then test these changes dynamically through an integrated translation tool.

In the "Language" tab, click the "Edit language..." link to display the translation window:

0	TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise		- 0	×
E	dit language: [eng.	.dll]		
Tł	nis dialog enables to edit, modify, loa	d and save the language of the software.		
		5.5		
	Save Apply Sub	mit	Find	
	ID	Original	Translation	
D	IDS ABOUTBOX	&About	8About	IJ
1	IDS ANY	Any	Any	
2	IDS SAVE CONFIG	Save VPN Configuration	Save VPN Configuration	
3	IDS WARNING	Warning	Warning	
1	IDS_MSG_P2_VIRTIP	Warning: Phase2 "%s":\n\nThe VPN Client addr	Warning: Phase2 "%s":\n\nThe VPN Client address	
5	IDS_MSG_BADSECTIONGENERAL	Error in section [General] of the configuration file.	Error in section [General] of the configuration file.	
5	IDS_MSG_BADSECTIONPHASE1	Error in section [Phase1] of the configuration file.	Error in section [Phase1] of the configuration file.	
7	IDS_MSG_WRONGSIGNATURE	Configuration file signature corrupted!	Configuration file signature corrupted!	
3	IDS MSG ERRORLOADING	Error while loading VPN Configuration file	Error while loading VPN Configuration file	
)	IDS_CONFIG_ERROR	Code 100: Unable to load VPN policy.	Code 100: Unable to load VPN policy.	
10	IDS_NAMEERROR	Unable to find the name of the computer. InGet	Unable to find the name of the computer. \nGetCo	
11	IDS_TREE_ROOT	VPN Configuration	VPN Configuration	
12	IDS_TREE_FIREWALL	VPN Firewall	VPN Firewall	
13	IDS_TREE_GENERAL	IKE V1 Parameters	IKE V1 Parameters	
14	IDS_SOCKETS_INIT_FAILED	Error initializing Winsocket.	Error initializing Winsocket.	
15	IDS ADDRESSES	Addresses	Addresses	
16	IDS_AUTHENTICATION	Authentication	Authentication	
17	IDS ENCRYPTION	Encryption	Encuration	

The translation window is split into 4 columns, which display the number of the character string, its identifier, its string in the original language and its translation in the selected language respectively.

Using the translation window, you can perform the following actions:

- 1/ Translate each character string by clicking on the corresponding row.
- 2/ Search for a specific character string in any column of the table (use the "Find" field then the "F3" key to browse through every occurrence of the character string you have entered).
- 3/ Save the changes ("Save" button).

Any language you have edited or created is saved in a ".Ing" file.

- 4/ Immediately apply changes to the software: this function lets you assess the relevance of any character string and ensure that it is properly displayed in real time ("Apply" button).
- 5/ Send a new translation to TheGreenBow ("Submit" button).

The name of the currently edited language file will appear as a reminder in the header of the translation window.

Any translation sent to TheGreenBow will be checked, published on <u>TheGreenBow</u>'s website, and then included in the software, usually in the official release following receipt of the translation.

The characters or character strings below must not be modified during translation:

- "%s" the software will replace it by a character string
- "%d" the software will replace it by a number
- "\n" indicates a carriage return
- "&" indicates that the following character must be underlined

"%m-%d-%Y" indicates a date format (in this case US format: month-day-year).

Only edit this field if you are certain of the format used in the target language.

The string "IDS_SC_P11_3" must be left as is.

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25 Administrator logs, console, and traces

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client comes equipped with three types of logs:

- 1/ "Administrator" logs are specifically designed for software activity and usage reports.
- 2/ The "Console" provides detailed information on the tunnels as well as the related opening and closing steps. It essentially consists of the IKE messages and provides high-level information about the establishment of the VPN tunnel. It is intended for administrators to identify possible VPN connection issues.
- 3/ The "Trace" mode makes every component of the software write an activity log about its inner workings. This mode is intended for TheGreenBow support to diagnose software issues.

25.1 Administrator logs

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client can collect "administrator" logs: tunnel opening, expired certificate, connection duration, wrong login/password, changes to the VPN configuration, import or export of this configuration, etc. "Administrator" logs provide a first level of analysis for any issues that may be encountered.

The following actions can be performed on collected logs either exclusively or simultaneously:

- Store in a local file
- Record in the Windows Event Log
- Send to a Syslog server in syslog format

Administrator logs are configured in the "Tools > Options..." window on the "Logs management" tab.

TheGreenBow VPN Enterprise			
Options			
View General Logs Management PKI Options Language			
Syslog destination			
Choose below where to send syslog information:			
∠ Local log file			
Syslog server			
IP or DNS Address:			
Syslog UDP Port: 514			
Windows Event Viewer			
OK Cancel			

Event Viewer		– 🗆 X
Event Viewer (Local)	TheGreenBowVpn Number of events: 3	Actions
 Windows Logs Applications and Services Lo Autodesk REX Hardware Events Internet Explorer Key Management Service Microsoft Microsoft Office Alerts Microsoft Microsoft MoreorSSH TheGreenBowVpn Windows PowerShell Subscriptions 	Level Date and Time Source Event ID Task Ca Information 27/03/2021 17:37:26 TGBLogs 3004 IKE	TheGreenBowVpn Open Saved Log Create Custom View Import Custom View Clear Log Filter Current Log Properties Min Save All Events As Attach a Task To this Log View Refresh Help
	Event 2011, TGBLogs	Event 2011, TGBLogs
	General Details GUI opens tunnel (source: user).	Copy
	Log Name: TheGreenBowVpn Source: TGBLogs Logged: 27/03/2021 1 Event ID: 2011 Task Category: GUI	i Help →

Administrator logs are listed in section 28.2 Administrator logs in the appendixes.

When administrator logs are stored in a local file, the path to these logs is the "System" sub-directory in the logging directory: "C:\ProgramData\TheGreenBow\TheGreenBow VPN\LogFiles\System". Read access to this directory is available in all modes, but write access is only available in Administrator

25.2 Console

mode.

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Access the Console using either of the following methods:

- "Tools > Console" menu in the Configuration Panel (main interface)
- CTRL+D shortcut when the Configuration Panel is open
- From the software's taskbar menu, choose "Console"

Save Stop Clear Reset IKE 20210327 16:59:51:740 Default IKE daemon is removing SAs 20210327 16:59:51:741 No SSL configuration 20210327 16:59:51:745 TIKEV2_TgbTest configuration OK 20210327 16:59:51:758 Default reinitializing daemon 20210327 16:59:52:033 Default (SA Ikev 1Gateway-Ikev 1Tunnel-P2) is opening. 20210327 16:59:52:127 Default (SA Ikev 1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] 20210327 16:59:57:228 Default (SA Ikev 1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID]	-
20210327 16:59:51:741 No SSL configuration 20210327 16:59:51:745 TIKEV2_TgbTest configuration OK 20210327 16:59:51:758 Default reinitializing daemon 20210327 16:59:52:033 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-Ikev1Tunnel-P2) is opening. 20210327 16:59:52:127 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID]	'
20210327 17:00:02:308 Default (SA Ikev 1Gateway P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID	
20210327 17:37:26:447 No SSL configuration 20210327 17:37:26:452 TIKEV2_TgbTest configuration OK 20210327 17:37:26:458 Default reinitializing daemon 20210327 17:37:26:868 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-Ikev1Tunnel-P2) is opening. 20210327 17:37:26:956 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] 20210327 17:37:26:956 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] 20210327 17:37:32:063 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] 20210327 17:37:37:156 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] 20210327 17:37:42:249 Default (SA Ikev1Gateway-P1) SEND phase 1 Main Mode [SA] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] [VID] 20210327 17:37:42:308 Default transport_send_messages: giving up on message 00000181B900CE90 Image: Trace Mode is ON (Ctrl+Alt+T)	

The Console has the following functions:

- Save: Saves all the traces displayed in the window into a file
- Start/Stop: Starts/stops a console log
- Clear: Clears the contents of the window
- Reset IKE: Restarts the IKE service

25.3 Trace mode

Trace mode is enabled using the following shortcut: CTRL+ALT+T

You do not need to restart the software when you enable the trace mode.

When the trace mode is enabled, every component of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client generates activity logs. The logs produced are stored in a folder that you can access by clicking the blue "folder" icon located in the status bar of the Configuration Panel (main interface).



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Logs can only be enabled on the Configuration Panel and access to the Configuration Panel can be restricted to administrators.

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Even though logs do not contain any sensitive information, we recommend that, if enabled by the administrator, said administrator ensures that they are disabled and, if possible, deleted when quitting the software.

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Trace logs are kept for 10 days. The software automatically deletes any older files.

When stored in a local file, "administrator" logs are not deleted.

26 Security recommendations

26.1 Assumptions

To maintain a proper security level, the operating conditions and usages listed below must be observed:

- 1/ The system and network administrator as well as the security administrator, respectively tasked with installing the software and defining the VPN security policies, are nonhostile. They are trained to carry out the tasks for which they are responsible and follow administrative manuals and procedures.
- 2/ The security administrator regularly ensures that the product's configuration is in line with the one that he or she has set up and performs the necessary updates when necessary.
- 3/ Users of the software are nonhostile and have been properly trained on how to use it. More specifically, users execute the tasks for which they are responsible to ensure proper operation of the product and do not reveal the information used for their authentication with the VPN gateway.
- 4/ The user workstation is safe and properly administered. It is equipped with an up-to-date antivirus software and is protected by a firewall.
- 5/ Bi-keys and certificates used to open the VPN tunnel are generated by a trustworthy certification authority that guarantees compliance with management rules for these cryptographic elements and, more specifically, with the specifications laid out by your local cybersecurity agency, e.g. [RGS_B1] and [RGS_B2] in France (only available in French).
- 6/ The product's logging function is enabled and properly configured. Administrators are responsible for regularly reviewing the logs.

26.2 User workstation

The machine on which the Windows Enterprise VPN Client is installed and run must be clean and properly administered. More specifically:

- 1/ Antivirus software must be installed, and its signature database must be updated on a regular basis.
- 2/ It must be protected by a firewall that controls (partitions or filters) the workstation's inbound and outbound communications that do not go through the VPN Client.
- 3/ Its operating system is up to date with the various security patches.
- 4/ Its configuration is such that it is protected against local attacks (memory forensics, patch, or binary corruption).

Configuration recommendations to strengthen the workstation are available on the ANSSI website (in French), such as the following (the list is non-exhaustive):

- <u>Computer health guide</u> (Guide d'hygiène informatique, document only available in French)
- <u>Configuration guide</u> (Guide de configuration, document only available in French)
- <u>Password</u> (Mot de passe, document only available in French)

26.3 VPN Client administration

The Windows Enterprise VPN Client is designed to be installed and configured with "administrator" privileges and then to be used with "user" privileges only.

We recommend that you protect access to the VPN configuration with a password and restrict the software's visibility to end users (default behavior of the Windows Enterprise VPN Client) as detailed in section 24.1 Displaying/hiding the interface.

The software must therefore be run as administrator to be able to access the Configuration Panel. We recommend keeping the "Start VPN Client after Windows Logon" mode enabled, which is the default mode upon installation. Lastly, please note that the Windows Enterprise VPN Client will apply the same VPN configuration to all users of a multipleuser workstation. We therefore recommend running the software on a dedicated workstation (for instance by keeping an administrator account and a user account, as mentioned above).

26.4 VPN configuration

26.4.1 Sensitive information in the VPN configuration

We recommend that you do not store any sensitive data in the VPN configuration file.

In this regard, we recommend that you do not use the following features of the software:

- 1/ Do not use the EAP (password/login) mode alone, but only in combination with a certificate.
- 2/ If EAP is used, do not store the EAP login name/password in the VPN configuration (function described in section 13.4.1 IKE Auth: IKE SA, paragraph entitled Authentication).
- 3/ Do not import any certificates to the VPN configuration (function described in section 18.2 Importing a certificate) and preferably use certificates stored on removable devices (tokens) or in the Windows Certificate Store.
- 4/ Do not use the "Preshared key" mode (function described in section 13.4.1 IKE Auth: IKE SA") and preferably use the "Certificate" mode with certificates stored on removable media (tokens) or in the Windows Certificate Store.
- 5/ Do not export the VPN configuration without encrypting it, i.e. not password-protected (function described in section 12.2 Exporting a VPN configuration).

26.4.2 Authenticating users

The user authentication functions available in the Windows Enterprise VPN Client are described below, from the weakest to the strongest.

It should be noted that preshared key authentication, despite being easy to implement, enables any user of the workstation to establish a VPN tunnel without cross-checking their authentication.

Type of user authentication	Strength
Preshared key	Weak
EAP	
ЕАР рорир	
Certificate stored in the VPN configuration	
Certificate in the Windows Certificate Store	
Certificate on a smart card or token	Strong

26.4.3 Authenticating the VPN gateway

We recommend that you implement a check on the VPN gateway certificate as described in section 24.4 PKI options.

26.4.4 Protocol

We recommend that you only configure IKEv2 tunnels.

26.4.5 "All through the tunnel" and "split tunneling" modes

We recommend that you configure the VPN tunnel using the "All traffic through the tunnel" mode and enable the "Disable Split Tunneling" mode.

→ Refer to sections 13.4.6 Child SA: Child SA and 13.4.7 Child SA: Advanced).

26.4.6 GINA mode

We recommended that you choose a strong authentication method for all tunnels configured in GINA mode.

26.4.7 ANSSI recommendations

The recommendations described above can be complemented by French National Cybersecurity Agency's (ANSSI) IPsec configuration document: <u>Recommendations for securing IPsec networks</u>.

27 Contact

27.1 Information

All the information on TheGreenBow products is available on our website: https://thegreenbow.com/

27.2 Sales

Phone: +33.1.43.12.39.30 E-mail: <u>sales@thegreenbow.com</u>

27.3 Support

There are several pages related to the software's technical support on TheGreenBow's website:

Online help

https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/online-support/

FAQ

https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/frequently-asked-questions/

Contact form

Technical support can be reached using the form on our website at the following address: https://www.thegreenbow.com/en/support/online-support/technical-support/

28 Appendixes

28.1 Shortcuts

Connection Panel

- ESC
- Closes the window - CTRL+ENTER Opens the Configuration Panel (main interface)
- The Up and Down arrow keys are used to select a VPN connection - Arrow keys
- CTRL+O Opens the selected VPN connection
- CTRL+W Closes the selected VPN connection

Configuration Panel tree

- F2 Used to edit the name of the selected Phase
- DEL Deletes a selected phase, if any, after confirmation by the user If the actual configuration is selected (root of the tree), the software asks whether a full reset of the configuration should be performed.
- CTRL+O Opens the corresponding VPN tunnel if a Phase 2 is selected
- Closes the corresponding VPN tunnel if a Phase 2 is selected - CTRL+W
- CTRL+C Copies the selected phase to the clipboard
- Pastes (adds) the Phase copied to the clipboard - CTRL+V
- CTRL+N If the VPN Configuration is selected, creates a new phase 1, or creates a new phase 2 for the selected phase 1
- CTRL+S Saves the VPN configuration

Configuration Panel

- CTRL+ENTER Switches to the Connection Panel
- Opens the "Console" window with VPN traces - CTRL+D
- CTRL+ALT+R Restarts the IKE service
- CTRL+ALT+T Enables the trace mode (log generation)
- CTRL+S Saves the VPN configuration

28.2 Administrator logs

ID Log define	ID Log value	Severity	Log string
LOGID_STARTERINIT	1001	Notice	Starter service is started.
LOGID_VPNCONFSTARTING	2001	Notice	GUI is starting.
LOGID_VPNCONFSTOPPED	2002	Notice	GUI has closed.
LOGID PWDSET	2004	Info	Admin password has been changed.
LOGID PWDCHECK	2005	Error/Info	Admin password has been verified (status %d).
LOGID_PWDRESET	2006	Warning	Admin password has been reset.
LOGID_TGBIKESTARTED	3001	Notice	IKE has started (status %d).
LOGID_TGBIKESTOPPED	3002	Notice	IKE has stopped.
LOGID_TUNNELOPEN	3004	Info	Tunnel %s is asked to open.
LOGID_VPNCONFCRASHED	2003	Notice	GUI crashed (state %d).
LOGID_TGBIKECRASHED	3003	Notice	IKE crashed (state %d).
LOGID STARTERSTOP	1002	Notice	Starter service is stopped.
LOGID_RESETIKE	2007	Warning	IKE is asked to reset.
LOGID_VPNCONFSTARTED	2008	Notice	GUI has started from user %s.
LOGID_VPNCONFSTOPPING	2009	Notice	GUI is stopping from user %s.
LOGID_VPNCONFLOADERROR	2010	Error	Configuration couldn't load (reason: %s).
LOGID VPNCONFOPENTUNNEL	2011	Info	GUI opens tunnel (source: %s).
LOGID VPNCONFCLOSETUNNEL	2012	Info	GUI closes tunnel (source: %s).
LOGID VPNCONFSAVE	2012	Notice	New configuration is saved.
LOGID_VPNCONFIMPORT	2014	Info	%s has been imported.
LOGID VPNCONFIMPORTERR	2015	Error	%s could not be imported (status %d).
LOGID_VPNCONFEXPORT	2016	Info	%s has been exported.
LOGID_TOKENINSERT	2017	Info	Token %s has been inserted.
LOGID_TOKENEXTRACT	2018	Info	Token %s has been extracted.
LOGID_USBINSERT	2010	Info	USB Key has been inserted
LOGID_USBEXTRACT	2020	Info	USB Key has been extracted
LOGID_INSTALLATION	2020	Info	VPN running for the 1st time.
LOGID_UPDATE	2022	Info	VPN software has been updated to version %s.
LOGID_VERSION	2022	Info	VPN Version is %s.
LOGID_GINASTARTED	4001	Notice	GINA has started.
LOGID_GINASTOPPING	4002	Notice	GINA is stopping.
LOGID_GINAOPENTUNNEL	4003	Info	GINA opens tunnel (source: %s).
LOGID_GINACLOSETUNNEL	4004	Info	GINA closes tunnel (source: %s).
LOGID_TUNNELAUTH_OK	3005	Info	Tunnel authentication Ok (%s).
LOGID_TUNNELTRAFIC_OK	3006	Info	Tunnel %s Ok
LOGID_TUNNELAUTH_NOK	3007	Error	Tunnel authentication failed (reason %d).
LOGID_TUNNELTRAFIC_NOK	3008	Error	Tunnel %s failed (reason %d).
LOGID_AUTHREKEYING	3009	Info	Tunnel %s initiated rekey (source %d).
LOGID_AUTHREKEYED	3010	Info	Tunnel %s rekeyed.
LOGID_TUNNELREKEYING	3011	Info	Tunnel %s initiated rekey (source %d).
LOGID_TUNNELREKEYED	3012	Info	Tunnel %s rekeyed.
LOGID_PINCODE	3013	Notice/Error	Pin code is entered (status %d).
LOGID_PRIVERNOK	3013	Critical	Driver could not be loaded (status %d).
LOGID_IKEEXT_STOP	1003	Warning	IKEEXT service is stopped.
LOGID_IKEEXT_RESTART	1004	Notice	IKEEXT service is restarted.
LOGID_IKEEXT_ERROR	1005	Critical	IKEEXT could not be stopped (status %d).
SYSTEMLOGID_VIRTIFOK	3015	Info	Virtual interface created successfully (instance %d).
SYSTEMLOGID_VIRTIFNOK	3016	Error	Virtual interface could not be created (error %d).
LOGID_TUNNELCLOSED	3017	Notice	%s tunnel successfully closed (%d min).
LOGID_TUNNELCLOSED_ERR	3018	Error	%s tunnel closed unexpectedly (%d).
LOGID_CERTERROR	3019	Error	Error %d when handling certificate %s.
LOGID_TUNNELDATA_UL	3020	Info	% bytes sent inside the tunnel.
LOGID_TUNNELDATA_DL	3021	Info	% bytes received inside the tunnel.
	0021		

28.3 TrustedConnect Panel diagnostics

The TrustedConnect Panel informs the user of any issues that may have occurred while establishing the VPN connection by displaying an error code.

These error codes, their diagnosis and possible solutions are detailed below. This list allows administrators to find possible answers to any issues that users may encounter and report.

Code	Diagnostics	Solution
0	VPN configuration issue VPN connection not found in configuration	• Make sure that the tgbvpn.conf file is available in the VPN Client installation directory.
1	Issue with a certificate The VPN configuration uses a certificate whose private key cannot be found.	 Check the VPN Client's configuration and any possible associated authentication devices (token, smart card, Windows CertStore, etc.). Reimport the VPN configuration and then reimport the certificate concerned. Create a ticket and send it to <u>support@thegreenbow.com</u> making sure to attach all log files.
3	Configuration issue The message "No proposal chosen" has been received during an IKE exchange: the cryptographic algorithm suite configured for the IKE_SA_INIT sequence does not match the one configured on the gateway.	 Verify that the cryptographic algorithm suite for THE IKE_SA_INIT sequence of the VPN connection matches that of the gateway (refer to IKE Auth in the Configuration Panel).
4	Configuration issue The message "No proposal chosen" has been received during an IKE exchange: the cryptographic algorithm suite of the ESP protocol does not match the one configured on the gateway.	 Verify that the cryptographic algorithm suite of the ESP protocol (refer to Child SA in the Configuration Panel) matches that of the gateway.
5	Cannot access gateway The gateway address ("Remote Router Address") specified in the VPN configuration is not reachable. If it is an IP address, it cannot be found or cannot be reached. If it is a DNS address it may be inaccessible, indefinite, or cannot be resolved.	 Check the address of the gateway/remote workstation. For example, try "pinging" this address.
6	Configuration issue The message "Remote ID other than expected" has been received. This means that the value of the "Remote ID" does not match the value expected by the remote VPN gateway.	 Make sure that the "Local ID" parameter on the VPN client's Protocol tab matches the Remote ID of the remote gateway (or workstation). Caution: The Remote ID on the router is the Local ID on the VPN Client and vice versa.
7	Gateway certificate Checking the certificate chain of the certificate received from the VPN gateway is enabled. The gateway certificate chain could not be validated.	 Check the gateway certificate expiration date. Check the validity start date of the gateway certificate. Check the signatures of all certificates in the certificate chain (including root certificate, intermediate certificates, and gateway certificate). Check whether the CRLs of all certificate issuers in the certificate chain are up to date.

		 Make sure that none of the certificates concerned have been revoked in the corresponding CRL lists. Make sure that the root certificate and all certificates in the certificate chain (root certification authority and intermediate certification authorities) are available in the Windows Certificate Store on the workstation. Make sure that the CRLs of the various certification authorities are available in the Windows Certificate can be downloaded when the VPN connection is opened.
9	No response from gateway The VPN Client has abandoned the connection, most often after several connection attempts.	• Check whether the gateway is still accessible from the workstation.
10	Authentication issue The gateway has declined the user's authentication credentials.	 Check the user certificate. Check that the Local ID on the Protocol tab of the Configuration Panel matches the value and type defined on the gateway. Caution: The Local ID on the VPN Client is the Remote ID on the router and vice versa. Check the logs on the remote gateway to get more information about this issue.
13	Configuration issue An error occurred while establishing the VPN connection. Establishing the VPN connection has been abandoned.	 Retrieve the user log files. They must be analyzed. Create a ticket and send it to <u>support@thegreenbow.com</u> making sure to attach all log files.
14	Network configuration An error occurred while creating the virtual interface used for the VPN connection.	 Retrieve the user log files. They must be analyzed. Create a ticket and send it to <u>support@thegreenbow.com</u> making sure to attach all log files.
15	Network configuration The virtual IP address assigned during the VPN connection already exists on one of the workstation's interfaces.	 Change the virtual IP address ("VPN Client address" parameter) specified in the VPN Client's configuration. Change the IP address provided by the gateway to the VPN Client.
16	Network configuration An error occurred while creating the virtual interface used for the VPN connection.	 Retrieve the user log files. They must be analyzed. Create a ticket and send it to <u>support@thegreenbow.com</u> making sure to attach all log files.
24	Configuration issue The gateway did not accept the cryptographic algorithm suite provided by the VPN Client.	 Make sure that the VPN Client's cryptographic algorithm suites match those of the gateway. Check the Local ID and Remote ID. Caution: The Local ID on the router is the Remote ID on the VPN Client and vice versa.
25	Configuration issue	 Make sure that the virtual IP address ("VPN Client address" parameter) specified in the VPN Client's configuration is acceptable at the gateway end.

	The gateway did not accept the remote network configured in the VPN Client or the virtual IP address provided by the VPN Client.	• Make sure that the remote network ("Remote network address" parameter) specified in the VPN Client's configuration is acceptable on the gateway end.
26	Configuration issue The VPN client provides its own traffic selectors, while the gateway is configured to provide them.	 Check the "Request configuration from the gateway" parameter in the "Child SA" tab.
27	Gateway error The gateway reported an error not supported by the VPN Client.	 Analyze the logs on the gateway end. Retrieve the user log files. They must be analyzed. Create a ticket and send it to <u>support@thegreenbow.com</u> making sure to attach all log files.
28	Login/password error The gateway has rejected the EAP authentication while establishing the VPN connection.	 Check the EAP authentication parameters in the VPN Client's configuration. Make sure that the user knows his or her credentials, should he or she need them while establishing the connection.
30	Smart card error Cannot access the certificate stored the on smart card.	• Check that the smart card hardware is correctly configured on the workstation, and that is accessible from the VPN Client.
31	Captive portal authentication timeout expired No session has been opened on the captive portal. The workstation therefore has no internet connectivity.	Click the Connect button in order to authenticate on the captive portal.
100	Cannot load the VPN configuration No VPN connection has been found in the configuration file.	• Make sure that at least one tunnel is configured in the Connection Panel. Go to Tools -> Connections Configuration, then add a tunnel and save the configuration.
101	GINA configuration error A tunnel is active before logon, but has not been configured to be used by the TrustedConnect Panel.	 Make sure that the tunnel which is active before logon is also configured in the Connection Panel. Go to Tools -> Connections Configuration, then add a tunnel and save the configuration.
102	IKE initialization error An error occurred while initializing the IKE daemon.	 Retrieve the user log files. Create a ticket and send it to <u>support@thegreenbow.com</u> making sure to attach all log files.
200	Software activation The software is not activated and the trial period has expired.	Retrieve the user log files.Check software activation.

28.4 Windows Enterprise VPN Client technical data

General

Windows version	Windows 10 64-bit
Languages	Arabic, Chinese (simplified), Czech, Danish, Dutch, English, Farsi, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hindi, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Russian, Serbian, Slovenian, Spanish, Thai, Turkish

Operating mode

Invisible mode	Automatically open tunnel when traffic is detected Control access to VPN configurations Hide part or all the interfaces
USB mode	No more VPN configurations stored on the workstation Open tunnel when a USB drive configured for VPN is inserted Automatically close tunnel when a USB drive configured for VPN is removed
Gina	Open a tunnel before Windows logon using: GINA/Credential providers on Windows 10
Scripts	Run configurable scripts when opening or closing a VPN tunnel
Remote Desktop Sharing	Open a remote computer with a single click via RDP and VPN tunnel
TrustedConnect Panel	Automatically open tunnel with Always-On and trusted network detection (TND)

Connection/Tunnel

Connection mode	Peer-to-gateway
Media	Ethernet, DSL, cable, Wi-Fi, 4G, 5G, satellite
Protocols	IPsec IKEv1 or IKEv2 (IKE based on OpenBSD 3.1 (ISAKMPD)) SSL Diffie-Hellman DH group 14 to 21
Tunneling modes	Main mode and Aggressive mode
Mode Config/Mode CP	Automatically retrieve network parameters from VPN gateway

Cryptography

Encryption	Symmetric: AES CBC/CTR/GCM 128/192/256 bits
	Asymmetric: RSA
	Diffie-Hellman: DH14 (MODP 2048), DH15 (MODP 3072), DH16 (MODP 4096), DH17 (MODP 6144), DH18 (MODP 8192), DH19 (ECP 256), DH20 (ECP 384), DH21 (ECP 521)
	Hash: SHA2-256, SHA2-384, SHA2-512
Authentication	Administrator: Protect access to the VPN configurations
	User: Statia as dunamia X. Auth (prompt quary time a tunnel is anonad)
	- Static or dynamic X-Auth (prompt every time a tunnel is opened)
	- Hybrid Authentication
	- Preshared key
	- EAP (MSCHAP-V2)
	- Multiple Auth
PKI	- Support for certificates in X.509 format: PKCS#12, PEM
	 Multiple media: Windows Certificate Store, smart card, token, configuration file Support for Certificate Revocation List (CRL)
	- Automatically detect a token/smart card according to criteria
	 Access tokens/smart cards in PKCS#11, CSP (IKEv1 only), or CNG format Check "Client" and "Gateway" certificates

Miscellaneous

NAT/NAT-Traversal	NAT-Traversal Draft 1 (enhanced), Draft 2, Draft 3 and RFC 3947, IP address emulation, includes support for: NAT_OA, NAT keepalive, NAT-T aggressive mode, NAT-T in forced, automatic or disabled mode
DPD	RFC3706. Detection of inactive IKE endpoints.
Redundant gateway	Redundant gateway management, automatically selected when DPD is triggered (inactive gateway)

Administration

Deployment	Silent installation using Microsoft Installer (MSI)
VPN configuration management	Import and export options for VPN configurations Secure import/export using passwords, encryption, and integrity control
Automation	Ability to open, close, and monitor a tunnel using command lines (batch and scripts) Ability to start and quit the software using batches
Logs and traces	IKE/IPsec and SSL/OpenVPN log console and trace mode can be enabled Administrator logs: local file, Windows Event Log, syslog server
Updates	Check for available updates from within the software
License and activation	Licenses available on a subscription basis, manual/automatic/silent activation

28.5 License and credits

Credits and references to third-party licenses.

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